ENGROSSED SENATE BILL 5758

State of Washington 55th Legislature 1997 Regular Session

By Senators McCaslin, Haugen, Hale, Swecker and Patterson; by request of Governor Locke

Read first time 02/11/97. Referred to Committee on Government Operations.

- AN ACT Relating to implementing the recommendations of the land use study commission; amending RCW 36.70A.030, 36.70A.070, 36.70A.160, 36.70A.190, 36.70A.130, 36.70A.270, 36.70A.290, 36.70A.300, 36.70A.305, 36.70A.320, 36.70A.330, 36.70A.500, 84.34.020, 84.40.030, 90.60.030, 35.13.130, 35A.14.295, 35.13.174, 36.93.170, and 84.14.010; adding new sections to chapter 36.70A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.13 RCW; and creating new sections.
- 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** In enacting the section 4(5), chapter . . ., 10 Laws of 1997 (section 4(5) of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.070(5), the legislature finds that chapter 36.70A RCW is 11 12 intended to recognize the importance of rural lands and rural character 13 to Washington's economy, its people, and its environment, while respecting regional differences. Rural lands and rural-based economies 14 15 enhance the economic desirability of the state, help to preserve traditional economic activities, and contribute to the state's overall 16 quality of life. The legislature also finds that in developing its 17 rural element under RCW 36.70A.070(5), a county should foster land use 18 19 patterns and develop a local vision of rural character that: Will help

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- l preserve rural-based economies and traditional rural lifestyles; will
- 2 foster opportunities for small-scale, rural-based employment and
- 3 self-employment; will permit the operation of rural-based commercial,
- 4 recreational, and tourist businesses that are consistent with existing
- 5 and planned land use patterns; be compatible with the use of the land
- 6 by wildlife and for fish and wildlife habitat; will foster the private
- 7 stewardship of the land and preservation of open space; and will
- 8 enhance the rural sense of community and quality of life.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW 10 to read as follows:
- 11 In amending RCW 36.70A.320(3) by section 16(3), chapter . . ., Laws
- 12 of 1997 (section 16(3) of this act), the legislature intends that the
- 13 boards apply a more deferential standard of review to actions of
- 14 counties and cities than the preponderance of the evidence standard
- 15 provided for under existing law. In recognition of the broad range of
- 16 discretion that may be exercised by counties and cities consistent with
- 17 the requirements of this chapter, the legislature intends for the
- 18 boards to grant deference to counties and cities in how they plan for
- 19 growth, consistent with the requirements and goals of this chapter.
- 20 Local comprehensive plans and development regulations require counties
- 21 and cities to balance priorities and options for action in full
- 22 consideration of local circumstances. The legislature finds that while
- 23 this chapter requires local planning to take place within a framework
- 24 of state goals and requirements, the ultimate burden and responsibility
- 25 for planning and implementing a county's or city's future rests with
- 26 that community.
- 27 **Sec. 3.** RCW 36.70A.030 and 1995 c 382 s 9 are each amended to read
- 28 as follows:
- 29 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in
- 30 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 31 (1) "Adopt a comprehensive land use plan" means to enact a new
- 32 comprehensive land use plan or to update an existing comprehensive land
- 33 use plan.
- 34 (2) "Agricultural land" means land primarily devoted to the
- 35 commercial production of horticultural, viticultural, floricultural,
- 36 dairy, apiary, vegetable, or animal products or of berries, grain, hay,
- 37 straw, turf, seed, Christmas trees not subject to the excise tax

1 imposed by RCW 84.33.100 through 84.33.140, finfish in upland 2 hatcheries, or livestock, and that has long-term commercial 3 significance for agricultural production.

(3) "City" means any city or town, including a code city.

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- 5 (4) "Comprehensive land use plan," "comprehensive plan," or "plan" 6 means a generalized coordinated land use policy statement of the 7 governing body of a county or city that is adopted pursuant to this 8 chapter.
- 9 (5) "Critical areas" include the following areas and ecosystems:
 10 (a) Wetlands; (b) areas with a critical recharging effect on aquifers
 11 used for potable water; (c) fish and wildlife habitat conservation
 12 areas; (d) frequently flooded areas; and (e) geologically hazardous
 13 areas.
- 14 (6) "Department" means the department of community, trade, and 15 economic development.
- 16 (7) "Development regulations" or "regulation" means the controls 17 placed on development or land use activities by a county or city, 18 including, but not limited to, zoning ordinances, critical areas 19 ordinances, shoreline master programs, official controls, planned unit 20 development ordinances, subdivision ordinances, and binding site plan ordinances together with any amendments thereto. A development 21 22 regulation does not include a decision to approve a project permit application, as defined in RCW 36.70B.020, even though the decision may 23 24 be expressed in a resolution or ordinance of the legislative body of 25 the county or city.
 - (8) "Forest land" means land primarily devoted to growing trees for long-term commercial timber production on land that can be economically and practically managed for such production, including Christmas trees subject to the excise tax imposed under RCW 84.33.100 through 84.33.140, and that has long-term commercial significance. In determining whether forest land is primarily devoted to growing trees for long-term commercial timber production on land that can be economically and practically managed for such production, the following factors shall be considered: (a) The proximity of the land to urban, suburban, and rural settlements; (b) surrounding parcel size and the compatibility and intensity of adjacent and nearby land uses; (c) long-term local economic conditions that affect the ability to manage for timber production; and (d) the availability of public facilities and services conducive to conversion of forest land to other uses.

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- 1 (9) "Geologically hazardous areas" means areas that because of 2 their susceptibility to erosion, sliding, earthquake, or other 3 geological events, are not suited to the siting of commercial, 4 residential, or industrial development consistent with public health or 5 safety concerns.
- 6 (10) "Long-term commercial significance" includes the growing 7 capacity, productivity, and soil composition of the land for long-term 8 commercial production, in consideration with the land's proximity to 9 population areas, and the possibility of more intense uses of the land.
- 10 (11) "Minerals" include gravel, sand, and valuable metallic 11 substances.
- 12 (12) "Public facilities" include streets, roads, highways, 13 sidewalks, street and road lighting systems, traffic signals, domestic 14 water systems, storm and sanitary sewer systems, parks and recreational 15 facilities, and schools.
- 16 (13) "Public services" include fire protection and suppression, law 17 enforcement, public health, education, recreation, environmental 18 protection, and other governmental services.
- 19 (14) "Rural character" refers to the patterns of land use and 20 development established by a county:
- 21 <u>(a) In which open space, the natural landscape, and vegetation</u>
 22 predominate over the built environment;
- 23 <u>(b) That foster traditional rural lifestyles and rural-based</u> 24 <u>economies</u>;
- 25 <u>(c) That provide visual landscapes that are traditionally found in</u> 26 rural areas and communities;
- 27 <u>(d) That reduce the inappropriate conversion of undeveloped land</u> 28 <u>into sprawling, low-density development;</u>
- 29 <u>(e) That generally do not require the extension of urban</u> 30 governmental services; and
- 31 <u>(f) That are consistent with the protection of natural surface</u> 32 <u>water flows and ground water and surface water recharge and discharge</u>
- 33 <u>areas</u>.
- 34 (15) "Rural development" refers to development outside the urban
- 35 growth area and outside agricultural, forest, and mineral resource
- 36 lands designated pursuant to RCW 36.70A.170. Rural development can
- 37 consist of a variety of uses and residential densities at levels that
- 38 are consistent with the preservation of rural character and the
- 39 <u>requirements of the rural element.</u>

(16) "Rural governmental services" or "rural services" include those public services and public facilities historically and typically delivered at an intensity usually found in rural areas, and may include domestic water systems, fire and police protection services, transportation and public transit services, and other public utilities associated with rural development and normally not associated with urban areas. Rural services do not include storm or sanitary sewers, except as otherwise authorized by RCW 36.70A.110(4).

 (17) "Urban growth" refers to growth that makes intensive use of land for the location of buildings, structures, and impermeable surfaces to such a degree as to be incompatible with the primary use of ((such)) land for the production of food, other agricultural products, or fiber, or the extraction of mineral resources, rural uses, rural development, and natural resource lands designated pursuant to RCW 36.70A.170. A pattern of more intensive rural development, as provided in RCW 36.70A.070(5)(d), is not urban growth. When allowed to spread over wide areas, urban growth typically requires urban governmental services. "Characterized by urban growth" refers to land having urban growth located on it, or to land located in relationship to an area with urban growth on it as to be appropriate for urban growth.

 $((\frac{15}{15}))$ (18) "Urban growth areas" means those areas designated by 22 a county pursuant to RCW 36.70A.110.

 $((\frac{16}{)})$ (19) "Urban governmental services" or "urban services" include those ((governmental)) public services and public facilities at an intensity historically and typically ((delivered by)) provided in cities, ((and include)) specifically including storm and sanitary sewer systems, domestic water systems, street cleaning services, fire and police protection services, public transit services, and other public utilities associated with urban areas and normally not associated with ((nonurban)) rural areas.

