H-4041.1			

## HOUSE BILL 2634

\_\_\_\_\_

State of Washington 55th Legislature 1998 Regular Session

By Representatives H. Sommers, Cooke, Dickerson, McDonald, Gombosky, Bush, Tokuda, Wolfe, O'Brien, Kessler, Keiser, Anderson, Ogden, B. Thomas and Thompson

Read first time 01/16/98. Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to disqualifying fugitives from receiving general
- 2 assistance; and reenacting and amending RCW 74.04.005.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 74.04.005 and 1997 c 59 s 10 and 1997 c 58 s 309 are 5 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- For the purposes of this title, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following definitions shall apply:
- 8 (1) "Public assistance" or "assistance"--Public aid to persons in
- 9 need thereof for any cause, including services, medical care,
- 10 assistance grants, disbursing orders, work relief, general assistance
- 11 and federal-aid assistance.
- 12 (2) "Department"--The department of social and health services.
- 13 (3) "County or local office"--The administrative office for one or 14 more counties or designated service areas.
- 15 (4) "Director" or "secretary" means the secretary of social and 16 health services.
- 17 (5) "Federal-aid assistance"--The specific categories of assistance
- 18 for which provision is made in any federal law existing or hereafter
- 19 passed by which payments are made from the federal government to the

p. 1 HB 2634

- l state in aid or in respect to payment by the state for public
- 2 assistance rendered to any category of needy persons for which
- 3 provision for federal funds or aid may from time to time be made, or a
- 4 federally administered needs-based program.
- 5 (6)(a) "General assistance"--Aid to persons in need who:
- 6 (i) Are not eligible to receive federal-aid assistance, other than 7 food stamps and medical assistance; however, an individual who refuses
- 8 or fails to cooperate in obtaining federal-aid assistance, without good
- 9 cause, is not eligible for general assistance;
- 10 (ii) Meet one of the following conditions:
- 11 (A) Pregnant: PROVIDED, That need is based on the current income
- 12 and resource requirements of the federal temporary assistance for needy
- 13 families program; or
- 14 (B) Subject to chapter 165, Laws of 1992, incapacitated from
- 15 gainful employment by reason of bodily or mental infirmity that will
- 16 likely continue for a minimum of ninety days as determined by the
- 17 department.
- 18 (C) Persons who are unemployable due to alcohol or drug addiction
- 19 are not eligible for general assistance. Persons receiving general
- 20 assistance on July 26, 1987, or becoming eligible for such assistance
- 21 thereafter, due to an alcohol or drug-related incapacity, shall be
- 22 referred to appropriate assessment, treatment, shelter, or supplemental
- 23 security income referral services as authorized under chapter 74.50
- 24 RCW. Referrals shall be made at the time of application or at the time
- 25 of eligibility review. Alcoholic and drug addicted clients who are
- 26 receiving general assistance on July 26, 1987, may remain on general
- 27 assistance if they otherwise retain their eligibility until they are
- 28 assessed for services under chapter 74.50 RCW. Subsection
- -
- 29 (6)(a)(ii)(B) of this section shall not be construed to prohibit the
- 30 department from granting general assistance benefits to alcoholics and
- 31 drug addicts who are incapacitated due to other physical or mental
- 32 conditions that meet the eligibility criteria for the general
- 33 assistance program;
- 34 (iii) Are citizens or aliens lawfully admitted for permanent
- 35 residence or otherwise residing in the United States under color of
- 36 law; and
- 37 (iv) Have furnished the department their social security account
- 38 number. If the social security account number cannot be furnished
- 39 because it has not been issued or is not known, an application for a

HB 2634 p. 2

- 1 number shall be made prior to authorization of assistance, and the 2 social security number shall be provided to the department upon 3 receipt.
- 4 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (6)(a)(i), (ii), 5 and (c) of this section, general assistance shall be provided to the 6 following recipients of federal-aid assistance:
- 7 (i) Recipients of supplemental security income whose need, as 8 defined in this section, is not met by such supplemental security 9 income grant because of separation from a spouse; or
  - (ii) To the extent authorized by the legislature in the biennial appropriations act, to recipients of temporary assistance for needy families whose needs are not being met because of a temporary reduction in monthly income below the entitled benefit payment level caused by loss or reduction of wages or unemployment compensation benefits or some other unforeseen circumstances. The amount of general assistance authorized shall not exceed the difference between the entitled benefit payment level and the amount of income actually received.
  - (c) General assistance shall be provided only to persons who are not members of assistance units receiving federal aid assistance, except as provided in subsection (6)(a)(ii)(A) and (b) of this section, and will accept available services which can reasonably be expected to enable the person to work or reduce the need for assistance unless there is good cause to refuse. Failure to accept such services shall result in termination until the person agrees to cooperate in accepting such services and subject to the following maximum periods of ineligibility after reapplication:
- 27 (i) First failure: One week;

