BILL REQUEST - CODE REVISER'S OFFICE

BILL REQ. #: H-2302.1/99

ATTY/TYPIST: KT:rmh

BRIEF TITLE:

2 SHB 1210 - H AMD 0030 WITHDRAWN 03/10/99

3 By Representative

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- 5 On page 1, after line 18, insert the following:
- 6 "Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.030 and 1998 c 290 s 3 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
- Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
- (1) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department of corrections, means that the department is responsible for monitoring and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.
 - (2) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.
- 18 (3) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the 19 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in 20 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence 21 conditions.
- 22 (4) "Community custody" means that portion of an inmate's sentence 23 of confinement in lieu of earned early release time or imposed pursuant 24 to RCW 9.94A.120 (6), (8), or (10) served in the community subject to 25 controls placed on the inmate's movement and activities by the 26 department of corrections.
- (5) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release. Community placement may consist of entirely community custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.
- 34 (6) "Community service" means compulsory service, without 35 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 36 offender.

- (7) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a 1 2 convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 3 4 16.52.200(6) or 46.61.524. For first-time offenders, the supervision 5 may include crime-related prohibitions and other conditions imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120(5). For purposes of the interstate compact 6 7 for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 8 9.95.270, community supervision is the functional equivalent of 9 probation and should be considered the same as probation by other 10 states.
- 11 (8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement as defined in 12 this section.
- (9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 13 14 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and 15 acceptance of a plea of guilty.
- (10) "Court-ordered legal financial obligation" means a sum of 16 17 money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the 18 19 victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the 22 offender as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for 23 24 vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the 26 influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), 27 legal financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the conviction, subject to the provisions in RCW 38.52.430.

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- (11) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor compliance with the order of a court may be required by the department.
- (12) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in 38 39 federal court, or elsewhere. The history shall include, where known,

- 1 for each conviction (a) whether the defendant has been placed on 2 probation and the length and terms thereof; and (b) whether the 3 defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.
- 4 (13) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing judge that 5 equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the 6 reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the 7 offender and any dependents.
- 8 (14) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision 9 designed to monitor the defendant's daily activities and compliance 10 with sentence conditions, and in which the defendant is required to 11 report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the 12 sentencing judge.
- 13 (15) "Department" means the department of corrections.
- 14 (16) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with 15 exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the 16 17 number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender 18 19 through "earned early release" can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a 20 determinate sentence. 21
 - (17) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW.
 - (18) "Drug offense" means:

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35 (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of 36 a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a 37 controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);

- 1 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates 2 to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a 3 controlled substance; or
- 4 (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws 5 of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) 6 of this subsection.
 - (19) "Escape" means:

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- 8 (a) Escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the 9 second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough 10 (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the 12 department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or
- 13 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 14 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape 15 under (a) of this subsection.
- 16 (20) "Felony traffic offense" means:
- 17 (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 18 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit-19 and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or
- 20 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 21 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony 22 traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 23 (21) "Fines" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific 24 sum of money over a specific period of time to the court.
- 25 (22) "First-time offender" means any person who is convicted of a 26 felony (a) not classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under this chapter, or (b) that is not the manufacture, delivery, or 27 possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance 28 29 classified in Schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or flunitrazepam 30 classified in Schedule IV, nor the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts 31 of its isomers as defined in RCW 69.50.206(d)(2), nor the selling for 32 profit of any controlled substance or counterfeit substance classified 33 34 in Schedule I, RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of marihuana, who previously has never been convicted of a felony in this 35 state, federal court, or another state, and who has never participated 36

in a program of deferred prosecution for a felony offense.

- 1 (23) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or 2 a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies, as now 3 existing or hereafter amended:
- 4 (a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or 5 criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony;
 - (b) Assault in the second degree;
- 8 (c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 9 (d) Child molestation in the second degree;
- 10 (e) Controlled substance homicide;
- 11 (f) Extortion in the first degree;
- 12 (g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
- 13 (h) Indecent liberties;
- (i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 15 (j) Leading organized crime;
- 16 (k) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 17 (1) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 18 (m) Manufacture of methamphetamine or possession of ephedrine or
- 19 pseudoephedrine with intent to manufacture methamphetamine, in or
- 20 <u>within one hundred feet of a residence in which a minor or a pregnant</u>
- 21 woman resides;