 $((\frac{17}{17}))$ (20) "Wetland" or "wetlands" means areas that are inundated or saturated by surface water or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas. Wetlands do not include those artificial wetlands intentionally created from nonwetland sites, including, but not limited to, irrigation and drainage ditches, grass-lined swales, canals, detention facilities, wastewater treatment facilities, farm

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- l ponds, and landscape amenities, or those wetlands created after July 1,
- 2 1990, that were unintentionally created as a result of the construction
- 3 of a road, street, or highway. Wetlands may include those artificial
- 4 wetlands intentionally created from nonwetland areas created to
- 5 mitigate conversion of wetlands.
- 6 **Sec. 4.** RCW 36.70A.070 and 1996 c 239 s 1 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
- 8 The comprehensive plan of a county or city that is required or
- 9 chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall consist of a map or maps,
- 10 and descriptive text covering objectives, principles, and standards
- 11 used to develop the comprehensive plan. The plan shall be an
- 12 internally consistent document and all elements shall be consistent
- 13 with the future land use map. A comprehensive plan shall be adopted
- 14 and amended with public participation as provided in RCW 36.70A.140.
- Each comprehensive plan shall include a plan, scheme, or design for each of the following:
- 17 (1) A land use element designating the proposed general
- 18 distribution and general location and extent of the uses of land, where
- 19 appropriate, for agriculture, timber production, housing, commerce,
- 20 industry, recreation, open spaces, general aviation airports, public
- 21 utilities, public facilities, and other land uses. The land use
- 22 element shall include population densities, building intensities, and
- 23 estimates of future population growth. The land use element shall
- 24 provide for protection of the quality and quantity of ground water used
- 25 for public water supplies. Where applicable, the land use element
- 26 shall review drainage, flooding, and storm water run-off in the area
- 27 and nearby jurisdictions and provide guidance for corrective actions to
- 28 mitigate or cleanse those discharges that pollute waters of the state,
- 29 including Puget Sound or waters entering Puget Sound.
- 30 (2) A housing element ensuring the vitality and character of
- 31 established residential neighborhoods that: (a) Includes an inventory
- 32 and analysis of existing and projected housing needs; (b) includes a
- 33 statement of goals, policies, objectives, and mandatory provisions for
- 34 the preservation, improvement, and development of housing, including
- 35 single-family residences; (c) identifies sufficient land for housing,
- 36 including, but not limited to, government-assisted housing, housing for
- 37 low-income families, manufactured housing, multifamily housing, and
- 38 group homes and foster care facilities; and (d) makes adequate

1 provisions for existing and projected needs of all economic segments of 2 the community.

- 3 (3) A capital facilities plan element consisting of: (a) An 4 inventory of existing capital facilities owned by public entities, showing the locations and capacities of the capital facilities; (b) a 5 forecast of the future needs for such capital facilities; (c) the 6 7 proposed locations and capacities of expanded or new capital 8 facilities; (d) at least a six-year plan that will finance such capital 9 facilities within projected funding capacities and clearly identifies 10 sources of public money for such purposes; and (e) a requirement to reassess the land use element if probable funding falls short of 11 meeting existing needs and to ensure that the land use element, capital 12 facilities plan element, and financing plan within the capital 13 14 facilities plan element are coordinated and consistent.
- 15 (4) A utilities element consisting of the general location, 16 proposed location, and capacity of all existing and proposed utilities, 17 including, but not limited to, electrical lines, telecommunication 18 lines, and natural gas lines.
- 19 (5) <u>Rural development.</u> Counties shall include a rural element 20 including lands that are not designated for urban growth, agriculture, 21 forest, or mineral resources. <u>The following provisions shall apply to</u> 22 <u>the rural element:</u>

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- (a) Growth management act goals and local circumstances. Because circumstances vary from county to county, in establishing patterns of rural densities and uses, a county may consider local circumstances, but shall develop a written record explaining how the rural element harmonizes the planning goals in RCW 36.70A.020 and meets the requirements of this chapter.
- 29 (b) Rural development. The rural element shall permit 30 ((appropriate land uses that are compatible with the rural character of 31 such lands)) rural development and provide for a variety of rural densities ((and)), uses ((and may also provide)), essential public 32 facilities, and rural governmental services needed to serve the 33 34 permitted densities and uses. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this chapter, residential and nonresidential uses shall not 35 require urban services and nonresidential uses. In order to achieve a 36 variety of rural densities and uses, counties may provide for 37 38 clustering, density transfer, design guidelines, conservation 39 easements, and other innovative techniques that will accommodate

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1 appropriate rural <u>densities and</u> uses <u>that are</u> not characterized by 2 urban growth <u>and that are consistent with rural character</u>.

- (c) Limited areas of more intensive rural development. Subject to the requirements of this subsection and except as otherwise specifically provided in this subsection (5)(d), the rural element may allow for limited areas of more intensive rural development, including necessary public facilities and public services to serve the limited area as follows:
- 9 (i) Rural development consisting of the infill, development, or redevelopment of existing commercial, industrial, residential, or 10 mixed-use areas, whether characterized as shoreline development, 11 12 villages, hamlets, rural activity centers, or crossroads developments. A commercial, industrial, residential, shoreline, or mixed-use area 13 14 shall have been in existence before July 1, 1990, and shall be subject to the requirements of (d)(iv) of this subsection, but shall not be 15 subject to the requirements of (c)(ii) and (iii) of this subsection; 16
 - (ii) The intensification of development on lots containing, or new development of, small-scale recreational or tourist uses, including commercial facilities to serve those recreational or tourist uses, that rely on a rural location and setting, but that do not include residential development. Public services and public facilities shall be limited to those necessary to serve the recreation or tourist use and shall be provided in a manner that does not permit low-density sprawl;
 - (iii) The intensification of development on lots containing isolated nonresidential uses that are not principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population and nonresidential uses and that were in existence before the date by which the county was required to have adopted a comprehensive plan under RCW 36.70A.040. Public services and public facilities shall be limited to those necessary to serve the isolated nonresidential use and shall be provided in a manner that does not permit low-density sprawl;
- (iv) A county shall adopt measures to minimize and contain the
 existing areas or uses of more intensive rural development, as
 appropriate, authorized under this subsection. Lands included in such
 existing areas or uses shall not extend beyond the logical outer
 boundary of the existing area or use, thereby allowing a new pattern of
 low-density sprawl. Existing areas are those that, as of July 1, 1990,
 are clearly identifiable and contained and where there is a logical

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- 1 boundary delineated predominately by the built environment, but that
- 2 may also include undeveloped lands if limited as provided in this
- 3 subsection. The county shall establish the logical outer boundary of
- 4 <u>an area of more intensive rural development</u>. <u>In establishing the</u>
- 5 <u>logical outer boundary the county shall address (A) the need to</u>
- 6 preserve the character of existing natural neighborhoods and
- 7 communities, (B) physical boundaries such as bodies of water, streets
- 8 and highways, and land forms and contours, (C) the prevention of
- 9 abnormally irregular boundaries, and (D) the ability to provide public
- 10 <u>facilities and public services in a manner that does not permit low-</u>
- 11 density sprawl.
- 12 <u>(d) Exception. This subsection shall not be interpreted to permit</u>
- 13 <u>in the rural area a major industrial development or a master planned</u>
- 14 resort unless otherwise specifically permitted under RCW 36.70A.360 and
- 15 <u>36.70A.365</u>.
- 16 (6) A transportation element that implements, and is consistent
- 17 with, the land use element. The transportation element shall include
- 18 the following subelements:
- 19 (a) Land use assumptions used in estimating travel;
- 20 (b) Facilities and services needs, including:
- 21 (i) An inventory of air, water, and ground transportation
- 22 facilities and services, including transit alignments and general
- 23 aviation airport facilities, to define existing capital facilities and
- 24 travel levels as a basis for future planning;
- 25 (ii) Level of service standards for all arterials and transit
- 26 routes to serve as a gauge to judge performance of the system. These
- 27 standards should be regionally coordinated;
- 28 (iii) Specific actions and requirements for bringing into
- 29 compliance any facilities or services that are below an established
- 30 level of service standard;
- 31 (iv) Forecasts of traffic for at least ten years based on the
- 32 adopted land use plan to provide information on the location, timing,
- 33 and capacity needs of future growth;
- 34 (v) Identification of system expansion needs and transportation
- 35 system management needs to meet current and future demands;
- 36 (c) Finance, including:
- 37 (i) An analysis of funding capability to judge needs against
- 38 probable funding resources;

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- 1 (ii) A multiyear financing plan based on the needs identified in 2 the comprehensive plan, the appropriate parts of which shall serve as 3 the basis for the six-year street, road, or transit program required by 4 RCW 35.77.010 for cities, RCW 36.81.121 for counties, and RCW 5 35.58.2795 for public transportation systems;
- 6 (iii) If probable funding falls short of meeting identified needs, 7 a discussion of how additional funding will be raised, or how land use 8 assumptions will be reassessed to ensure that level of service 9 standards will be met;
- 10 (d) Intergovernmental coordination efforts, including an assessment 11 of the impacts of the transportation plan and land use assumptions on 12 the transportation systems of adjacent jurisdictions;
- 13 (e) Demand-management strategies.

