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## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2096

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State of Washington 55th Legislature 1997 Regular Session

By House Committee on Agriculture & Ecology (originally sponsored by Representatives Chandler and K. Schmidt)

Read first time 03/05/97.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to consolidating and funding of the state's oil
- 2 spill prevention programs within the department of ecology; amending
- 3 RCW 43.21I.005, 82.23B.020, and 90.56.510; creating a new section;
- 4 providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 43.21I.005 and 1991 c 200 s 401 are each amended to 7 read as follows:
- 8 (1) The legislature declares that Washington's waters have
- 9 irreplaceable value for the citizens of the state. These waters are
- 10 vital habitat for numerous and diverse marine life and wildlife and the
- 11 source of recreation, aesthetic pleasure, and pride for Washington's
- 12 citizens. These waters are also vital for much of Washington's
- 13 economic vitality.
- 14 The legislature finds that the transportation of oil on these
- 15 waters creates a great potential hazard to these important natural
- 16 resources. The legislature also finds that there is no state agency
- 17 responsible for maritime safety to ensure this state's interest in
- 18 preserving these resources.

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The legislature therefore finds that in order to protect these waters it is necessary to establish an office of marine safety which will have the responsibility to promote the safety of marine transportation in Washington.

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- (2) The legislature finds that long-term environmental health of the state's waters depends upon the strength and vitality of its oil spill prevention and response program that fosters planning, coordination, and incident command. To that end, the merger of the office of marine safety with the department of ecology will: Ensure coordination via streamlining the marine safety functions of two agencies into one; provide a focused prevention and response program under a single administration; generate efficient incident command response capability and continue to meet the challenges threatening marine safety and the environment; and increase accountability to the public, the executive branch, and the legislature.
- 16 (3) It is the intent of the legislature that the merger of the
  17 office of marine safety with the department of ecology be accomplished
  18 in an organizational manner that maintains a priority focus and
  19 position for the oil spill prevention and response program. The merger
  20 shall allow for ready identification of the program by the public and
  21 ensure no diminution in the state's commitment to marine safety and
  22 environmental protection as follow:
  - (a) The director of the department of ecology shall consolidate all of the existing oil spill prevention, planning, and response programs and personnel into one program management unit within the department. That unit shall be a division or equivalent unit of organization within the department that has a single administrator, that administrator having deputy director or equivalent status in the department's line organization. That administrator shall report directly to the director.
- 31 (b) The consolidated oil spill program unit within the department
  32 shall maintain prevention of oil spills from marine vessels as a
  33 specific program function with dedicated personnel, as necessary to
  34 carry out the applicable provisions of Title 88 RCW.
- 35 <u>(c) The department shall identify and participate in resolving</u> 36 <u>threats to safety of marine transportation and the impact of marine</u> 37 <u>transportation on the environment.</u>

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**Sec. 2.** RCW 82.23B.020 and 1995 c 399 s 214 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

- (1) An oil spill response tax is imposed on the privilege of receiving crude oil or petroleum products at a marine terminal within this state from a waterborne vessel or barge operating on the navigable waters of this state. The tax imposed in this section is levied upon the owner of the crude oil or petroleum products immediately after receipt of the same into the storage tanks of a marine terminal from a waterborne vessel or barge at the rate of ((two)) one cent(ts) per barrel of crude oil or petroleum product received.
- (2) In addition to the tax imposed in subsection (1) of this section, an oil spill administration tax is imposed on the privilege of receiving crude oil or petroleum products at a marine terminal within this state from a waterborne vessel or barge operating on the navigable waters of this state. The tax imposed in this section is levied upon the owner of the crude oil or petroleum products immediately after receipt of the same into the storage tanks of a marine terminal from a waterborne vessel or barge at the rate of ((three)) four cents per barrel of crude oil or petroleum product.
  - (3) The taxes imposed by this chapter shall be collected by the marine terminal operator from the taxpayer. If any person charged with collecting the taxes fails to bill the taxpayer for the taxes, or in the alternative has not notified the taxpayer in writing of the imposition of the taxes, or having collected the taxes, fails to pay them to the department in the manner prescribed by this chapter, whether such failure is the result of the person's own acts or the result of acts or conditions beyond the person's control, he or she shall, nevertheless, be personally liable to the state for the amount of the taxes. Payment of the taxes by the owner to a marine terminal operator shall relieve the owner from further liability for the taxes.
- (4) Taxes collected under this chapter shall be held in trust until paid to the department. Any person collecting the taxes who appropriates or converts the taxes collected shall be quilty of a gross misdemeanor if the money required to be collected is not available for payment on the date payment is due. The taxes required by this chapter to be collected shall be stated separately from other charges made by the marine terminal operator in any invoice or other statement of account provided to the taxpayer.

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- 1 (5) If a taxpayer fails to pay the taxes imposed by this chapter to 2 the person charged with collection of the taxes and the person charged 3 with collection fails to pay the taxes to the department, the 4 department may, in its discretion, proceed directly against the 5 taxpayer for collection of the taxes.
  - (6) The taxes shall be due from the marine terminal operator, along with reports and returns on forms prescribed by the department, within twenty-five days after the end of the month in which the taxable activity occurs.

