S-3935.1			

SENATE BILL 6495

1998 Regular Session

State of Washington 55th Legislature

By Senators Schow, Roach and Heavey

Read first time 01/20/98. Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to modification of lemon law procedures regarding
- 2 motor homes without expanding or diminishing the covered defects; and
- 3 amending RCW 19.118.021, 19.118.031, 19.118.041, 19.118.061, and
- 4 19.118.090.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 19.118.021 and 1995 c 254 s 1 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
- 8 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 9 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 10 (1) "Board" means new motor vehicle arbitration board.
- 11 (2) "Collateral charges" means any sales or lease related charges
- 12 including but not limited to sales tax, use tax, arbitration service
- 13 fees, unused license fees, unused registration fees, unused title fees,
- 14 finance charges, prepayment penalties, credit disability and credit
- 15 life insurance costs not otherwise refundable, any other insurance
- 16 costs prorated for time out of service, transportation charges, dealer
- 17 preparation charges, or any other charges for service contracts,
- 18 undercoating, rustproofing, or factory or dealer installed options.

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- 1 (3) "Condition" means a general problem that results from a defect 2 or malfunction of one or more parts, or their improper installation by 3 the manufacturer, its agents, or the new motor vehicle dealer.
- 4 (4) "Consumer" means any person who has entered into an agreement 5 or contract for the transfer, lease, or purchase of a new motor 6 vehicle, other than for purposes of resale or sublease, during the 7 duration of the warranty period defined under this section.
- 8 (5) "Court" means the superior court in the county where the 9 consumer resides, except if the consumer does not reside in this state, 10 then the superior court in the county where an arbitration hearing or 11 determination was conducted or made pursuant to this chapter.
- 12 (6) "Incidental costs" means any reasonable expenses incurred by 13 the consumer in connection with the repair of the new motor vehicle, 14 including any towing charges and the costs of obtaining alternative 15 transportation.
- 16 (7) "Manufacturer" means any person engaged in the business of 17 constructing or assembling new motor vehicles or engaged in the business of importing new motor vehicles into the United States for the 18 19 purpose of selling or distributing new motor vehicles to new motor vehicle dealers. "Manufacturer" does not include any person engaged in 20 the business of set-up of motorcycles as an agent of a new motor 21 vehicle dealer if the person does not otherwise construct or assemble 22 23 motorcycles.
 - (8) "Motorcycle" means any motorcycle as defined in RCW 46.04.330 which has an engine displacement of at least seven hundred fifty cubic centimeters.
- 27 (9) "Motor home" means a vehicular unit designed to provide
 28 temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use,
 29 built on or permanently attached to self-propelled motor vehicle
 30 chassis or on a chassis cab or van that is an integral part of the
 31 completed vehicle.
- 32 (10) "Motor home manufacturer" means the first stage manufacturer,
 33 the component manufacturer, and the final stage manufacturer.
- 34 (a) "First stage manufacturer" means a person who manufactures 35 incomplete new motor vehicles such as chassis, chassis cabs, or vans, 36 that are directly warranted by the first stage manufacturer to the 37 consumer, and are completed by a final stage manufacturer into a motor 38 home.

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(b) "Component manufacturer" means a person who manufactures components used in the manufacture or assembly of a chassis, chassis cab, or van that is completed into a motor home and whose components 4 are directly warranted by the component manufacturer to the consumer. (c) "Final stage manufacturer" means a person who assembles, installs, or permanently affixes a body, cab, or equipment to an incomplete new motor vehicle such as a chassis, chassis cab, or van provided by a first stage manufacturer, to complete the vehicle into a motor home.

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(11) "New motor vehicle" means any new self-propelled vehicle, including a new motorcycle, primarily designed for the transportation of persons or property over the public highways that was originally purchased or leased at retail from a new motor vehicle dealer or leasing company in this state, and that was initially registered in this state or for which a temporary motor vehicle license was issued pursuant to RCW 46.16.460, but does not include vehicles purchased or leased by a business as part of a fleet of ten or more vehicles at one time or under a single purchase or lease agreement. If the motor vehicle is a motor home, this chapter shall apply to the self-propelled vehicle and chassis, but does not include those portions of the vehicle designated, used, or maintained primarily as a mobile dwelling, office, The term "new motor vehicle" does not include or commercial space. trucks with nineteen thousand pounds or more gross vehicle weight rating. The term "new motor vehicle" includes a demonstrator or leasepurchase vehicle as long as a manufacturer's warranty was issued as a condition of sale.