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After adoption of the comprehensive plan by jurisdictions required 14 15 to plan or who choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, local jurisdictions must adopt and enforce ordinances which prohibit development approval 16 if the development causes the level of service on a transportation 17 facility to decline below the standards adopted in the transportation 18 19 element of the comprehensive plan, unless transportation improvements 20 or strategies to accommodate the impacts of development are made concurrent with the development. 21 These strategies may include increased public transportation service, ride sharing programs, demand 22 23 management, and other transportation systems management strategies. 24 For the purposes of this subsection (6) "concurrent with the 25 development" shall mean that improvements or strategies are in place at 26 the time of development, or that a financial commitment is in place to complete the improvements or strategies within six years. 27

The transportation element described in this subsection, and the six-year plans required by RCW 35.77.010 for cities, RCW 36.81.121 for counties, and RCW 35.58.2795 for public transportation systems, must be consistent.

32 **Sec. 5.** RCW 36.70A.160 and 1992 c 227 s 1 are each amended to read 33 as follows:

(1) Each county and city that is required or chooses to prepare a comprehensive land use plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall identify open space corridors within and between urban growth areas. They shall include lands useful for recreation, wildlife habitat, trails, and connection of critical areas as defined in RCW 36.70A.030.

- (2) Identification of a corridor under this section by a county or city shall not restrict the use or management of lands within the corridor for agricultural or forest purposes. Restrictions on the use or management of such lands for agricultural or forest purposes imposed after identification solely to maintain or enhance the value of such lands as a corridor may occur only if:
- 7 <u>(a) The county or city acquires sufficient interest to prevent</u> 8 development of the lands or to control the resource development of the 9 lands; or
- 10 (b) A private or public nonprofit organization acquires sufficient
 11 interest to prevent development of the lands or to control the resource
 12 development of the lands.
- (3) The requirement for acquisition of sufficient interest does not include those corridors regulated by the interstate commerce commission, under provisions of 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1247(d), 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1248, or 43 U.S.C. Sec. 912. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to alter the authority of the state, or a county or city, to regulate land use activities.
- 19 <u>(4)</u> The city or county may acquire by donation or purchase the fee 20 simple or lesser interests in these open space corridors using funds 21 authorized by RCW 84.34.230 or other sources.
- 22 **Sec. 6.** RCW 36.70A.190 and 1991 sp.s. c 32 s 3 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

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- (1) The department shall establish a program of technical and financial assistance and incentives to counties and cities to encourage and facilitate the adoption, evaluation, refinement, and implementation of comprehensive plans and development regulations throughout the state. The department may provide technical assistance to neighborhood and community organizations to encourage and facilitate the adoption and implementation of comprehensive plans and development regulations.
- 31 (2) The department shall develop a priority list and establish 32 funding levels for planning and technical assistance grants both for 33 counties and cities that plan under RCW 36.70A.040. Priority for 34 assistance shall be based on a county's or city's population growth 35 rates, commercial and industrial development rates, the existence and 36 quality of a comprehensive plan and development regulations, and other 37 relevant factors.

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- (3) The department shall develop and administer a grant program to 1 2 provide direct financial assistance to counties and cities for the preparation of comprehensive plans under this chapter. The department 3 4 may establish provisions for county and city matching funds to conduct activities under this subsection. Grants may be expended for any 5 purpose directly related to the preparation of a county or city 6 7 comprehensive plan as the county or city and the department may agree, 8 including, without limitation, the conducting of surveys, inventories 9 and other data gathering and management activities, the retention of 10 planning consultants, contracts with regional councils for planning and related services, and other related purposes. 11
- 12 (4) The department shall establish a program of technical 13 assistance:
- (a) Utilizing department staff, the staff of other state agencies, and the technical resources of counties and cities to help in the development of comprehensive plans required under this chapter. The technical assistance may include, but not be limited to, model land use ordinances, regional education and training programs, and information for local and regional inventories; and
- (b) Adopting by rule procedural criteria to assist counties and cities in adopting comprehensive plans and development regulations that meet the goals and requirements of this chapter. These criteria shall reflect regional and local variations and the diversity that exists among different counties and cities that plan under this chapter.
- 25 (5) The department shall provide mediation services to resolve 26 disputes between counties and cities regarding, among other things, 27 coordination of regional issues and designation of urban growth areas.
- 28 (6) The department shall provide planning grants to enhance citizen 29 participation under RCW 36.70A.140.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 7.** A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
- 32 (1) The public participation requirements of this chapter shall 33 include notice procedures that are reasonably calculated to provide 34 notice to property owners and other affected and interested 35 individuals, tribes, government agencies, businesses, and organizations 36 of proposed amendments to comprehensive plans and development 37 regulation. Examples of reasonable notice provisions include:
 - (a) Posting the property for site-specific proposals;

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- 1 (b) Publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the 2 county, city, or general area where the proposal is located or that 3 will be affected by the proposal;
- 4 (c) Notifying public or private groups with known interest in a 5 certain proposal or in the type of proposal being considered;
- 6 (d) Placing notices in appropriate regional, neighborhood, ethnic, 7 or trade journals; and
- 8 (e) Publishing notice in agency newsletters or sending notice to 9 agency mailing lists, including general lists or lists for specific 10 proposals or subject areas.
- 11 (2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in (b) of this subsection, if 12 the legislative body for a county or city chooses to consider a change 13 to an amendment to a comprehensive plan or development regulation, and 14 the change is proposed after the opportunity for review and comment has 15 passed under the county's or city's procedures, an opportunity for 16 review and comment on the proposed change shall be provided before the 17 local legislative body votes on the proposed change.
- 18 (b) An additional opportunity for public review and comment is not 19 required under (a) of this subsection if:
- (i) An environmental impact statement has been prepared under chapter 43.21C RCW for the pending resolution or ordinance and the proposed change is within the range of alternatives considered in the environmental impact statement;
- (ii) The proposed change is within the scope of the alternatives available for public comment;
- (iii) The proposed change only corrects typographical errors, corrects cross-references, makes address or name changes, or clarifies language of a proposed ordinance or resolution without changing its effect;
- (iv) The proposed change is to a resolution or ordinance making a capital budget decision as provided in RCW 36.70A.120; or
- (v) The proposed change is to a resolution or ordinance enacting a moratorium or interim control adopted under RCW 36.70A.390.
- 34 (3) This section is prospective in effect and does not apply to a 35 comprehensive plan, development regulation, or amendment adopted before 36 the effective date of this section.
- 37 **Sec. 8.** RCW 36.70A.130 and 1995 c 347 s 106 are each amended to 38 read as follows:

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1 (1) Each comprehensive land use plan and development regulations 2 shall be subject to continuing evaluation and review by the county or 3 city that adopted them.

Any amendment or revision to a comprehensive land use plan shall conform to this chapter, and any change to development regulations shall be consistent with and implement the comprehensive plan.

- (2)(a) Each county and city shall establish and broadly disseminate to the public a public participation program identifying procedures whereby proposed amendments or revisions of the comprehensive plan are considered by the governing body of the county or city no more frequently than once every year except that amendments may be considered more frequently under the following circumstances:
 - (i) The initial adoption of a subarea plan; ((and))

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- (ii) The adoption or amendment of a shoreline master program under the procedures set forth in chapter 90.58 RCW; and
- 16 <u>(iii) The amendment of the capital facilities element of a</u>
 17 <u>comprehensive plan that occurs concurrently with the adoption or</u>
 18 <u>amendment of a county or city budget.</u>
 - (b) Except as otherwise provided in (a) of this subsection, all proposals shall be considered by the governing body concurrently so the cumulative effect of the various proposals can be ascertained. However, after appropriate public participation a county or city may adopt amendments or revisions to its comprehensive plan that conform with this chapter whenever an emergency exists or to resolve an appeal of a comprehensive plan filed with a growth management hearings board or with the court.
- (3) Each county that designates urban growth areas under RCW 27 36.70A.110 shall review, at least every ten years, its designated urban 28 growth area or areas, and the densities permitted within both the 29 30 incorporated and unincorporated portions of each urban growth area. In conjunction with this review by the county, each city located within an 31 urban growth area shall review the densities permitted within its 32 boundaries, and the extent to which the urban growth occurring within 33 34 the county has located within each city and the unincorporated portions 35 of the urban growth areas. The county comprehensive plan designating urban growth areas, and the densities permitted in the urban growth 36 37 areas by the comprehensive plans of the county and each city located within the urban growth areas, shall be revised to accommodate the 38

- urban growth projected to occur in the county for the succeeding 2 twenty-year period.
- 3 Sec. 9. RCW 36.70A.270 and 1996 c 325 s 1 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
- 5 Each growth management hearings board shall be governed by the following rules on conduct and procedure: 6
- 7 (1) Any board member may be removed for inefficiency, malfeasance, 8 and misfeasance in office, under specific written charges filed by the The governor shall transmit such written charges to the member accused and the chief justice of the supreme court. justice shall thereupon designate a tribunal composed of three judges 11 of the superior court to hear and adjudicate the charges. Removal of any member of a board by the tribunal shall disqualify such member for 14 reappointment.