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

25

26

- 28 (ii) Second failure within six months: One month;
- 29 (iii) Third and subsequent failure within one year: Two months.
- (d) Persons found eligible for general assistance based on 30 31 incapacity from gainful employment may, if otherwise eligible, receive general assistance pending application for federal supplemental 32 security income benefits. Any general assistance that is subsequently 33 duplicated by the person's receipt of supplemental security income for 34 the same period shall be considered a debt due the state and shall by 35 operation of law be subject to recovery through all available legal 36 37 remedies.
- 38 (e) The department shall adopt by rule medical criteria for general 39 assistance eligibility to ensure that eligibility decisions are

p. 3 HB 2634

1 consistent with statutory requirements and are based on clear, 2 objective medical information.

- 3 (f) The process implementing the medical criteria shall involve 4 consideration of opinions of the treating or consulting physicians or 5 health care professionals regarding incapacity, and any eligibility 6 decision which rejects uncontroverted medical opinion must set forth 7 clear and convincing reasons for doing so.
- 8 (g) Recipients of general assistance based upon a finding of 9 incapacity from gainful employment who remain otherwise eligible shall 10 not have their benefits terminated absent a clear showing of material improvement in their medical or mental condition or specific error in 11 the prior determination that found the recipient eligible by reason of 12 13 incapacitation. Recipients of general assistance based upon pregnancy 14 who relinquish their child for adoption, remain otherwise eligible, and 15 are not eligible to receive benefits under the federal temporary assistance for needy families program shall not have their benefits 16 terminated until the end of the month in which the period of six weeks 17 following the birth of the recipient's child falls. Recipients of the 18 19 federal temporary assistance for needy families program who lose their 20 eligibility solely because of the birth and relinquishment of the qualifying child may receive general assistance through the end of the 21 22 month in which the period of six weeks following the birth of the child 23 falls.
- 24 (h) No person may be considered an eligible individual for general 25 assistance with respect to any month if during that month the person:
- 26 (i) Is fleeing to avoid prosecution of, or to avoid custody or 27 confinement for conviction of, a felony, or an attempt to commit a 28 felony, under the laws of the state of Washington or the place from 29 which the person flees; or
- (ii) Is violating a condition of probation or parole imposed under
  federal or state law.
- (i) The department shall require each individual applying for
  general assistance pursuant to this subsection to state, in writing,
  whether the individual has been convicted of a felony.
- 35 (7) "Applicant"--Any person who has made a request, or on behalf of 36 whom a request has been made, to any county or local office for 37 assistance.

HB 2634 p. 4

- 1 (8) "Recipient"--Any person receiving assistance and in addition 2 those dependents whose needs are included in the recipient's 3 assistance.
- 4 (9) "Standards of assistance"--The level of income required by an applicant or recipient to maintain a level of living specified by the department.

7

8

9

10

11

12

- (10) "Resource"--Any asset, tangible or intangible, owned by or available to the applicant at the time of application, which can be applied toward meeting the applicant's need, either directly or by conversion into money or its equivalent: PROVIDED, That an applicant may retain the following described resources and not be ineligible for public assistance because of such resources.
- 13 (a) A home, which is defined as real property owned and used by an applicant or recipient as a place of residence, together with a 14 15 reasonable amount of property surrounding and contiguous thereto, which 16 is used by and useful to the applicant. Whenever a recipient shall 17 cease to use such property for residential purposes, either for himself or herself or his or her dependents, the property shall be considered 18 19 as a resource which can be made available to meet need, and if the 20 recipient or his or her dependents absent themselves from the home for a period of ninety consecutive days such absence, unless due to 21 hospitalization or health reasons or a natural disaster, shall raise a 22 rebuttable presumption of abandonment: PROVIDED, That if in the 23 24 opinion of three physicians the recipient will be unable to return to 25 the home during his or her lifetime, and the home is not occupied by a 26 spouse or dependent children or disabled sons or daughters, such property shall be considered as a resource which can be made available 27 to meet need. 28
- (b) Household furnishings and personal effects and other personal property having great sentimental value to the applicant or recipient, as limited by the department consistent with limitations on resources and exemptions for federal aid assistance.
- 33 (c) A motor vehicle, other than a motor home, used and useful 34 having an equity value not to exceed five thousand dollars.
- 35 (d) A motor vehicle necessary to transport a physically disabled 36 household member. This exclusion is limited to one vehicle per 37 physically disabled person.
- (e) All other resources, including any excess of values exempted, not to exceed one thousand dollars or other limit as set by the

p. 5 HB 2634

department, to be consistent with limitations on resources and exemptions necessary for federal aid assistance. The department shall also allow recipients of temporary assistance for needy families to exempt savings accounts with combined balances of up to an additional three thousand dollars.