(((10))) (12) "New motor vehicle dealer" means a person who holds a dealer agreement with a manufacturer for the sale of new motor vehicles, who is engaged in the business of purchasing, selling, servicing, exchanging, or dealing in new motor vehicles, and who is licensed or required to be licensed as a vehicle dealer by the state of Washington.

 $((\frac{11}{11}))$ (13) "Nonconformity" means a defect, serious safety defect, or condition that substantially impairs the use, value, or safety of a new motor vehicle, but does not include a defect or condition that is the result of abuse, neglect, or unauthorized modification or alteration of the new motor vehicle.

38 $((\frac{12}{12}))$ (14) "Purchase price" means the cash price of the new 39 motor vehicle appearing in the sales agreement or contract.

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- 1 (a) "Purchase price" in the instance of a lease means the actual 2 written capitalized cost disclosed to the consumer contained in the 3 lease agreement. If there is no disclosed capitalized cost in the 4 lease agreement the "purchase price" is the manufacturer's suggested 5 retail price including manufacturer installed accessories or items of 6 optional equipment displayed on the manufacturer label, required by 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1232.
 - (b) "Purchase price" in the instance of both a vehicle purchase or lease agreement includes any allowance for a trade-in vehicle but does not include any manufacturer-to-consumer rebate appearing in the agreement or contract that the consumer received or that was applied to reduce the purchase or lease cost.
- Where the consumer is a subsequent transferee and the consumer selects repurchase of the motor vehicle, "purchase price" means the consumer's subsequent purchase price. Where the consumer is a subsequent transferee and the consumer selects replacement of the motor vehicle, "purchase price" means the original purchase price.
- ((\(\frac{(13)}{13}\))) (15) "Reasonable offset for use" means the definition provided in RCW 19.118.041(1)(c) for a new motor vehicle other than a new motorcycle. The reasonable offset for use for a new motorcycle shall be computed by the number of miles that the vehicle traveled before the manufacturer's acceptance of the vehicle upon repurchase or replacement multiplied by the purchase price, and divided by twenty-five thousand.
- 25 $((\frac{14}{14}))$ (16) "Reasonable number of attempts" means the definition 26 provided in RCW 19.118.041.
- (((15))) (17) "Replacement motor vehicle" means a new motor vehicle
 that is identical or reasonably equivalent to the motor vehicle to be
 replaced, as the motor vehicle to be replaced existed at the time of
 original purchase or lease, including any service contract,
 undercoating, rustproofing, and factory or dealer installed options.
- (((16))) <u>(18)</u> "Serious safety defect" means a life-threatening malfunction or nonconformity that impedes the consumer's ability to control or operate the new motor vehicle for ordinary use or reasonable intended purposes or creates a risk of fire or explosion.
- (((17))) (19) "Subsequent transferee" means a consumer who acquires a motor vehicle, within the warranty period, as defined in this section, with an applicable manufacturer's written warranty and where

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1 the vehicle otherwise met the definition of a new motor vehicle at the 2 time of original retail sale or lease.

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 $((\frac{(18)}{(18)}))$ (20) "Substantially impair" means to render the new motor vehicle unreliable, or unsafe for ordinary use, or to diminish the resale value of the new motor vehicle below the average resale value for comparable motor vehicles.

((\(\frac{(19)}{)}\)) (21) "Warranty" means any implied warranty, any written warranty of the manufacturer, or any affirmation of fact or promise made by the manufacturer in connection with the sale of a new motor vehicle that becomes part of the basis of the bargain. The term "warranty" pertains to the obligations of the manufacturer in relation to materials, workmanship, and fitness of a new motor vehicle for ordinary use or reasonably intended purposes throughout the duration of the warranty period as defined under this section.