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- (2) Each board member shall receive reimbursement for travel 15 expenses incurred in the discharge of his or her duties in accordance 16 with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. If it is determined that the review 17 18 boards shall operate on a full-time basis, each member shall receive an 19 annual salary to be determined by the governor pursuant to RCW 43.03.040. If it is determined that a review board shall operate on a 20 21 part-time basis, each member shall receive compensation pursuant to RCW 22 43.03.250, provided such amount shall not exceed the amount that would 23 be set if they were a full-time board member. The principal office of 24 each board shall be located by the governor within the jurisdictional 25 boundaries of each board. The boards shall operate on either a parttime or full-time basis, as determined by the governor. 26
- (3) Each board member shall not: (a) Be a candidate for or hold any other public office or trust; (b) engage in any occupation or business interfering with or inconsistent with his or her duty as a board member; and (c) for a period of one year after the termination of his or her board membership, act in a representative capacity before 31 the board on any matter.
 - (4) A majority of each board shall constitute a quorum for making orders or decisions, adopting rules necessary for the conduct of its powers and duties, or transacting other official business, and may act even though one position of the board is vacant. One or more members may hold hearings and take testimony to be reported for action by the board when authorized by rule or order of the board. The board shall

p. 15 ESB 5758 1 perform all the powers and duties specified in this chapter or as 2 otherwise provided by law.

- 3 (5) The board may appoint one or more hearing examiners to assist 4 the board in its hearing function, to make conclusions of law and and, if 5 findings of fact requested by the board, recommendations to the board for decisions in cases before the board. 6 7 Such hearing examiners must have demonstrated knowledge of land use 8 planning and law. The boards shall specify in their joint rules of 9 practice and procedure, as required by subsection (7) of this section, 10 the procedure and criteria to be employed for designating hearing examiners as a presiding officer. Hearing examiners selected by a 11 board shall meet the requirements of subsection (3) of this section. 12 13 The findings and conclusions of the hearing examiner shall not become 14 final until they have been formally approved by the board. 15 authorization to use hearing examiners does not waive the requirement 16 of RCW 36.70A.300 that final orders be issued within one hundred eighty 17 days of board receipt of a petition.
- (6) Each board shall make findings of fact and prepare a written decision in each case decided by it, and such findings and decision shall be effective upon being signed by two or more members of the board and upon being filed at the board's principal office, and shall be open for public inspection at all reasonable times.
 - (7) All proceedings before the board, any of its members, or a hearing examiner appointed by the board shall be conducted in accordance with such administrative rules of practice and procedure as the boards jointly prescribe. All three boards shall jointly meet to develop and adopt joint rules of practice and procedure, including rules regarding expeditious and summary disposition of appeals. The boards shall publish such rules and decisions they render and arrange for the reasonable distribution of the rules and decisions. Except as it conflicts with specific provisions of this chapter, the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, and specifically including the provisions of RCW 34.05.455 governing ex parte communications, shall govern the practice and procedure of the boards.
- 35 (8) A board member or hearing examiner is subject disqualification under chapter 34.05 RCW. The joint rules of practice 36 37 of the boards shall establish procedures by which a party to a hearing conducted before the board may file with the board a motion to 38

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- 1 disqualify, with supporting affidavit, against a board member or
- 2 hearing examiner assigned to preside at the hearing.
- 3 (9) The members of the boards shall meet jointly on at least an
- 4 annual basis with the objective of sharing information that promotes
- 5 the goals and purposes of this chapter.
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** A new section is added to chapter 36.70A
- 7 RCW to read as follows:
- 8 (1) A growth management hearings board may only take official
- 9 notice of:
- 10 (a) Any judicially cognizable facts, including adopted resolutions
- 11 or ordinances of a county or city;
- 12 (b) Technical or scientific facts within the board's specialized
- 13 knowledge; and
- 14 (c) Codes or standards that have been adopted by an agency of the
- 15 United States, of this state or of another state, or by a nationally
- 16 recognized organization or association.
- 17 (2) Parties shall be notified either before or during the hearing,
- 18 or by reference in preliminary reports or otherwise, of the material so
- 19 noticed and the sources thereof, including any staff memoranda and
- 20 data, and they shall be afforded an opportunity to contest the facts
- 21 and material so noticed. A party proposing that official notice be
- 22 taken may be required to produce a copy of the material to be noticed.
- 23 **Sec. 11.** RCW 36.70A.290 and 1995 c 347 s 109 are each amended to
- 24 read as follows:
- 25 (1) All requests for review to a growth management hearings board
- 26 shall be initiated by filing a petition that includes a detailed
- 27 statement of issues presented for resolution by the board. The board
- 28 shall render written decisions articulating the basis for its holdings.
- 29 The board shall not issue advisory opinions on issues not presented to
- 30 the board in the statement of issues, as modified by any prehearing
- 31 <u>order.</u>
- 32 (2) All petitions relating to whether or not an adopted
- 33 comprehensive plan, development regulation, or permanent amendment
- 34 thereto, is in compliance with the goals and requirements of this
- 35 chapter or chapter 90.58 or 43.21C RCW must be filed within sixty days
- 36 after publication by the legislative bodies of the county or city.

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- 1 (a) Except as provided in (c) of this subsection, the date of 2 publication for a city shall be the date the city publishes the 3 ordinance, or summary of the ordinance, adopting the comprehensive plan 4 or development regulations, or amendment thereto, as is required to be 5 published.
- 6 (b) Promptly after adoption, a county shall publish a notice that 7 it has adopted the comprehensive plan or development regulations, or 8 amendment thereto.
- 9 Except as provided in (c) of this subsection, for purposes of this 10 section the date of publication for a county shall be the date the 11 county publishes the notice that it has adopted the comprehensive plan 12 or development regulations, or amendment thereto.
- 13 (c) For local governments planning under RCW 36.70A.040, promptly after approval or disapproval of a local government s shoreline master 14 15 program or amendment thereto by the department of ecology as provided in RCW 90.58.090, the local government shall publish a notice that the 16 17 shoreline master program or amendment thereto has been approved or disapproved by the department of ecology. 18 For purposes of this 19 section, the date of publication for the adoption or amendment of a 20 shoreline master program is the date the local government publishes 21 notice that the shoreline master program or amendment thereto has been 22 approved or disapproved by the department of ecology.
- (3) Unless the board dismisses the petition as frivolous or finds that the person filing the petition lacks standing, or the parties have filed an agreement to have the case heard in superior court as provided in section 12 of this act, the board shall, within ten days of receipt of the petition, set a time for hearing the matter.
- (4) The board shall base its decision on the record developed by the city, county, or the state and supplemented with additional evidence if the board determines that such additional evidence would be necessary or of substantial assistance to the board in reaching its decision.
- 33 (5) The board, shall consolidate, when appropriate, all petitions 34 involving the review of the same comprehensive plan or the same 35 development regulation or regulations.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

A petition filed under RCW 36.70A.290 may be directly reviewed by the superior court upon certification by the growth management hearings board that all the parties to the proceeding before the board have agreed in writing to have the petition directly reviewed by the superior court. The agreement shall be filed with the board within ten days after the petition has been filed, or if multiple petitions have been filed and the board has consolidated the appeals under RCW 36.70A.300, within ten days after the date the last petition is filed. The provisions of RCW 36.70A.280 through 36.70A.340 as they relate to review of actions by a state agency or a county or city under this chapter apply to the review conducted by the superior court.

Sec. 13. RCW 36.70A.300 and 1995 c 347 s 110 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

- (1) The board shall issue a final order ((within one hundred eighty days of receipt of the petition for review, or, when multiple petitions are filed, within one hundred eighty days of receipt of the last petition that is consolidated. Such a final order)) that shall be based exclusively on whether or not a state agency, county, or city is in compliance with the requirements of this chapter, chapter 90.58 RCW as it relates to adoption or amendment of shoreline master programs, or chapter 43.21C RCW as it relates to adoption of plans, development regulations, and amendments thereto, ((adopted)) under RCW 36.70A.040 or chapter 90.58 RCW.
- 24 (2)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the final 25 order shall be issued within one hundred eighty days of receipt of the 26 petition for review, or, if multiple petitions are filed, within one 27 hundred eighty days of receipt of the last petition that is 28 consolidated.
 - (b) The board may extend the period of time for issuing a decision to enable the parties to settle the dispute if additional time is necessary to achieve a settlement, and (i) an extension is requested by all parties, or (ii) an extension is requested by the petitioner and respondent and the board determines that a negotiated settlement between the remaining parties could resolve significant issues in dispute. The request must be filed with the board not later than seven days before the date scheduled for the hearing on the merits of the petition. The board may authorize one or more extensions for up to ninety days each, subject to the requirements of this section.