6 7

8

9

2526

27

28

- (f) Applicants for or recipients of general assistance shall have their eligibility based on resource limitations consistent with the temporary assistance for needy families program rules adopted by the department.
- 10 (q) If an applicant for or recipient of public assistance possesses 11 property and belongings in excess of the ceiling value, such value shall be used in determining the need of the applicant or recipient, 12 13 except that: (i) The department may exempt resources or income when the income and resources are determined necessary to the applicant's or 14 15 recipient's restoration to independence, to decrease the need for public assistance, or to aid in rehabilitating the applicant or 16 17 recipient or a dependent of the applicant or recipient; and (ii) the department may provide grant assistance for a period not to exceed nine 18 19 months from the date the agreement is signed pursuant to this section 20 to persons who are otherwise ineligible because of excess real property 21 owned by such persons when they are making a good faith effort to 22 dispose of that property: PROVIDED, That:
- 23 (A) The applicant or recipient signs an agreement to repay the 24 lesser of the amount of aid received or the net proceeds of such sale;
  - (B) If the owner of the excess property ceases to make good faith efforts to sell the property, the entire amount of assistance may become an overpayment and a debt due the state and may be recovered pursuant to RCW 43.20B.630;
- (C) Applicants and recipients are advised of their right to a fair hearing and afforded the opportunity to challenge a decision that good faith efforts to sell have ceased, prior to assessment of an overpayment under this section; and
- 33 (D) At the time assistance is authorized, the department files a 34 lien without a sum certain on the specific property.
- 35 (11) "Income"--(a) All appreciable gains in real or personal 36 property (cash or kind) or other assets, which are received by or 37 become available for use and enjoyment by an applicant or recipient 38 during the month of application or after applying for or receiving 39 public assistance. The department may by rule and regulation exempt

нв 2634 р. 6

income received by an applicant for or recipient of public assistance 2 which can be used by him or her to decrease his or her need for public assistance or to aid in rehabilitating him or her or his or her 3 4 dependents, but such exemption shall not, unless otherwise provided in this title, exceed the exemptions of resources granted under this 5 chapter to an applicant for public assistance. In determining the 6 7 amount of assistance to which an applicant or recipient of temporary 8 assistance for needy families is entitled, the department is hereby 9 authorized to disregard as a resource or income the earned income 10 exemptions consistent with federal requirements. The department may permit the above exemption of earnings of a child to be retained by 11 such child to cover the cost of special future identifiable needs even 12 though the total exceeds the exemptions or resources granted to 13 applicants and recipients of public assistance, but consistent with 14 federal requirements. In formulating rules and regulations pursuant to 15 16 this chapter, the department shall define income and resources and the availability thereof, consistent with federal requirements. 17 resources and income not specifically exempted, and any income or other 18 19 economic benefit derived from the use of, or appreciation in value of, 20 exempt resources, shall be considered in determining the need of an applicant or recipient of public assistance. 21

(b) If, under applicable federal requirements, the state has the option of considering property in the form of lump sum compensatory awards or related settlements received by an applicant or recipient as income or as a resource, the department shall consider such property to be a resource.

22

23

24

25

26

3334

35

3637

38

- 27 (12) "Need"--The difference between the applicant's or recipient's 28 standards of assistance for himself or herself and the dependent 29 members of his or her family, as measured by the standards of the 30 department, and value of all nonexempt resources and nonexempt income 31 received by or available to the applicant or recipient and the 32 dependent members of his or her family.
  - (13) For purposes of determining eligibility for public assistance and participation levels in the cost of medical care, the department shall exempt restitution payments made to people of Japanese and Aleut ancestry pursuant to the Civil Liberties Act of 1988 and the Aleutian and Pribilof Island Restitution Act passed by congress, P.L. 100-383, including all income and resources derived therefrom.

p. 7 HB 2634

1 (14) In the construction of words and phrases used in this title, 2 the singular number shall include the plural, the masculine gender 3 shall include both the feminine and neuter genders and the present 4 tense shall include the past and future tenses, unless the context 5 thereof shall clearly indicate to the contrary.

--- END ---

нв 2634 р. 8