 $((\frac{20}{10}))$ (22) "Warranty period" means the period ending two years after the date of the original delivery to the consumer of a new motor vehicle, or the first twenty-four thousand miles of operation, whichever occurs first.

- 19 **Sec. 2.** RCW 19.118.031 and 1995 c 254 s 2 are each amended to read 20 as follows:
- (1) The manufacturer shall publish an owner's manual and provide it 21 to the new motor vehicle dealer or leasing company. The owner's manual 22 23 shall include a list of the addresses and phone numbers for the 24 manufacturer's customer assistance division, or zone or regional offices. A manufacturer shall provide to the new motor vehicle dealer 25 or leasing company all applicable manufacturer's written warranties. 26 The dealer or leasing company shall transfer to the consumer, at the 27 time of original retail sale or lease, the owner's manual and 28 29 applicable written warranties as provided by a manufacturer.
 - (2) At the time of purchase, the new motor vehicle dealer shall provide the consumer with a written statement that explains the consumer's rights under this chapter. The written statement shall be prepared and supplied by the attorney general and shall contain a toll-free number that the consumer can contact for information regarding the procedures and remedies under this chapter.
- 36 (3) For the purposes of this chapter, if a new motor vehicle does 37 not conform to the warranty and the consumer reports the nonconformity 38 during the term of the warranty period or the period of coverage of the

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applicable manufacturer's written warranty, whichever is less, to the 2 manufacturer, its agent, or the new motor vehicle dealer who sold the new motor vehicle, the manufacturer, its agent, or the new motor 3 4 vehicle dealer shall make repairs as are necessary to conform the 5 vehicle to the warranty, regardless of whether such repairs are made after the expiration of the warranty period. Any corrections or 6 attempted repairs undertaken by a new motor vehicle dealer under this 7 8 chapter shall be treated as warranty work and billed by the dealer to 9 the manufacturer in the same manner as other work under the 10 manufacturer's written warranty is billed. For purposes of this subsection, the manufacturer's written warranty shall be at least one 11 year after the date of the original delivery to the consumer of the 12 13 vehicle or the first twelve thousand miles of operation, whichever occurs first. 14

- (4) Upon request from the consumer, the manufacturer or new motor vehicle dealer shall provide a copy of any report or computer reading compiled by the manufacturer's field or zone representative regarding inspection, diagnosis, or test-drive of the consumer's new motor vehicle, or shall provide a copy of any technical service bulletin issued by the manufacturer regarding the year and model of the consumer's new motor vehicle as it pertains to any material, feature, component, or the performance thereof.
- (5) The new motor vehicle dealer shall provide to the consumer each time the consumer's vehicle is returned from being diagnosed or repaired under the warranty, a fully itemized, legible statement or repair order indicating any diagnosis made, and all work performed on the vehicle including but not limited to, a general description of the problem reported by the consumer or an identification of the defect or condition, parts and labor, the date and the odometer reading when the vehicle was submitted for repair, and the date when the vehicle was made available to the consumer.
- 32 (6) No manufacturer, its agent, or the new motor vehicle dealer may 33 refuse to diagnose or repair any nonconformity covered by the warranty 34 for the purpose of avoiding liability under this chapter.
- 35 (7) For purposes of this chapter, consumers shall have the rights 36 and remedies, including a cause of action, against manufacturers as 37 provided in this chapter.
- 38 (8) The warranty period and thirty-day out-of-service period, and 39 sixty-day out-of-service period in the case of a motor home, shall be

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- 1 extended by any time that repair services are not available to the
- 2 consumer as a direct result of a strike, war, invasion, fire, flood, or
- 3 other natural disaster.

or repurchase the new motor vehicle.