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(3) In the final order, the board shall either:

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- (a) Find that the state agency, county, or city is in compliance with the requirements of this chapter ((or)), chapter 90.58 RCW as it relates to the adoption or amendment of shoreline master programs, or chapter 43.21C RCW as it relates to adoption of plans, development regulations, and amendments thereto, under RCW 36.70A.040 or chapter 90.58 RCW; or
- 8 (b) \underline{F} ind that the state agency, county, or city is not in compliance with the requirements of this chapter ((or)), chapter 90.58 9 10 RCW as it relates to the adoption or amendment of shoreline master programs, or chapter 43.21C RCW as it relates to adoption of plans, 11 development regulations, and amendments thereto, under RCW 36.70A.040 12 or chapter 90.58 RCW, in which case the board shall remand the matter 13 to the affected state agency, county, or city ((and)). The board shall 14 15 specify a reasonable time not in excess of one hundred eighty days, or such longer period as determined by the board in cases of unusual scope 16 or complexity, within which the state agency, county, or city shall 17 18 comply with the requirements of this chapter. The board may require 19 periodic reports to the board on the progress the jurisdiction is 20 making towards compliance.
 - $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$ (4) Unless the board makes a determination of invalidity as provided in section 14 of this act, a finding of noncompliance and an order of remand shall not affect the validity of comprehensive plans and development regulations during the period of remand((, unless the board's final order also:
- (a) Includes a determination, supported by findings of fact and conclusions of law, that the continued validity of the plan or regulation would substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter; and
- 30 (b) Specifies the particular part or parts of the plan or 31 regulation that are determined to be invalid, and the reasons for their 32 invalidity.
 - (3) A determination of invalidity shall:
- 34 (a) Be prospective in effect and shall not extinguish rights that 35 vested under state or local law before the date of the board's order; 36 and
- 37 (b) Subject any development application that would otherwise vest
 38 after the date of the board's order to the local ordinance or
 39 resolution that both is enacted in response to the order of remand and

- determined by the board pursuant to RCW 36.70A.330 to comply with the requirements of this chapter.
- (4) If the ordinance that adopts a plan or development regulation under this chapter includes a savings clause intended to revive prior policies or regulations in the event the new plan or regulations are determined to be invalid, the board shall determine under subsection (2) of this section whether the prior policies or regulations are valid during the period of remand)).
- 9 (5) Any party aggrieved by a final decision of the hearings board 10 may appeal the decision to superior court as provided in RCW 34.05.514 11 or 36.01.050 within thirty days of the final order of the board.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 14.** A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
- 14 (1) A board may determine that part or all of a comprehensive plan 15 or development regulations are invalid if the board:
- 16 (a) Makes a finding of noncompliance and issues an order of remand 17 under RCW 36.70A.300;
- 18 (b) Includes in the final order a determination, supported by 19 findings of fact and conclusions of law, that the continued validity of 20 part or parts of the plan or regulation would substantially interfere 21 with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter; and
- (c) Specifies in the final order the particular part or parts of the plan or regulation that are determined to be invalid, and the reasons for their invalidity.
- (2) A determination of invalidity is prospective in effect and does not extinguish rights that vested under state or local law before receipt of the board's order by the city or county. The determination of invalidity does not apply to a completed development permit application and related construction permits for a project that vested under state or local law on or before the date of the board's order.
- (3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in (b) of this subsection, a completed development permit application not vested under state or local law before receipt by the county or city of the board's determination of invalidity vests to the local ordinance or resolution that is determined by the board not to substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter.
- 37 (b) Even though the application is not vested under state or local 38 law before receipt by the county or city of the board's order, a

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determination of invalidity does not apply to a completed development 1 permit application for:

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- (i) A permit for construction by any owner, lessee, or contract purchaser of a single-family residence for his or her own use or for the use of his or her family on a lot existing before receipt by the county or city of the board's order, except as otherwise specifically provided in the board's order to protect the public health and safety;
- (ii) A building permit and related construction permits for remodeling or expansion of an existing structure on a lot existing before receipt of the board's order by the county or city; and
- (iii) A boundary line adjustment or a division of land that does 11 not increase the number of buildable lots existing before receipt of 12 13 the board's order by the county or city.
 - (4) If the ordinance that adopts a plan or development regulation under this chapter includes a savings clause intended to revive prior policies or regulations in the event the new plan or regulations are determined to be invalid, the board shall determine under subsection (1) of this section whether the prior policies or regulations are valid during the period of remand.
 - (5) A county or city subject to a determination of invalidity may adopt interim controls and other measures to be in effect until it adopts a comprehensive plan and development regulations that comply with the requirements of this chapter. A development permit application may vest under an interim control or measure upon determination by the board that the interim controls and other measures do not substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter.
 - (6) A county or city subject to a determination of invalidity may file a motion requesting that the board clarify, modify, or rescind the order. The board shall expeditiously schedule a hearing on the motion. At the hearing on the motion, the parties may present information to the board to clarify the part or parts of the comprehensive plan or development regulations to which the final order applies. shall issue any supplemental order based on the information provided at the hearing not later than thirty days after the date of the hearing.
- (7)(a) If a determination of invalidity has been made and the 36 37 county or city has enacted an ordinance or resolution amending the invalidated part or parts of the plan or regulation or establishing 38 39 interim controls on development affected by the order of invalidity,

- after a compliance hearing, the board shall modify or rescind the determination of invalidity if it determines under the standard in subsection (1) of this section that the plan or regulation, as amended or made subject to such interim controls, will no longer substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter.
- 6 (b) If the board determines that part or parts of the plan or regulation are no longer invalid as provided in this subsection, but 8 does not find that the plan or regulation is in compliance with all of 9 the requirements of this chapter, the board, in its order, may require 10 periodic reports to the board on the progress the jurisdiction is 11 making towards compliance.
- 12 **Sec. 15.** RCW 36.70A.305 and 1996 c 325 s 4 are each amended to 13 read as follows:
- The court shall provide expedited review of ((a determination of invalidity or)) an order ((effectuating)) that includes a determination of invalidity made or issued under RCW 36.70A.300 and section 14 of this act. The matter must be set for hearing within sixty days of the date set for submitting the board's record, absent a showing of good cause for a different date or a stipulation of the parties.
- 20 **Sec. 16.** RCW 36.70A.320 and 1995 c 347 s 111 are each amended to 21 read as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in subsection $((\frac{2}{2}))$ of this section, comprehensive plans and development regulations, and amendments thereto, adopted under this chapter are presumed valid upon adoption.

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- (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4) of this section, the burden is on the petitioner to demonstrate that any action taken by a state agency, county, or city under this chapter is not in compliance with the requirements of this chapter.
- (3) In any petition under this chapter, the board, after full consideration of the petition, shall determine whether there is compliance with the requirements of this chapter. In making its determination, the board shall consider the criteria adopted by the department under RCW 36.70A.190(4). The board shall find compliance unless it ((finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the state agency, county, or city erroneously interpreted or applied this chapter)) determines that the action by the state agency, county, or

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- 1 <u>city is clearly erroneous in view of the entire record before the board</u> 2 <u>and in light of the goals and requirements of this chapter.</u>
- ((\(\frac{(2)}{2}\)) (4) A county or city subject to a determination of invalidity made under RCW 36.70A.300 or section 14 of this act has the burden of demonstrating that the ordinance or resolution it has enacted in response to the determination of invalidity will no longer substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of chapter . . . Laws of 1997 (this act) under the standard in section 14(1) of this act.
- 10 <u>(5)</u> The shoreline element of a comprehensive plan and the 11 applicable development regulations adopted by a county or city shall 12 take effect as provided in chapter 90.58 RCW.
- 13 **Sec. 17.** RCW 36.70A.330 and 1995 c 347 s 112 are each amended to 14 read as follows:
- (1) After the time set for complying with the requirements of this chapter under RCW ((36.70A.300(1)(b))) 36.70A.300(3)(b) has expired, or at an earlier time upon the motion of a county or city subject to a determination of invalidity under RCW 36.70A.300, the board shall set a hearing for the purpose of determining whether the state agency, county, or city is in compliance with the requirements of this chapter.
 - (2) The board shall conduct a hearing and issue a finding of compliance or noncompliance with the requirements of this chapter and with any compliance schedule established by the board in its final order. A person with standing to challenge the legislation enacted in response to the board's final order may participate in the hearing along with the petitioner and the state agency, ((city, or)) county, or city. A hearing under this subsection shall be given the highest priority of business to be conducted by the board, and a finding shall be issued within forty-five days of the filing of the motion under subsection (1) of this section with the board. The board shall issue any order necessary to make adjustments to the compliance schedule and set additional hearings as provided in subsection (5) of this section.
- 33 (3) If the board <u>after a compliance hearing</u> finds that the state 34 agency, county, or city is not in compliance, the board shall transmit 35 its finding to the governor. The board may recommend to the governor 36 that the sanctions authorized by this chapter be imposed. <u>The board</u> 37 shall take into consideration the county's or city's efforts to meet

