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HOUSE BILL 1938

State of Washington 55th Legislature 1997 Regular Session

By Representatives Carrell, Cooke, Talcott, Cairnes, Mulliken, Sterk, Huff, L. Thomas, Reams, D. Schmidt, McMorris, Robertson, Hickel, Mitchell, Buck, D. Sommers, B. Thomas, Delvin and Backlund

Read first time 02/14/97. Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

- AN ACT Relating to at-risk youth; amending RCW 4.92.060, 4.92.070,
- 2 4.92.150, 13.32A.082, 13.32A.197, and 71.34.030; creating new sections;
- 3 prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.

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4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

attempts or remain beyond the reach of current services.

5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that there is a portion of our youth that continues to expose themselves to the dangers 6 associated with living on the streets. Although recent legislative efforts have made great strides in reunifying families through family 8 9 reconciliation services and court supervision and guidance, for some 10 families these efforts have not provided long-term resolution to their conflicts. The legislature recognizes that repeated, short-term 11 12 attempts at reconciliation have sometimes proven unsuccessful or 13 counterproductive for families experiencing the greatest conflicts and options for long-term treatment are needed. 14 To help resolve the 15 conflicts these families face, it is the intent of the legislature to 16 encourage long-term treatment centers to situate in this state. It is also the legislature's intent to ensure that appropriate, affordable 17 18 treatment is provided to youth who have not responded to reconciliation

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1 **Sec. 2.** RCW 4.92.060 and 1989 c 403 s 2 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

3 Whenever an action or proceeding for damages shall be instituted 4 against any state officer, including state elected officials, employee, 5 volunteer, ((or)) foster parent licensed in accordance with chapter 74.15 RCW, or private vendor operating a secure facility providing 6 7 treatment under RCW 13.32A.197, arising from acts or omissions while 8 performing, or in good faith purporting to perform, official duties, 9 or, in the case of a foster parent, arising from the good faith 10 provision of foster care services, or in the case of a vendor operating a secure facility, arising from the good faith performance of treatment 11 services for behavioral difficulties or needs, such officer, employee, 12 volunteer, ((or)) foster parent, or vendor may request the attorney 13 general to authorize the defense of said action or proceeding at the 14 15 expense of the state.

16 **Sec. 3.** RCW 4.92.070 and 1989 c 403 s 3 are each amended to read 17 as follows:

18 If the attorney general shall find that said officer, employee, foster parent, vendor of a secure facility providing treatment under 19 RCW 13.32A.197, or volunteer's acts or omissions were, or were 20 purported to be in good faith, within the scope of that person's 21 official duties, or, in the case of a foster parent, that the 22 23 occurrence arose from the good faith provision of foster care services, 24 or, in the case of a vendor operating a secure treatment facility, 25 arising from the good faith performance of treatment for behavioral difficulties and needs, said request shall be granted, in which event 26 the necessary expenses of the defense of said action or proceeding 27 shall be paid from the appropriations made for the support of the 28 29 department to which such officer, employee, volunteer, or foster parent 30 is attached. In such cases the attorney general shall appear and defend such officer, employee, volunteer, secure treatment facility 31 vendor, or foster parent, who shall assist and cooperate in the defense 32 33 of such suit. However, the attorney general may not represent or 34 provide private representation for a foster parent or for a secure treatment facility vendor, in an action or proceeding brought by the 35 36 department of social and health services against that foster parent or secure treatment facility vendor. 37

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1 **Sec. 4.** RCW 4.92.150 and 1989 c 403 s 4 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

3 After commencement of an action in a court of competent 4 jurisdiction upon a claim against the state, or any of its officers, employees, or volunteers arising out of tortious conduct or pursuant to 5 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1981 et seq., or against a foster parent or secure 6 7 treatment facility vendor that the attorney general is defending 8 pursuant to RCW 4.92.070, or upon petition by the state, the attorney 9 general, with the prior approval of the risk management office and with 10 the approval of the court, following such testimony as the court may 11 require, may compromise and settle the same and stipulate for judgment against the state, the affected officer, employee, volunteer, or foster 12 13 parent.

14 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. It is the intent of the legislature to 15 protect runaway children from predatory individuals, such as drug dealers, sexual marauders, and panderers. Since it is in the interests 16 of these individuals to keep children who have left home on the street 17 18 and unlocated, this act punishes predatory individuals who provide 19 shelter to at-risk youth as a means of preying upon them. The legislature also recognizes that preventing at-risk youth from coming 20 21 into contact with these individuals is equally important to their 22 protection. Since prevention and reconciliation can only begin once a 23 child is located, this act increases the incentives for individuals who 24 have the most contact with runaway children to report the children's 25 whereabouts.