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- 4 **Sec. 3.** RCW 19.118.041 and 1995 c 254 s 3 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 (1) If the manufacturer, its agent, or the new motor vehicle dealer
 7 is unable to conform the new motor vehicle to the warranty by repairing
 8 or correcting any nonconformity after a reasonable number of attempts,
 9 the manufacturer, within forty calendar days of a consumer's written
 10 request to the manufacturer's corporate, dispute resolution, zone, or
 11 regional office address shall, at the option of the consumer, replace
- (a) The replacement motor vehicle shall be identical or reasonably 13 14 equivalent to the motor vehicle to be replaced as the motor vehicle to be replaced existed at the time of original purchase or lease, 15 16 including any service contract, undercoating, rustproofing, and factory or dealer installed options. Where the manufacturer supplies a 17 18 replacement motor vehicle, the manufacturer shall be responsible for sales tax, license, registration fees, and refund of any incidental 19 costs. Compensation for a reasonable offset for use shall be paid by 20 21 the consumer to the manufacturer in the event that the consumer accepts 22 a replacement motor vehicle.
 - (b) When repurchasing the new motor vehicle, the manufacturer shall refund to the consumer the purchase price, all collateral charges, and incidental costs, less a reasonable offset for use. When repurchasing the new motor vehicle, in the instance of a lease, the manufacturer shall refund to the consumer all payments made by the consumer under the lease including but not limited to all lease payments, trade-in value or inception payment, security deposit, all collateral charges and incidental costs less a reasonable offset for use. The manufacturer shall make such payment to the lessor and/or lienholder of record as necessary to obtain clear title to the motor vehicle and upon the lessor's and/or lienholder's receipt of that payment and payment by the consumer of any late payment charges, the consumer shall be relieved of any future obligation to the lessor and/or lienholder.
- 36 (c) The reasonable offset for use shall be computed by multiplying 37 the number of miles that the vehicle traveled directly attributable to 38 use by the consumer times the purchase price, and dividing the product

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by one hundred twenty thousand, except in the case of a motor home, in which event it shall be divided by ninety thousand. However, the 2 reasonable offset for use calculation total for a motor home is subject 3 to modification by the arbitration board by decreasing or increasing 4 the offset total up to a maximum of one-third of the offset total. The 5 arbitration board may modify the offset total in those circumstances 6 7 where the arbitration board determines that the wear and tear on those 8 portions of the motor home designated, used, or maintained primarily as 9 a mobile dwelling, office, or commercial space are significantly greater or significantly less than that which could be reasonably 10 expected based on the mileage attributable to the consumer's use of the 11 motor home. Where the consumer is a second or subsequent purchaser, 12 lessee, or transferee of the motor vehicle and the consumer selects 13 repurchase of the motor vehicle, "the number of miles that the vehicle 14 15 traveled" shall be calculated from the date of purchase or lease by the 16 Where the consumer is a second or subsequent purchaser, 17 lessee, or transferee of the motor vehicle and the consumer selects replacement of the motor vehicle, "the number of miles that the vehicle 18 19 traveled" shall be calculated from the original purchase, lease, or in-20 service date.

(2) Reasonable number of attempts, except in the case of a new motor vehicle that is a motor home, shall be deemed to have been undertaken by the manufacturer, its agent, or the new motor vehicle dealer to conform the new motor vehicle to the warranty within the warranty period, if: (a) The same serious safety defect has been subject to diagnosis or repair two or more times, at least one of which is during the period of coverage of the applicable manufacturer's written warranty, and the serious safety defect continues to exist; (b) the same nonconformity has been subject to diagnosis or repair four or more times, at least one of which is during the period of coverage of the applicable manufacturer's written warranty, and the nonconformity continues to exist; or (c) the vehicle is out-of-service by reason of diagnosis or repair of one or more nonconformities for a cumulative total of thirty calendar days, at least fifteen of them during the period of the applicable manufacturer's written warranty. For purposes of this subsection, the manufacturer's written warranty shall be at least one year after the date of the original delivery to the consumer of the vehicle or the first twelve thousand miles of operation, whichever occurs first.