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- 1 its compliance schedule in making the decision to recommend sanctions
- 2 to the governor.
- 3 (4) <u>In a compliance hearing upon petition of a party, the board</u> 4 shall also reconsider its final order and decide((÷
- 5 (a) If a determination of invalidity has been made, whether such a
- 6 determination should be rescinded or modified under the standards in
- 7 RCW 36.70A.300(2); or
- 8 (b)), if no determination of invalidity has been made, whether one
- 9 now should be made ((under the standards in RCW 36.70A.300(2))) under
- 10 section 14 of this act.
- 11 (5) The board shall schedule additional hearings as appropriate
- 12 pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A
- 14 RCW to read as follows:
- 15 A county or city subject to an order of invalidity issued before
- 16 the effective date of section 13 of this act, by motion may request the
- 17 board to review the order of invalidity in light of the section 13,
- 18 chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (section 13 of this act) amendments to RCW
- 19 36.70A.300, the section 17, chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (section 17 of
- 20 this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.330, and section 14 of this act. If
- 21 a request is made, the board shall rescind or modify the order of
- 22 invalidity as necessary to make it consistent with the section 13,
- 23 chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (section 13 of this act) amendments to RCW
- 24 36.70A.300, and to the section 17, chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (section
- 25 17 of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.330, and section 14 of this
- 26 act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A
- 28 RCW to read as follows:
- 29 (1) A county or a city may use a variety of innovative zoning
- 30 techniques in areas designated as agricultural lands of long-term
- 31 commercial significance under RCW 36.70A.170. The innovative zoning
- 32 techniques should be designed to conserve agricultural lands and
- 33 encourage the agricultural economy. A county or city should encourage
- 34 nonagricultural uses to be limited to lands with poor soils or
- 35 otherwise not suitable for agricultural purposes.
- 36 (2) Innovative zoning techniques a county or city may consider
- 37 include, but are not limited to:

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- 1 (a) Agricultural zoning, which limits the density of development 2 and restricts or prohibits nonfarm uses of agricultural land;
- 3 (b) Cluster zoning, which allows new development on one portion of 4 the land, leaving the remainder in agricultural or open space uses;
- 5 (c) Large lot zoning, which establishes as a minimum lot size the 6 amount of land necessary to achieve a successful farming practice;
- 7 (d) Quarter/quarter zoning, which permits one residential dwelling 8 on a one-acre minimum lot for each one-sixteenth of a section of land; 9 and
- 10 (e) Sliding scale zoning, which allows the number of lots for 11 single-family residential purposes with a minimum lot size of one acre 12 to increase inversely as the size of the total acreage increases.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 20.** A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
- 15 (1) A county and its cities, as provided in subsection (7) of this 16 section, shall establish a monitoring and evaluation program to 17 determine their progress towards meeting the goals of this chapter.
 - (2) The monitoring program shall encompass land use and resources both within and outside of urban growth areas. The county and its cities shall use the county-wide planning policy process to work cooperatively among themselves and with state agencies, neighboring counties, regional planning organizations, tribes, and special purpose districts to develop and implement the monitoring required by this section.
 - (3) The evaluation component of the program required by subsection (1) of this section requires an evaluation of at least the land use elements, critical area protections, and capital facilities elements of the county-wide planning policies and county and city comprehensive plans in meeting the goals of this chapter and the policies established in the county-wide planning policy process, specifically including an analysis of the success of the county-wide planning policies and comprehensive plan towards meeting residential densities and uses. The evaluation shall be conducted every five years, with the first evaluation occurring within five years after the later of the date the county adopted its comprehensive plan or the last periodic review required by this chapter.
- 37 (4) If the evaluation required by subsection (3) of this section 38 shows that the county or one or more of its cities are not making

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- satisfactory progress towards meeting the goals of this chapter, the county and the cities shall consider and implement measures that will be effective in making progress towards meeting the goals of this chapter and the policies established in the county-wide planning policies. The county and its cities shall annually monitor the measures that have been adopted to determine whether they are successful.
- 8 (5)(a) If, after three years of the annual monitoring required by 9 subsection (3) of this section, the county and its cities demonstrate 10 that the measures have not been effective in making progress towards meeting the goals of this chapter and the county-wide planning policy 11 12 goals, the county may make adjustments to one or more urban growth 13 areas that the county and its cities demonstrate are necessary to make progress towards the goals of this chapter and the county-wide planning 14 15 policies.
 - (b) If, after the evaluation required by subsection (3) of this section, the county and its cities demonstrate that they have explored available measures and that those measures would not be effective in making progress towards meeting the goals of this chapter and the county-wide planning policies, the county may make adjustments to one or more urban growth areas that the county and its cities demonstrate are necessary to make satisfactory progress towards the goals of this chapter and the county-wide planning policies.

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- (6) From funds appropriated by the legislature for this purpose, the department shall provide grants to counties, cities, and regional planning organizations to conduct the monitoring and perform the evaluation required by this section.
- (7) This section applies to the counties, and the cities within those counties, of Snohomish, King, Pierce, Kitsap, Thurston, and Clark.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. If funds for the purposes of section 20 of this act are not provided in the 1997-99 biennial budget by June 30, 1997, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, section number, and subject matter, section 20 of this act is null and void.
- 35 **Sec. 22.** RCW 36.70A.500 and 1995 c 347 s 116 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

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- (1) The department of community, trade, and economic development 1 shall provide management services for the fund created by RCW 2 3 36.70A.490. The department ((by rule)) shall establish procedures for 4 fund management. The department shall encourage participation in the grant program by other public agencies. The department shall develop 5 the grant criteria, monitor the grant program, and select grant 6 7 recipients in consultation with state agencies participating in the 8 grant program through the provision of grant funds or technical 9 assistance.
- 10 (2) A grant may be awarded to a county or city that is required to or has chosen to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 and that is qualified 11 pursuant to this section. The grant shall be provided to assist a 12 county or city in paying for the cost of preparing ((a detailed 13 environmental impact statement)) an environmental analysis under 14 15 chapter 43.21C RCW, that is integrated with a comprehensive plan ((or)), subarea plan ((and)), plan element, county-wide planning 16 policy, development regulation((s)), monitoring program, or other 17 planning activity adopted under or implementing this chapter that: 18
- 19 <u>(a) Improves the process for project permit review while</u> 20 <u>maintaining environmental quality; or</u>
- 21 <u>(b) Encourages use of plans and information developed for purposes</u>
 22 <u>of complying with this chapter to satisfy requirements of other state</u>
 23 <u>programs</u>.
 - (3) In order to qualify for a grant, a county or city shall:
- 25 (a) Demonstrate that it will prepare an environmental analysis pursuant to chapter 43.21C RCW and subsection (2) of this section that is integrated with a comprehensive plan ((or)), subarea plan ((and)), plan element, county-wide planning policy, development regulations, monitoring program, or other planning activity adopted under or implementing this chapter;
- 31 (b) Address environmental impacts and consequences, alternatives, 32 and mitigation measures in sufficient detail to allow the analysis to 33 be adopted in whole or in part by ((subsequent)) applicants for 34 development permits within the geographic area analyzed in the plan;
- 35 (c) <u>Demonstrate that procedures for review of development permit</u> 36 <u>applications will be based on the integrated plans and environmental</u> 37 <u>analysis;</u>
- 38 <u>(d)</u> Include mechanisms ((in the plan)) to monitor the consequences
 39 of growth as it occurs in the plan area and ((provide ongoing)) to use

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- 1 the resulting data to update the plan, policy, or implementing
 2 mechanisms and associated environmental analysis;
- 3 (((d) Be making)) (e) Demonstrate substantial progress towards
 4 compliance with the requirements of this chapter. A county or city
 5 that is more than six months out of compliance with a requirement of
 6 this chapter is deemed not to be making substantial progress towards
 7 compliance; and
- 8 $((\frac{e}))$ (f) Provide local funding, which may include financial participation by the private sector.
- 10 (4) In awarding grants, the department shall give preference to 11 proposals that include one or more of the following elements:
- 12 (a) Financial participation by the private sector, or a public/
 13 private partnering approach;
- (b) ((Comprehensive and subarea plan proposals that are designed to identify and monitor)) Identification and monitoring of system capacities for elements of the built environment, and to the extent appropriate, of the natural environment;
- 18 (c) <u>Coordination with state, federal, and tribal governments in</u> 19 <u>project review;</u>
- 20 (d) Furtherance of important state objectives related to economic 21 development, protection of areas of state-wide significance, and siting 22 of essential public facilities;
- (e) Programs to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the permitting process by greater reliance on integrated plans and prospective environmental analysis;
- ((\(\frac{(d)}{d}\))) (f) Programs for effective citizen and neighborhood involvement that contribute to greater ((\(\frac{certainty}{1}\))) likelihood that planning decisions ((\(\frac{will}{1}\))) can be implemented with community support; and
- (((e) Plans that)) (g) Programs to identify environmental impacts and establish mitigation measures that provide effective means to satisfy concurrency requirements and establish project consistency with the plans.
- 34 (5) If the local funding includes funding provided by other state 35 functional planning programs, including open space planning and 36 watershed or basin planning, the functional plan shall be integrated 37 into and be consistent with the comprehensive plan.