Sec. 6. RCW 13.32A.082 and 1996 c 133 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

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- (1) Any person who, without legal authorization, provides shelter to a minor and who knows at the time of providing the shelter that the minor is away from the parent's home, or other lawfully prescribed residence, without the permission of the parent, shall promptly report the location of the child to the parent, the law enforcement agency of the jurisdiction in which the person lives, or the department. The report may be made by telephone or any other reasonable means.
- 35 (2) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions 36 in this subsection apply throughout this section.

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- 1 (a) "Shelter" means the person's home or any structure over which 2 the person has any control.
- 3 (b) "Promptly report" means to report within eight hours after the 4 person has knowledge that the minor is away from home without parental 5 permission.
- 6 (3) When the department receives a report under subsection (1) of 7 this section, it shall make a good faith attempt to notify the parent 8 that a report has been received and offer services designed to resolve 9 the conflict and accomplish a reunification of the family.
- 10 <u>(4) A violation of subsection (1) of this section by a licensed</u> 11 <u>child-serving agency shall be addressed as a licensing violation under</u> 12 <u>chapter 74.15 RCW.</u>
- 13 <u>(5) A violation of subsection (1) of this section by anyone who is</u> 14 <u>not a licensed child-serving agency is a misdemeanor.</u>
- 15 **Sec. 7.** RCW 13.32A.197 and 1996 c 133 s 3 are each amended to read 16 as follows:
- (1) In a disposition hearing, after a finding that a child is a 17 18 child in need of services or an at-risk youth, the court may adopt the additional orders authorized under this section if it finds that the 19 child involved in those proceedings is not eligible for inpatient 20 treatment for a mental health or substance abuse condition and requires 21 specialized treatment. The court ((may)) shall order that a child be 22 23 placed in a ((staff)) secure facility, other than a crisis residential 24 center, that will provide for the child's participation in a program 25 designed to remedy his or her behavioral difficulties or needs((. The court may not enter this order unless)) if the court, at the 26 disposition hearing, ((it)) finds that the placement is clearly 27 necessary to protect the child and ((that a less restrictive order 28 29 would be inadequate to protect the child, given the child's age, maturity, propensity to run away from home, past exposure to serious 30 31 risk when the child ran away from home, and possible future exposure to 32 serious risk should the child run away from home again)) any of the 33 following:
- (a) That on two or more separate occasions within the twelve-month period before the date of filing the petition, the child's parents filed a runaway report with a law enforcement agency because the child had been absent from the parent's home for longer than three consecutive days; or

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- (b) That the child has been held in contempt under RCW 13.32A.250 1 and the court has reason to believe, based on information provided by 2 the child's parents, family reconciliation service personnel, 3 4 counselors, crisis residential center administrators, or other responsible adults who have been in contact with the child, that the 5 child will continue to fail to comply with the terms of a court order 6 7 entered under this chapter or will continue to expose himself or 8 herself to serious risk; or
- 9 <u>(c) That on two occasions or more the child has been held in</u>
 10 <u>contempt under RCW 13.32A.250 for violating a single court order</u>
 11 <u>entered under this chapter</u>.
- (2) The order shall require periodic court review of the placement, 12 13 with the first review hearing conducted not more than thirty days after 14 the date of the placement. At each review hearing the court shall 15 advise the parents of their rights under RCW 13.32A.160(1), review the 16 progress of the child, and determine whether the orders are still necessary for the protection of the child or a less restrictive 17 placement would be adequate. The court shall modify its orders as it 18 19 finds necessary to protect the child. Reviews of orders adopted under 20 this section are subject to the review provisions under RCW 13.32A.190 and $((\frac{13.32.198}{13.32A.198}))$ $\frac{13.32A.198}{13.32A.198}$. 21
 - (3) Placements in staff secure facilities under this section shall be limited to children who meet the statutory definition of a child in need of services or an at-risk youth as defined in RCW 13.32A.030.

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- (4) ((State funds may only be used to pay for placements under this section if, and to the extent that, such funds are appropriated to expressly pay for them)) (a) The parent, parents, or legal guardian of a child placed under this section are liable for the costs of treatment, care, and maintenance of the child to the extent of available resources, including private insurance coverage, and ability to pay. Within funds appropriated, the state shall pay for costs, if any, not covered by the parent, parents, or legal guardian of the child.
- 34 <u>(b) The secretary shall establish rules to implement this section</u>
 35 <u>and to define income, resources, and exemptions to determine the</u>
 36 <u>parent's, parents', or legal quardian's ability to pay.</u>
- 37 **Sec. 8.** RCW 71.34.030 and 1995 c 312 s 52 are each amended to read 38 as follows:

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- 1 (1)(a) Any minor thirteen years or older may request and receive 2 outpatient treatment without the consent of the minor's parent. 3 Parental authorization is required for outpatient treatment of a minor 4 under the age of thirteen.
- 5 (b) Any provider of outpatient treatment for a minor thirteen years
 6 of age or older shall provide notice of the treatment to the minor's
 7 parents. The notice shall be made upon the completion of the child's
 8 third visit for treatment, and shall contain the name, location, and
 9 telephone number of the mental health care provider who is designated
 10 to discuss the minor's need for treatment with the parent.
- 11 <u>(c) A treatment provider may defer notification to a parent of a</u>
 12 <u>minor's request for treatment if:</u>
- (i) The minor alleges physical or sexual abuse by the parent and 13 14 the treatment provider notifies the department of the alleged abuse. Upon completion of its assessment of the allegation, the department 15 shall notify the treatment provider of its findings. If the department 16 determines the allegation is not valid, the treatment provider shall 17 immediately notify the parent of the minor's treatment. If the 18 19 department determines the allegation is valid, the treatment provider need not provide notice to the parent; or 20
 - (ii) The provider believes the parental notification will interfere with the necessary treatment for the minor. If the provider believes the notification will interfere with the necessary treatment, the provider shall notify the department. The department shall review the circumstances and pursue either a child in need of services petition, if the child meets the definition of a child in need of services under RCW 13.32A.030(4)(c), or a dependency petition under chapter 13.34 RCW, if the child meets the definition of a dependent child under RCW 13.34.030(4). If the department determines neither petition is appropriate it shall immediately inform the provider, who shall notify the parent of the treatment within twenty-four hours or after the second visit for treatment, whichever is later.
 - (2) When in the judgment of the professional person in charge of an evaluation and treatment facility there is reason to believe that a minor is in need of inpatient treatment because of a mental disorder, and the facility provides the type of evaluation and treatment needed by the minor, and it is not feasible to treat the minor in any less restrictive setting or the minor's home, the minor may be admitted to

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1 an evaluation and treatment facility in accordance with the following
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- (a) A minor may be voluntarily admitted by application of the parent. The consent of the minor is not required for the minor to be evaluated and admitted as appropriate.
- 6 (b) A minor thirteen years or older may, with the concurrence of 7 the professional person in charge of an evaluation and treatment 8 facility, admit himself or herself without parental consent to the 9 evaluation and treatment facility, provided that notice is given by the 10 facility to the minor's parent in accordance with the following 11 requirements:
- (i) Notice of the minor's admission shall be in the form most 12 likely to reach the parent within twenty-four hours of the minor's 13 voluntary admission and shall advise the parent that the minor has been 14 admitted to inpatient treatment; the location and telephone number of 15 16 the facility providing such treatment; and the name of a professional 17 person on the staff of the facility providing treatment who is designated to discuss the minor's need for inpatient treatment with the 18 19 parent.
- (ii) The minor shall be released to the parent at the parent's request for release unless the facility files a petition with the superior court of the county in which treatment is being provided setting forth the basis for the facility's belief that the minor is in need of inpatient treatment and that release would constitute a threat to the minor's health or safety.
- (iii) The petition shall be signed by the professional person in charge of the facility or that person's designee.
- (iv) The parent may apply to the court for separate counsel to represent the parent if the parent cannot afford counsel.
- (v) There shall be a hearing on the petition, which shall be held within three judicial days from the filing of the petition.
- (vi) The hearing shall be conducted by a judge, court commissioner, or licensed attorney designated by the superior court as a hearing officer for such hearing. The hearing may be held at the treatment facility.
- (vii) At such hearing, the facility must demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence presented at the hearing that the minor is in need of inpatient treatment and that release would constitute a threat to the minor's health or safety. The hearing shall not be

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- 1 conducted using the rules of evidence, and the admission or exclusion 2 of evidence sought to be presented shall be within the exercise of 3 sound discretion by the judicial officer conducting the hearing.
- 4 (c) Written renewal of voluntary consent must be obtained from the 5 applicant no less than once every twelve months.

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- (d) The minor's need for continued inpatient treatments shall be reviewed and documented no less than every one hundred eighty days.
 - (3) A notice of intent to leave shall result in the following:
- 9 (a) Any minor under the age of thirteen must be discharged 10 immediately upon written request of the parent.
- 11 (b) Any minor thirteen years or older voluntarily admitted may give 12 notice of intent to leave at any time. The notice need not follow any 13 specific form so long as it is written and the intent of the minor can 14 be discerned.
- 15 (c) The staff member receiving the notice shall date it 16 immediately, record its existence in the minor's clinical record, and 17 send copies of it to the minor's attorney, if any, the county-18 designated mental health professional, and the parent.
- (d) The professional person in charge of the evaluation and treatment facility shall discharge the minor, thirteen years or older, from the facility within twenty-four hours after receipt of the minor's notice of intent to leave, unless the county-designated mental health professional or a parent or legal guardian files a petition or an application for initial detention within the time prescribed by this chapter.
- (4) The ability of a parent to apply to a certified evaluation and treatment program for the involuntary admission of his or her minor child does not create a right to obtain or benefit from any funds or resources of the state. However, the state may provide services for indigent minors to the extent that funds are available therefor.
- 31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** This act may be known and cited as the 32 "Becca Three" bill.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

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1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** This act takes effect August 1, 1997.

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