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(3)(a) In the case of a new motor vehicle that is a motor home, a 1 2 reasonable number of attempts shall be deemed to have been undertaken by the motor home manufacturers, their respective agents, or their 3 4 respective new motor vehicle dealers to conform the new motor vehicle to the warranty within the warranty period, if: (i) The same serious 5 safety defect has been subject to diagnosis or repair one or more times 6 during the period of coverage of the applicable motor home 7 manufacturer's written warranty, plus a final attempt to repair the 8 9 vehicle as provided for in (b) of this subsection, and the serious safety defect continues to exist; (ii) the same nonconformity has been 10 subject to repair three or more times, at least one of which is during 11 12 the period of coverage of the applicable motor home manufacturer's written warranty, plus a final attempt to repair the vehicle as 13 14 provided for in (b) of this subsection, and the nonconformity continues to exist; or (iii) the vehicle is out of service by reason of diagnosis 15 or repair of one or more nonconformities for a cumulative total of 16 sixty calendar days aggregating all motor home manufacturer days out-17 18 of-service, and the motor home manufacturers have had at least one 19 opportunity to coordinate and complete an inspection and any repairs of the vehicle's nonconformities after receipt of notification from the 20 consumer as provided for in (c) of this subsection. For purposes of 21 this subsection, each motor home manufacturer's written warranty must 22 23 be at least one year after the date of the original delivery to the 24 consumer of the vehicle or the first twelve thousand miles of operation, whichever occurs first. 25

(b) In the case of a new motor vehicle that is a motor home, after one attempt has been made to repair a serious safety defect, or after three attempts have been made to repair the same nonconformity, the consumer shall give written notification of the need to repair the nonconformity to each of the motor home manufacturers at its corporate, zone, or regional office address to allow the motor home manufacturers to coordinate and complete a final attempt to cure the nonconformity. The motor home manufacturers each have fifteen days, commencing upon receipt of the notification, to respond and inform the consumer of the location of the facility where the vehicle will be repaired. If the vehicle is unsafe to drive due to a serious safety defect, or to the extent the repair facility is more than one hundred miles from the motor home location, the motor home manufacturers are responsible for the cost of transporting the vehicle to and from the repair facility.

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1 The motor home manufacturers have a cumulative total of thirty days,

2 commencing upon delivery of the vehicle to the designated repair

facility by the consumer, to conform the vehicle to the applicable

motor home manufacturer's written warranty. This time period may be

5 <u>extended if the consumer agrees in writing.</u> If a motor home

6 manufacturer fails to respond to the consumer or perform the repairs

within the time period prescribed, that motor home manufacturer is not

8 entitled to a final attempt to cure the nonconformity.

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9 (c) In the case of a new motor vehicle that is a motor home, if the vehicle is out of service by reason of diagnosis or repair of one or 10 more nonconformities by the motor home manufacturers, their respective 11 12 agents, or their respective new motor vehicle dealers for a cumulative 13 total of thirty or more days aggregating all motor home manufacturer 14 days out of service, the consumer shall so notify each motor home manufacturer in writing at its corporate, zone, or regional office 15 address to allow the motor home manufacturers, their respective agents, 16 or their respective new motor vehicle dealers an opportunity to 17 18 coordinate and complete an inspection and any repairs of the vehicle's nonconformities. The motor home manufacturers have fifteen days, 19 commencing upon receipt of the notification, to respond and inform the 20 consumer of the location of the facility where the vehicle will be 21 repaired. If the vehicle is unsafe to drive due to a serious safety 22 defect, or to the extent the repair facility is more than one hundred 23 24 miles from the motor home location, the motor home manufacturers are responsible for the cost of transporting the vehicle to and from the 25 repair facility. Once the buyer delivers the vehicle to the designated 26 repair facility, the inspection and repairs must be completed by the 27 28 motor home manufacturers either (i) within ten days or (ii) before the 29 vehicle is out of service for sixty days, whichever time period is 30 longer. This time period may be extended if the consumer agrees in 31 writing. If a motor home manufacturer fails to respond to the consumer or perform the repairs within the time period prescribed, that motor 32 home manufacturer is not entitled to at least one opportunity to 33 34 inspect and repair the vehicle's nonconformities after receipt of notification from the buyer as provided for in this subsection (3)(c). 35 (4) No new motor vehicle dealer may be held liable by the 36 37 manufacturer for any collateral charges, incidental costs, purchase 38 price refunds, or vehicle replacements. Manufacturers shall not have 39 a cause of action against dealers under this chapter. Consumers shall