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- (6) State agencies shall work with grant recipients to facilitate 1
- state and local project review processes that will implement the 2
- projects receiving grants under this section. 3
- 4 Sec. 23. RCW 84.34.020 and 1992 c 69 s 4 are each amended to read as follows: 5
- As used in this chapter, unless a different meaning is required by 6 7 the context:
- 8 (1) "Open space land" means (a) any land area so designated by an
- 9 official comprehensive land use plan adopted by any city or county and
- zoned accordingly($({ \{ , \} })$), or (b) any land area, the preservation of 10
- which in its present use would (i) conserve and enhance natural or 11
- 12 scenic resources, or (ii) protect streams or water supply, or (iii)
- promote conservation of soils, wetlands, beaches or tidal marshes, or 13
- 14 (iv) enhance the value to the public of abutting or neighboring parks,
- 15 forests, wildlife preserves, nature reservations or sanctuaries or
- other open space, or (v) enhance recreation opportunities, or (vi) 16
- preserve historic sites, or (vii) preserve visual quality along 17
- 18 highway, road, and street corridors or scenic vistas, or (viii) retain
- 19 in its natural state tracts of land not less than one acre situated in
- an urban area and open to public use on such conditions as may be 20
- 21 reasonably required by the legislative body granting the open space
- 22 classification, or (c) any land meeting the definition of farm and
- 23 agricultural conservation land under subsection (8) of this section.
- 24 As a condition of granting open space classification, the legislative
- 25 body may not require public access on land classified under (b)(iii) of
- this subsection for the purpose of promoting conservation of wetlands. 26
- (2) "Farm and agricultural land" means ((either)): 27
- (a) Any parcel of land that is twenty or more acres or multiple 28
- 29 parcels of land that are contiguous and total twenty or more acres:
- 30 (i) Devoted primarily to the production of livestock or
- agricultural commodities for commercial purposes((7)): 31
- 32 (ii) Enrolled in the federal conservation reserve program or its
- 33 successor administered by the United States department of
- 34 agriculture((-)) : or
- (iii) Other similar commercial activities as may be established by 35
- 36 rule ((following consultation with the advisory committee established
- in section 19 of this act)); 37

- 1 (b) Any parcel of land that is five acres or more but less than 2 twenty acres devoted primarily to agricultural uses, which has produced 3 a gross income from agricultural uses equivalent to, as of January 1, 4 1993((-)):
- 5 (i) One hundred dollars or more per acre per year for three of the years preceding the application 6 five calendar date of 7 classification under this chapter for all parcels of land that are 8 classified under this subsection or all parcels of land for which an 9 application for classification under this subsection is made with the 10 granting authority prior to January 1, 1993((-1)); and
- (ii) On or after January 1, 1993, two hundred dollars or more per acre per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter;
- (c) Any parcel of land of less than five acres devoted primarily to agricultural uses which has produced a gross income as of January 1, 16 1993, of:
- (i) One thousand dollars or more per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter for all parcels of land that are classified under this subsection or all parcels of land for which an application for classification under this subsection is made with the granting authority prior to January 1, 1993((7)); and
- (ii) On or after January 1, 1993, fifteen hundred dollars or more per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter;
- 26 <u>(d) Any parcel of land designated as agricultural land under RCW</u> 27 <u>36.70A.170; or</u>
- (e) Any parcel of land not within an urban growth area zoned as agricultural land under a comprehensive plan adopted under chapter 30 36.70A RCW.
- Parcels of land described in (b)(i) and (c)(i) of this subsection shall, upon any transfer of the property excluding a transfer to a surviving spouse, be subject to the limits of (b)(ii) and (c)(ii) of this subsection.
- Agricultural lands shall also include such incidental uses as are compatible with agricultural purposes, including wetlands preservation, provided such incidental use does not exceed twenty percent of the classified land and the land on which appurtenances necessary to the production, preparation, or sale of the agricultural products exist in

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conjunction with the lands producing such products. Agricultural lands 2 shall also include any parcel of land of one to five acres, which is not contiguous, but which otherwise constitutes an integral part of 3 4 farming operations being conducted on land qualifying under this section as "farm and agricultural lands"; or (d) the land on which 5 housing for employees and the principal place of residence of the farm 6 7 operator or owner of land classified pursuant to (a) of this subsection 8 is sited if: The housing or residence is on or contiguous to the 9 classified parcel; and the use of the housing or the residence is 10 integral to the use of the classified land for agricultural purposes.

- (3) "Timber land" means any parcel of land that is five or more acres or multiple parcels of land that are contiguous and total five or more acres which is or are devoted primarily to the growth and harvest of forest crops for commercial purposes. A timber management plan shall be filed with the county legislative authority at the time (a) an application is made for classification as timber land pursuant to this chapter or (b) when a sale or transfer of timber land occurs and a notice of classification continuance is signed. Timber land means the land only.
- 20 (4) "Current" or "currently" means as of the date on which property 21 is to be listed and valued by the assessor.
- (5) "Owner" means the party or parties having the fee interest in land, except that where land is subject to real estate contract "owner" shall mean the contract vendee.
- (6) "Contiguous" means land adjoining and touching other property held by the same ownership. Land divided by a public road, but otherwise an integral part of a farming operation, shall be considered contiguous.
- (7) "Granting authority" means the appropriate agency or official who acts on an application for classification of land pursuant to this chapter.
 - (8) "Farm and agricultural conservation land" means either:
- 33 (a) Land that was previously classified under subsection (2) of 34 this section, that no longer meets the criteria of subsection (2) of 35 this section, and that is reclassified under subsection (1) of this 36 section; or
- 37 (b) Land that is traditional farmland that is not classified under 38 chapter 84.33 or 84.34 RCW, that has not been irrevocably devoted to a

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- l use inconsistent with agricultural uses, and that has a high potential
- 2 for returning to commercial agriculture.
- 3 **Sec. 24.** RCW 84.40.030 and 1994 c 124 s 20 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- All property shall be valued at one hundred percent of its true and fair value in money and assessed on the same basis unless specifically provided otherwise by law.
- 8 Taxable leasehold estates shall be valued at such price as they 9 would bring at a fair, voluntary sale for cash without any deductions 10 for any indebtedness owed including rentals to be paid.
- 11 The true and fair value of real property for taxation purposes 12 (including property upon which there is a coal or other mine, or stone 13 or other quarry) shall be based upon the following criteria:
- 14 (1) Any sales of the property being appraised or similar properties 15 with respect to sales made within the past five years. The appraisal shall be consistent with the comprehensive land use plan, development 16 regulations under chapter 36.70A RCW, zoning, 17 and any other 18 governmental policies or practices in effect at the time of appraisal 19 that affect the use of property, as well as physical and environmental influences. The appraisal shall also take into account: (a) In the 20 use of sales by real estate contract as similar sales, the extent, if 21 any, to which the stated selling price has been increased by reason of 22 23 the down payment, interest rate, or other financing terms; and (b) the 24 extent to which the sale of a similar property actually represents the 25 general effective market demand for property of such type, in the geographical area in which such property is located. Sales involving 26 deed releases or similar seller-developer financing arrangements shall 27 not be used as sales of similar property. 28
- 29 (2) In addition to sales as defined in subsection (1), 30 consideration may be given to cost, cost less depreciation, reconstruction cost less depreciation, or capitalization of income that 31 32 would be derived from prudent use of the property. In the case of property of a complex nature, or being used under terms of a franchise 33 34 from a public agency, or operating as a public utility, or property not having a record of sale within five years and not having a significant 35 36 number of sales of similar property in the general area, the provisions 37 of this subsection (2) shall be the dominant factors in valuation. When provisions of this subsection (2) are relied upon for establishing 38

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- 1 values the property owner shall be advised upon request of the factors 2 used in arriving at such value.
- 3 (3) In valuing any tract or parcel of real property, the value of 4 the land, exclusive of structures thereon shall be determined; also the 5 value of structures thereon, but the valuation shall not exceed the 6 value of the total property as it exists. In valuing agricultural 7 land, growing crops shall be excluded.
- 8 (4) In valuing any tract or parcel of real property designated and
 9 zoned under a comprehensive plan adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW as
 10 agricultural, forest, or open space land, the appraisal shall not be
 11 based on similar sales of parcels that have been converted to
 12 nonagricultural, nonforest, or nonopen-space uses within five years
 13 after the sale.
- 14 **Sec. 25.** RCW 90.60.030 and 1995 c 347 s 603 are each amended to 15 read as follows:
- The permit assistance center is established within the department.
 The center shall:
- 18 (1) Publish and keep current one or more handbooks containing lists 19 and explanations of all permit laws. ((The center shall coordinate with the business assistance center in providing and maintaining this 20 information to applicants and others.)) To the extent possible, the 21 handbook shall include relevant federal and tribal laws. 22 23 agency or local government shall provide a reasonable number of copies 24 of application forms, statutes, ordinances, rules, handbooks, and other 25 informational material requested by the center and shall otherwise fully cooperate with the center. The center shall seek the cooperation 26 of relevant federal agencies and tribal governments; 27
- (2) Establish, and make known, a point of contact for distribution of the handbook and advice to the public as to its interpretation in any given case;
- 31 (3) Work closely and cooperatively with the business license center 32 ((and the business assistance center)) in providing efficient and 33 nonduplicative service to the public;
- 34 (4) Seek the assignment of employees from the permit agencies 35 listed under RCW 90.60.020(6)(a) to serve on a rotating basis in 36 staffing the center; ((and))
- 37 (5) <u>Collect and disseminate information to public and private</u> 38 <u>entities on federal, state, local, and tribal government programs that</u>

