
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 6628

State of Washington 55th Legislature 1998 Regular Session

By Senators Benton, Finkbeiner, Anderson, Zarelli and Schow Read first time 01/23/98. Referred to Committee on Transportation.

- AN ACT Relating to the state-owned facilities component of the state-wide transportation plan and intercity passenger rail; and amending RCW 47.06.050, 47.06.090, 47.50.010, 47.50.040, and 47.50.080.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 47.06.050 and 1993 c 446 s 5 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 The state-owned facilities component of the state-wide
- 8 transportation plan shall identify the most cost-effective combination
- 9 of highway, ferry, passenger rail, and high-capacity transportation
- 10 improvements that maximizes the efficient movement of people, freight,
- 11 and goods within state transportation corridors and will consist of:
- 12 (1) The state highway system plan, which identifies program and
- 13 financing needs and recommends specific and financially realistic
- 14 improvements to preserve the structural integrity of the state highway
- 15 system, ensure acceptable operating conditions, and provide for
- 16 enhanced access to scenic, recreational, and cultural resources. The
- 17 state highway system plan shall contain the following elements:
- 18 (a) A system preservation element, which shall establish structural
- 19 preservation objectives for the state highway system including bridges,

p. 1 ESB 6628

identify current and future structural deficiencies based upon analysis of current conditions and projected future deterioration, and recommend program funding levels and specific actions necessary to preserve the structural integrity of the state highway system consistent with adopted objectives. This element shall serve as the basis for the preservation component of the six-year highway program and the two-year biennial budget request to the legislature;

- (b) A capacity and operational improvement element, which shall establish operational objectives, including safety considerations, for moving people and goods on the state highway system, identify current and future capacity, operational, and safety deficiencies, recommend program funding levels and specific improvements and strategies necessary to achieve the operational objectives. In developing capacity and operational improvement plans the department shall first assess strategies to enhance the operational efficiency of the existing system before recommending system expansion. Strategies to enhance the operational efficiencies include but are not limited to access management, transportation system management, demand management, and high-occupancy vehicle facilities. The capacity and operational improvement element must conform to the state implementation plan for air quality and be consistent with regional transportation plans adopted under chapter 47.80 RCW, and shall serve as the basis for the capacity and operational improvement portions of the six-year highway program and the two-year biennial budget request to the legislature;
- 25 (c) A scenic and recreational highways element, which shall 26 identify and recommend designation of scenic and recreational highways, 27 provide for enhanced access to scenic, recreational, and cultural resources associated with designated routes, and recommend a variety of 28 29 management strategies to protect, preserve, and enhance these 30 resources. The department, affected counties, cities, and towns, regional transportation planning organizations, and other state or 31 federal agencies shall jointly develop this element; 32
 - (d) A paths and trails element, which shall identify the needs of nonmotorized transportation modes on the state transportation systems and provide the basis for the investment of state transportation funds in paths and trails, including funding provided under chapter 47.30 RCW.
- 38 (2) The state ferry system plan, which shall guide capital and 39 operating investments in the state ferry system. The plan shall

ESB 6628 p. 2

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2223

24

3334

35

3637

- establish service objectives for state ferry routes, forecast travel 1 2 demand for the various markets served in the system, and develop strategies for ferry system investment that consider regional and 3 4 state-wide vehicle and passenger needs, support local land use plans, 5 and assure that ferry services are fully integrated with other transportation services. The plan shall assess the role of private 6 7 operating under the authority of the utilities and ferries transportation commission and shall coordinate ferry system capital and 8 9 operational plans with these private operations. The ferry system plan 10 must be consistent with the regional transportation plans for areas 11 served by the state ferry system, and shall be developed in conjunction with the ferry advisory committees. 12
- 13 **Sec. 2.** RCW 47.06.090 and 1993 c 446 s 9 are each amended to read 14 as follows:
- 15 state-interest component of state-wide multimodal the transportation plan shall include an intercity passenger rail plan, 16 which shall analyze existing intercity passenger rail service and 17 18 recommend improvements to that service under the state passenger rail 19 service program including depot improvements, potential service extensions, and ways to achieve higher train speeds. 20 The plan must <u>include:</u> 21
- 22 (1) A service preservation element that outlines the trackage, 23 depots, and train investments needed to maintain established service 24 levels; and
- 25 (2) A service improvement element that establishes service 26 improvement objectives and outlines the trackage, depot, and train 27 investments needed to meet improvement service objectives.
- 28 **Sec. 3.** RCW 47.50.010 and 1991 c 202 s 1 are each amended to read 29 as follows:
- 30 (1) The legislature finds that:
- 31 (a) Regulation of access to the state highway system is necessary 32 in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, to preserve 33 the functional integrity of the state highway system, and to promote 34 the safe and efficient movement of people and goods within the state; 35 (b) The development of an access management program, in accordance
- 36 with this chapter, which coordinates land use planning decisions by

37 local governments and investments in the state highway system, will

p. 3 ESB 6628

- serve to control the proliferation of connections and other access approaches to and from the state highway system. Without such a program, the health, safety, and welfare of the residents of this state are at risk, due to the fact that uncontrolled access to the state highway system is a significant contributing factor to the congestion and functional deterioration of the system; and
- 7 (c) The development of an access management program in accordance 8 with this chapter will enhance the development of an effective 9 transportation system and increase the traffic-carrying capacity of the 10 state highway system and thereby reduce the incidences of traffic accidents, personal injury, and property damage or loss; mitigate 11 12 environmental degradation; promote sound economic growth and the growth 13 management goals of the state; reduce highway maintenance costs and the necessity for costly traffic operations measures; lengthen the 14 15 effective life of transportation facilities in the state, thus preserving the public investment in such facilities; and shorten 16 17 response time for emergency vehicles.
- (2) In furtherance of these findings, all state highways are hereby declared to be controlled access facilities as defined in RCW 47.50.020, except those highways that are defined as limited access facilities in chapter 47.52 RCW.
 - (3) It is the policy of the legislature that:

22

27

28 29

30

31

3233

- (a) The access rights of an owner of property abutting the state highway system ((are subordinate to)) should be fairly considered with the public's right and interest in a safe and efficient highway system; ((and))
 - (b) Every owner of property which abuts a state highway has a right to reasonable access to that highway, unless such access has been acquired pursuant to chapter 47.52 RCW, but may not have the right of a particular means of access. The right of access to the state highway may be restricted under RCW 47.50.080 if, pursuant to local regulation, reasonable access can be provided to another public road which abuts the property; and
- 34 <u>(c) Every property owner who has access to the state highway must</u> 35 <u>be notified of proposed changes to the access</u>.
- 36 (4) The legislature declares that it is the purpose of this chapter 37 to provide a coordinated planning process for the permitting of access 38 points on the state highway system to effectuate the findings and 39 policies under this section. This coordinated planning process must

ESB 6628 p. 4

- 1 include a public involvement process that includes abutting property
- 2 owners, business owners, and emergency services that may require access
- 3 to the affected property. The public involvement process must provide
- 4 the affected ownership with standards and principles of access
- 5 management. The public involvement process that addresses access
- 6 management standards and principles may include, but is not limited to,
- 7 public notices, public meetings, public hearings, written notification,
- 8 and individual meetings with the affected ownership.
- 9 (5) Nothing in this chapter shall affect the right to full 10 compensation under section 16, Article I of the state Constitution.
- 11 **Sec. 4.** RCW 47.50.040 and 1991 c 202 s 4 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
- (1) No connection to a state highway shall be constructed or altered without obtaining an access permit in accordance with this chapter in advance of such action. A permitting authority has the authority to deny access to the state highway system at the location specified in the permit until the permittee constructs or alters the connection in accordance with the permit requirements.
- 19 (2) ((The cost of construction or alteration of a connection shall
- 20 be borne by the permittee, except for alterations which are not 21 required by law or administrative rule, but are made at the request of
- 22 and for the convenience of the permitting authority. The permittee,
- 23 however, shall bear the cost of alteration of any connection which is
- 24 required by the permitting authority due to increased or altered
- 25 traffic flows generated by changes in the permittee's facilities or
- 26 nature of business conducted at the location specified in the permit.))
- 27 The permittee shall bear the cost of construction or alteration of a
- 28 connection, including alterations required by increased or altered
- 29 traffic flows generated by the nature of business conducted at the
- 30 location specified in the permit, except for alterations that are not
- 31 required by law or administrative rule, but are made at the request of
- 32 and the convenience of the permitting authority, or that are required
- 33 by the permitting authority due to increased or altered traffic flows
- 34 along the state highway to which the connection provides access in the
- 35 general area of the permittee's facility.
- 36 (3) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, an unpermitted 37 connection is subject to closure by the appropriate permitting
- 38 authority which shall have the right to install barriers across or

p. 5 ESB 6628

- 1 remove the connection. When the permitting authority determines that
- 2 a connection is unpermitted and subject to closure, it shall provide
- 3 reasonable notice of its impending action to the owner of property
- 4 served by the connection. The permitting authority's procedures for
- 5 providing notice and preventing the operation of unpermitted
- 6 connections shall be adopted by rule.
- 7 **Sec. 5.** RCW 47.50.080 and 1991 c 202 s 8 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
- 9 (1) Unpermitted connections to the state highway system in
- 10 existence on July 1, 1990, and in active use shall not require the
- 11 issuance of a permit and may continue to provide access to the state
- 12 highway system, unless the permitting authority determines that such a
- 13 connection does not meet minimum acceptable standards of highway safety
- 14 and mobility based on accident data, traffic data, and accepted traffic
- 15 engineering criteria, a copy of which must be provided to the property
- 16 <u>owner, upon written request</u>. However, a permitting authority may
- 17 require that a permit be obtained for such a connection if a
- 18 significant change occurs in the use, design, or traffic flow of the
- 19 connection or of the state highway to which it provides access. If a
- 20 permit is not obtained, the connection may be closed pursuant to RCW
- 21 47.50.040.

31

- 22 (2) Access permits granted prior to adoption of the permitting
- 23 authorities' standards shall remain valid until modified or revoked <u>as</u>
- 24 provided in this chapter. Access connections to state highways
- 25 identified on plats and subdivisions approved prior to July 1, 1991,
- 26 shall be deemed to be permitted pursuant to chapter 202, Laws of 1991.
- 27 The permitting authority may, after written notification, under rules
- 28 adopted in accordance with RCW 47.50.030, modify or revoke an access
- 29 permit granted prior to adoption of the standards by requiring
- 30 relocation, alteration, or closure of the connection if a significant
- 32 the state highway to which the connection provides access in the

change occurs in the use, design, or traffic flow of the connection or

- 33 general area of the permittee's facility, and if, as a result of that
- 34 change, the connection does not meet minimum acceptable standards of
- 35 highway safety and mobility based on accident and traffic data and
- 36 <u>accepted traffic engineering criteria</u>.
- 37 (3) The permitting authority may issue a nonconforming access
- 38 permit after finding that to deny an access permit would leave the

ESB 6628 p. 6

- 1 property without a reasonable means of access to the public roads of
- 2 this state. Every nonconforming access permit shall specify limits on
- 3 the maximum vehicular use of the connection and shall be conditioned on
- 4 the availability of future alternative means of access for which access
- 5 permits can be obtained.

--- END ---

p. 7 ESB 6628