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- not have a cause of action against dealers under this chapter, but a violation of any responsibilities imposed upon dealers under this chapter is a per se violation of chapter 19.86 RCW. Consumers may pursue rights and remedies against dealers under any other law, including chapters 46.70 and 46.71 RCW. Manufacturers and consumers may not make dealers parties to arbitration board proceedings under this chapter.
- 8 **Sec. 4.** RCW 19.118.061 and 1995 c 254 s 4 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
- 10 (1) A manufacturer shall be prohibited from reselling any motor 11 vehicle determined or adjudicated as having a serious safety defect 12 unless the serious safety defect has been corrected and the 13 manufacturer warrants upon the first subsequent resale that the defect 14 has been corrected.
- 15 (2) Before any sale or transfer of a vehicle that has been replaced 16 or repurchased by the manufacturer that was determined or adjudicated 17 as having a nonconformity or to have been out of service for thirty or 18 more calendar days, or sixty or more calendar days in the case of a 19 motor home, under this chapter, the manufacturer shall:
- 20 (a) Notify the attorney general and the department of licensing, by 21 certified mail or by personal service, upon receipt of the motor 22 vehicle;

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- (b) Attach a resale disclosure notice to the vehicle in a manner and form to be specified by the attorney general. Only the retail purchaser may remove the resale disclosure notice after execution of the disclosure form required under subsection (3) of this section; and
- 27 (c) Notify the attorney general and the department of licensing if 28 the nonconformity in the motor vehicle is corrected.
 - (3) Upon the first subsequent resale, either at wholesale or retail, or transfer of title of a motor vehicle and which was previously returned after a final determination, adjudication, or settlement under this chapter or under a similar statute of any other state, the manufacturer, its agent, or the new motor vehicle dealer who has actual knowledge of said final determination, adjudication or settlement, shall execute and deliver to the buyer before sale an instrument in writing setting forth information identifying the nonconformity in a manner to be specified by the attorney general, and

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the department of licensing shall place on the certificate of title information indicating the vehicle was returned under this chapter.

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- (4) Upon receipt of the manufacturer's notification under subsection (2) of this section that the nonconformity has been corrected and upon the manufacturer's request and payment of any fees, the department of licensing shall issue a new title with information indicating the vehicle was returned under this chapter and that the nonconformity has been corrected. Upon the first subsequent resale, either at wholesale or retail, or transfer of title of a motor vehicle, as provided under subsection (2)(c) of this section, the manufacturer shall warrant upon the resale that the nonconformity has been corrected, and the manufacturer, its agent, or the new motor vehicle dealer who has actual knowledge of the corrected nonconformity, shall execute and deliver to the buyer before sale an instrument in writing setting forth information identifying the nonconformity and indicating that it has been corrected in a manner to be specified by the attorney general.
- (5) After repurchase or replacement and following a manufacturer's 18 19 receipt of a vehicle under this section and prior to a vehicle's first subsequent retail transfer by resale or lease, any intervening 20 transferor of a vehicle subject to the requirements of this section who 21 has received the disclosure, correction and warranty documents, as 22 23 specified by the attorney general and required under this chapter, 24 shall deliver the documents with the vehicle to the next transferor, 25 purchaser or lessee to ensure proper and timely notice and disclosure. 26 Any intervening transferor who fails to comply with this subsection 27 shall, at the option of the subsequent transferor or first subsequent retail purchaser or lessee: (a) Indemnify ((and [any])) any subsequent 28 transferor or first subsequent retail purchaser for all damages caused 29 30 by such violation; or (b) repurchase the vehicle at the full purchase price including all fees, taxes and costs incurred for goods and 31 services which were included in the subsequent transaction. 32
- 33 **Sec. 5.** RCW 19.118.090 and 1995 c 254 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- 35 (1) A consumer may request arbitration under this chapter by 36 submitting the request to the attorney general. Within ten days after 37 receipt of an arbitration request, the attorney general shall make a 38 reasonable determination of the cause of the request for arbitration

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and provide necessary information to the consumer regarding the consumer's rights and remedies under this chapter. The attorney general shall assign the dispute to a board, except that if it clearly appears from the materials submitted by the consumer that the dispute is not eligible for arbitration, the attorney general may refuse to assign the dispute and shall explain any required procedures to the consumer.