- rely on private professional expertise to assist governmental agencies in project permit review; and
- 3 (6) Provide an annual report to the legislature on potential 4 conflicts and perceived inconsistencies among existing statutes. The 5 first report shall be submitted to the appropriate standing committees 6 of the house of representatives and senate by December 1, 1996.
- 7 **Sec. 26.** RCW 35.13.130 and 1990 c 33 s 566 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

9 A petition for annexation of an area contiguous to a city or town may be made in writing addressed to and filed with the legislative body 10 of the municipality to which annexation is desired. Except where all 11 12 the property sought to be annexed is property of a school district, and the school directors thereof file the petition for annexation as in RCW 13 28A.335.110 authorized, and except where the property to be annexed is 14 within an urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110, the 15 petition must be signed by the owners of not less than seventy-five 16 percent in value according to the assessed valuation for general 17 18 taxation of the property for which annexation is petitioned. When the 19 property to be annexed is within an urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110, the petition must be signed by the owners of not less 20 than sixty percent in value according to the assessed valuation for 21 general taxation of the property for which annexation is petitioned: 22 23 PROVIDED, That in cities and towns with populations greater than one 24 hundred sixty thousand located east of the Cascade mountains, the owner 25 of tax exempt property may sign an annexation petition and have the tax exempt property annexed into the city or town, but the value of the tax 26 exempt property shall not be used in calculating the sufficiency of the 27 required property owner signatures unless only tax exempt property is 28 29 proposed to be annexed into the city or town. The petition shall set 30 forth a description of the property according to government legal subdivisions or legal plats which is in compliance with RCW 35.02.170, 31 and shall be accompanied by a plat which outlines the boundaries of the 32 33 property sought to be annexed. If the legislative body has required 34 the assumption of all or of any portion of city or town indebtedness by the area annexed, and/or the adoption of a comprehensive plan for the 35 36 area to be annexed, these facts, together with a quotation of the 37 minute entry of such requirement or requirements shall be set forth in 38 the petition.

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- 1 **Sec. 27.** RCW 35A.14.295 and 1967 ex.s. c 119 s 35A.14.295 are each 2 amended to read as follows:
- ((When there is, within)) (1) The legislative body of a code city
 may resolve to annex territory to the city if there is within the city,
 unincorporated territory:
- (a) Containing less than one hundred acres and having at least eighty percent of the boundaries of such area contiguous to the code city((, the legislative body may resolve to annex such territory to the code city)); or
- 10 (b) Of any size and having at least eighty percent of the 11 boundaries of such area contiguous to the city if such area existed 12 before June 30, 1994, and is within the same county and within the same 13 urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110, and the city was 14 planning under chapter 36.70A RCW as of June 30, 1994.
- 15 (2) The resolution shall describe the boundaries of the area to be annexed, state the number of voters residing therein as nearly as may 16 be, and set a date for a public hearing on such resolution for 17 annexation. Notice of the hearing shall be given by publication of the 18 19 resolution at least once a week for two weeks prior to the date of the 20 hearing, in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the code city and one or more newspapers of general circulation within the 21 22 area to be annexed.
- 23 (3) For purposes of subsection (1)(b) of this section, territory
 24 bounded by a river, lake, or other body of water is considered
 25 contiguous to a city that is also bounded by the same river, lake, or
 26 other body of water.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 28.** A new section is added to chapter 35.13 RCW to read as follows:
- 29 (1) The legislative body of a city or town planning under chapter 30 36.70A RCW as of June 30, 1994, may resolve to annex territory to the 31 city or town if there is, within the city or town, unincorporated 32 territory within the same county and within the same urban growth area 33 designated under RCW 36.70A.110 as the city or town:
- 34 (a) Containing less than one hundred acres and having at least 35 eighty percent of the boundaries of such area contiguous to the city or 36 town if such area existed before June 30, 1994; or

- 1 (b) Of any size and having at least eighty percent of the 2 boundaries of the area contiguous to the city if the area existed 3 before June 30, 1994.
- 4 (2) The resolution shall describe the boundaries of the area to be 5 annexed, state the number of voters residing in the area as nearly as may be, and set a date for a public hearing on the resolution for 6 7 annexation. Notice of the hearing shall be given by publication of the 8 resolution at least once a week for two weeks before the date of the 9 hearing in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the 10 city or town and one or more newspapers of general circulation within 11 the area to be annexed.
- (3) For purposes of subsection (1)(b) of this section, territory bounded by a river, lake, or other body of water is considered contiguous to a city that is also bounded by the same river, lake, or other body of water.
- 16 **Sec. 29.** RCW 35.13.174 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 164 s 17 are each 17 amended to read as follows:
- 18 Upon receipt by the board of county commissioners of a determination by a majority of the review board favoring annexation of 19 the proposed area that has been initiated by resolution pursuant to RCW 20 35.13.015 by the city or town legislative body, the board of county 21 commissioners, or the city or town legislative body for any city or 22 23 town within an urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110, shall 24 fix a date on which an annexation election shall be held, which date 25 will be not less than thirty days nor more than sixty days thereafter.
- 26 **Sec. 30.** RCW 36.93.170 and 1989 c 84 s 5 are each amended to read 27 as follows:
- In reaching a decision on a proposal or an alternative, the board shall consider the factors affecting such proposal, which shall include, but not be limited to the following:
- (1) Population and territory; population density; land area and land uses; comprehensive plans and zoning, as adopted under chapter 35.63, 35A.63, or 36.70 RCW; comprehensive plans and development regulations adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW; applicable service agreements entered into under chapter 36.115 or 39.34 RCW; applicable interlocal annexation agreements between a county and its cities; per capita assessed valuation; topography, natural boundaries and drainage

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- 1 basins, proximity to other populated areas; the existence and
- 2 preservation of prime agricultural soils and productive agricultural
- 3 uses; the likelihood of significant growth in the area and in adjacent
- 4 incorporated and unincorporated areas during the next ten years;
- 5 location and most desirable future location of community facilities;
- 6 (2) Municipal services; need for municipal services; effect of
- 7 ordinances, governmental codes, regulations and resolutions on existing
- 8 uses; present cost and adequacy of governmental services and controls
- 9 in area; prospects of governmental services from other sources;
- 10 probable future needs for such services and controls; probable effect
- 11 of proposal or alternative on cost and adequacy of services and
- 12 controls in area and adjacent area; the effect on the finances, debt
- 13 structure, and contractual obligations and rights of all affected
- 14 governmental units; and
- 15 (3) The effect of the proposal or alternative on adjacent areas, on
- 16 mutual economic and social interests, and on the local governmental
- 17 structure of the county.
- The provisions of chapter 43.21C RCW, State Environmental Policy,
- 19 shall not apply to incorporation proceedings covered by chapter 35.02
- 20 RCW.
- 21 **Sec. 31.** RCW 84.14.010 and 1995 c 375 s 3 are each amended to read
- 22 as follows:
- 23 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in
- 24 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 25 (1) "City" means <u>either (a)</u> a city or town with a population of at
- 26 least one hundred ((fifty)) thousand or (b) the largest city or town,
- 27 if there is no city or town with a population of at least one hundred
- 28 thousand, located in a county planning under the growth management act.
- 29 (2) "Governing authority" means the local legislative authority of
- 30 a city having jurisdiction over the property for which an exemption may
- 31 be applied for under this chapter.
- 32 (3) "Growth management act" means chapter 36.70A RCW.
- 33 (4) "Multiple-unit housing" means a building having four or more
- 34 dwelling units not designed or used as transient accommodations and not
- 35 including hotels and motels. Multifamily units may result from new
- 36 construction or rehabilitated or conversion of vacant, underutilized,
- 37 or substandard buildings to multifamily housing.
- 38 (5) "Owner" means the property owner of record.

1 (6) "Permanent residential occupancy" means multiunit housing that 2 provides either rental or owner occupancy on a nontransient basis. 3 This includes owner-occupied or rental accommodation that is leased for 4 a period of at least one month. This excludes hotels and motels that 5 predominately offer rental accommodation on a daily or weekly basis.

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- (7) "Rehabilitation improvements" means modifications to existing structures, that are vacant for twelve months or longer, that are made to achieve a condition of substantial compliance with existing building codes or modification to existing occupied structures which increase the number of multifamily housing units.
- 11 (8) "Residential targeted area" means an area within an urban 12 center that has been designated by the governing authority as a 13 residential targeted area in accordance with this chapter.
- (9) "Substantial compliance" means compliance with local building or housing code requirements that are typically required for rehabilitation as opposed to new construction.
- 17 (10) "Urban center" means a compact identifiable district where 18 urban residents may obtain a variety of products and services. An 19 urban center must contain:
- 20 (a) Several existing or previous, or both, business establishments 21 that may include but are not limited to shops, offices, banks, 22 restaurants, governmental agencies;
- 23 (b) Adequate public facilities including streets, sidewalks, 24 lighting, transit, domestic water, and sanitary sewer systems; and
- 25 (c) A mixture of uses and activities that may include housing, 26 recreation, and cultural activities in association with either 27 commercial or office, or both, use.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 32. Except as otherwise specifically provided in section 18 of this act, sections 1 through 17, chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (sections 1 through 17 of this act) are prospective in effect and shall not affect the validity of actions taken or decisions made before the effective date of this section.

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