- 22 (n) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
- 23 $((\frac{n}{n}))$ (o) Rape in the third degree;
- (((+o))) (p) Robbery in the second degree;
- 25 $((\frac{p}{p}))$ (g) Sexual exploitation;
- 26 $((\frac{q}))$ <u>(r)</u> Vehicular assault;
- $((\frac{r}{r}))$ (s) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the
- 28 driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of
- 29 intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the
- 30 operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
- 31 $((\frac{s}{s}))$ (t) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of
- 32 sexual motivation, as "sexual motivation" is defined under this
- 33 section;
- (((t))) (u) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW
- 35 9.94A.125;
- $((\frac{u}{v}))$ (v) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to
- 37 December 2, 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under
- 38 this subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an

- offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a most serious offense under this subsection;
- 3 $((\frac{v}{v}))$ $\underline{(w)}(i)$ A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW
- 4 9A.88.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess.
- 5 as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as
- 6 it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1)
- 7 (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988;
- 8 (ii) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW
- 9 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988,
- 10 if: (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of
- 11 fourteen; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is
- 12 included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW
- 13 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 1997,
- 14 or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993,
- 15 through July 27, 1997.
- 16 (24) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent 17 offense.
- 18 (25) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony
- 19 established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is
- 20 less than eighteen years of age but whose case is under superior court
- 21 jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the
- 22 appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW
- 23 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and
- 24 "defendant" are used interchangeably.
- 25 (26) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one
- 26 year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract
- 27 by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or
- 28 work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for
- 29 a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in
- 30 the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home
- 31 detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention
- 32 as defined in this section.
- 33 (27) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:
- 34 (a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a
- 35 most serious offense; and
- 36 (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this
- 37 subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate
- 38 occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under
- 39 the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and

would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360; provided that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or

- (b)(i) Has been convicted of: (A) Rape in the first degree, rape of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the first degree, or burglary in the first degree, with a finding of sexual motivation; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (27)(b)(i); and
- (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of this subsection. A conviction for rape of a child in the first degree constitutes a conviction under subsection (27)(b)(i) only when the offender was sixteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense. A conviction for rape of a child in the second degree constitutes a conviction under subsection (27)(b)(i) only when the offender was eighteen years of age or older when the offender committed the offense.
- 25 (28) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's community placement that is not community custody.
 - (29) "Restitution" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. The imposition of a restitution order does not preclude civil redress.
 - (30) "Serious traffic offense" means:

- (a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or
- 37 (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for 38 an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a 39 serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

- 1 (31) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense 2 and means:
- 3 (a) Murder in the first degree, homicide by abuse, murder in the 4 second degree, manslaughter in the first degree, assault in the first 5 degree, kidnapping in the first degree, or rape in the first degree, 6 assault of a child in the first degree, or an attempt, criminal 7 solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit one of these felonies; 8 or
- 9 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 10 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious 11 violent offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 12 (32) "Sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary 13 range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.
 - (33) "Sex offense" means:

- 15 (a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW or RCW 16 9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or a felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a 17 criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 18 commit such crimes;
- 19 (b) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 20 9.94A.127 or 13.40.135; or
- 21 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 22 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 23 offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 24 (34) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 25 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 26 sexual gratification.
- 27 (35) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical 28 boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under 29 contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four 30 hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.
- 31 (36) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions 32 and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the 33 two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work 34 ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions 35 in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's 36 period of community custody.
- 37 (37) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, 38 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as 39 a direct result of the crime charged.

(38) "Violent offense" means:

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- (a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter 2 amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an 3 4 attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the 5 first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if 6 7 committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, 8 arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a 9 child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, robbery in 10 the second degree, drive-by shooting, vehicular assault, and vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any 11 12 person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as 13 defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner; 14
- 15 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior 16 to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent 17 offense in (a) of this subsection; and
 - (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.
 - (39) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community of not less than thirty-five hours per week that complies with RCW 9.94A.135. The civic improvement tasks shall have minimal negative impact on existing private industries or the labor force in the county where the service or labor is performed. The civic improvement tasks shall not affect employment opportunities for people with developmental disabilities contracted through sheltered workshops as defined in RCW 82.04.385. Only those offenders sentenced to a facility operated or utilized under contract by a county or the state are eligible to participate on a work crew. Offenders sentenced for a sex offense as defined in subsection (33) of this section are not eligible for the work crew program.
- 33 (40) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program
 34 designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by
 35 requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job
 36 and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics training,
 37 life management skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation,
 38 counseling, literacy training, and basic adult education.

- 1 (41) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement 2 available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a 3 regular course of study at school. Participation in work release shall 4 be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly 5 defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility.
- 6 (42) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement 7 available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private 8 residence subject to electronic surveillance."
- 9 Renumber the remaining section and correct the title and any 10 internal references accordingly.

--- END ---