(2) Manufacturers shall submit to arbitration if such arbitration is requested by the consumer within thirty months from the date of the original delivery of the new motor vehicle to a consumer at retail and if the consumer's dispute is deemed eligible for arbitration by the board.

(3) The new motor vehicle arbitration board may reject for arbitration any dispute that it determines to be frivolous, fraudulent, filed in bad faith, res judicata or beyond its authority. Any dispute deemed by the board to be ineligible for arbitration due to insufficient evidence may be reconsidered by the board upon the submission of other information or documents regarding the dispute that would allegedly qualify for relief under this chapter. Following a second review, the board may reject the dispute for arbitration if evidence is still clearly insufficient to qualify the dispute for relief under this chapter. A rejection by the board is subject to review by the attorney general or may be appealed under RCW 19.118.100.

A decision to reject any dispute for arbitration shall be sent by certified mail to the consumer and the manufacturer, and shall contain a brief explanation as to the reason therefor.

- (4) The manufacturer shall complete a written manufacturer response to the consumer's request for arbitration. The manufacturer shall provide a response to the consumer and the board within ten calendar days from the date of the manufacturer's receipt of the board's notice of acceptance of a dispute for arbitration. The manufacturer response shall include all issues and affirmative defenses related to the nonconformities identified in the consumer's request for arbitration that the manufacturer intends to raise at the arbitration hearing.
- (5) The arbitration board shall award the remedies under RCW 19.118.041 if it finds a nonconformity and that a reasonable number of attempts have been undertaken to correct the nonconformity. The board shall award reasonable costs and attorneys' fees incurred by the consumer where the manufacturer has been directly represented by

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- counsel: (a) In dealings with the consumer in response to a request to repurchase or replace under RCW 19.118.041; (b) in settlement negotiations; (c) in preparation of the manufacturer's statement; or (d) at an arbitration board hearing or other board proceeding.
- In the case of an arbitration involving a motor home, the arbitration board may allocate liability among the motor home manufacturers.
- 8 (6) It is an affirmative defense to any claim under this chapter 9 that: (a) The alleged nonconformity does not substantially impair the 10 use, value, or safety of the new motor vehicle; or (b) the alleged 11 nonconformity is the result of abuse, neglect, or unauthorized 12 modifications or alterations of the new motor vehicle.
 - (7) The board shall have forty-five calendar days from the date the board receives the consumer's request for arbitration to hear the dispute. If the board determines that additional information is necessary, the board may continue the arbitration proceeding on a subsequent date within ten calendar days of the initial hearing. The board shall decide the dispute within sixty calendar days from the date the board receives the consumer's request for arbitration.
- The decision of the board shall be delivered by certified mail or personal service to the consumer and the manufacturer, and shall contain a written finding of whether the new motor vehicle meets the standards set forth under this chapter.
- 24 (8) The consumer may accept the arbitration board decision or 25 appeal to superior court, pursuant to RCW 19.118.100. Upon acceptance 26 by the consumer, the arbitration board decision shall become final. The consumer shall send written notification of acceptance or rejection 27 28 to the arbitration board within sixty days of receiving the decision 29 and the arbitration board shall immediately deliver a copy of the 30 consumer's acceptance to the manufacturer by certified mail, return 31 receipt requested, or by personal service. Failure of the consumer to respond to the arbitration board within sixty calendar days of 32 receiving the decision shall be considered a rejection of the decision 33 34 by the consumer. The consumer shall have one hundred twenty calendar days from the date of rejection to file a petition of appeal in 35 superior court. At the time the petition of appeal is filed, the 36 37 consumer shall deliver, by certified mail or personal service, a 38 conformed copy of such petition to the attorney general.

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(9) Upon receipt of the consumer's acceptance, the manufacturer shall have forty calendar days to comply with the arbitration board decision or thirty calendar days to file a petition of appeal in superior court. At the time the petition of appeal is filed, the manufacturer shall deliver, by certified mail or personal service, a conformed copy of such petition to the attorney general. If the attorney general receives no notice of petition of appeal after forty calendar days, the attorney general shall contact the consumer to verify compliance.

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