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- (7) The amount of taxes, until paid by the taxpayer to the marine terminal operator or to the department, shall constitute a debt from the taxpayer to the marine terminal operator. Any person required to collect the taxes under this chapter who, with intent to violate the provisions of this chapter, fails or refuses to do so as required and any taxpayer who refuses to pay any taxes due under this chapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.
  - (8) Upon prior approval of the department, the taxpayer may pay the taxes imposed by this chapter directly to the department. The department shall give its approval for direct payment under this section whenever it appears, in the department's judgment, that direct payment will enhance the administration of the taxes imposed under this chapter. The department shall provide by rule for the issuance of a direct payment certificate to any taxpayer qualifying for direct payment of the taxes. Good faith acceptance of a direct payment certificate by a terminal operator shall relieve the marine terminal operator from any liability for the collection or payment of the taxes imposed under this chapter.
  - (9) All receipts from the tax imposed in subsection (1) of this section shall be deposited into the state oil spill response account. All receipts from the tax imposed in subsection (2) of this section shall be deposited into the oil spill administration account.
- (10) Within forty-five days after the end of each calendar quarter, 32 33 the office of financial management shall determine the balance of the 34 oil spill response account as of the last day of that calendar quarter. 35 Balance determinations by the office of financial management under this section are final and shall not be used to challenge the validity of 36 37 any tax imposed under this chapter. The office of financial management shall promptly notify the departments of revenue and ecology of the 38 39 account balance once a determination is made. For each subsequent

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calendar quarter, the tax imposed by subsection (1) of this section shall be imposed during the entire calendar quarter unless((÷

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- (a)) tax was imposed under subsection (1) of this section during the immediately preceding calendar quarter, and the most recent quarterly balance is more than ((twenty-five)) ten million dollars(( $\dot{\tau}$ ) or
- 7 (b) Tax was not imposed under subsection (1) of this section during 8 the immediately preceding calendar quarter, and the most recent 9 quarterly balance is more than fifteen million dollars.
- (11) The office of marine safety, the department of revenue, and the department of community, trade, and economic development shall study tax credits for taxpayers employing vessels with the best achievable technology and the best available protection to reduce the risk of oil spills to the navigable waters of the state and submit the study to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature by December 1, 1992)).
- 17 **Sec. 3.** RCW 90.56.510 and 1995 2nd sp.s. c 14 s 525 are each 18 amended to read as follows:
  - (1) The oil spill administration account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from RCW 82.23B.020(2) shall be deposited in Moneys from the account may be spent only after the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under appropriation. chapter 43.88 RCW. On July 1 of each odd-numbered year, if receipts deposited in the account from the tax imposed by RCW 82.23B.020(2) for the previous fiscal biennium exceed the amount appropriated from the account for the previous fiscal biennium, the state treasurer shall transfer the amount of receipts exceeding the appropriation to the oil spill response account. If, on the first day of any calendar month, the balance of the oil spill response account is greater than ((twentyfive)) ten million dollars and the balance of the oil spill administration account exceeds the unexpended appropriation for the current biennium, then the tax under RCW 82.23B.020(2) shall be suspended on the first day of the next calendar month until the beginning of the following biennium, provided that the tax shall not be suspended during the last six months of the biennium. If the tax imposed under RCW 82.23B.020(2) is suspended during two consecutive biennia, the department shall by November 1st after the end of the second biennium, recommend to the appropriate standing committees an

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- 1 adjustment in the tax rate. For the biennium ending June 30, 1997, the
- 2 state treasurer may transfer up to \$1,718,000 from the oil spill
- 3 response account to the oil spill administration account to support
- 4 appropriations made from the oil spill administration account in the
- 5 omnibus and transportation appropriations acts adopted not later than
- 6 June 30, 1997.
- 7 (2) Expenditures from the oil spill administration account shall be
- 8 used exclusively for the administrative costs related to the purposes
- 9 of this chapter, and chapters 90.48, 88.40, and 88.46 RCW. Starting
- 10 with the 1995-1997 biennium, the legislature shall give activities of
- 11 state agencies related to prevention of oil spills priority in funding
- 12 from the oil spill administration account. Costs of administration
- 13 include the costs of:
- 14 (a) Routine responses not covered under RCW 90.56.500;
- 15 (b) Management and staff development activities;
- 16 (c) Development of rules and policies and the state-wide plan 17 provided for in RCW 90.56.060;
- 18 (d) Facility and vessel plan review and approval, drills,
- 19 inspections, investigations, enforcement, and litigation;
- 20 (e) Interagency coordination and public outreach and education;
- 21 (f) Collection and administration of the tax provided for in
- 22 chapter 82.23B RCW; and
- 23 (g) Appropriate travel, goods and services, contracts, and
- 24 equipment.
- 25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** All employees of the office of marine safety
- 26 are transferred to the jurisdiction of the department of ecology. All
- 27 employees classified under chapter 41.06 RCW, the state civil service
- 28 law, are assigned to the department of ecology to perform their usual
- 29 duties upon the same terms as formerly, without any loss of rights,
- 30 subject to any action that may be appropriate thereafter in accordance
- 31 with the laws and rules governing state civil service.
- 32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** Section 4 of this act is necessary for the
- 33 immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or
- 34 support of the state government and its existing public institutions,
- 35 and takes effect June 30, 1997.