H-0275.1			

HOUSE BILL 1429

State of Washington 55th Legislature 1997 Regular Session

By Representatives Sump, O'Brien, Sullivan, Mielke, Mulliken and Sherstad

Read first time 01/27/97. Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

- AN ACT Relating to littering; amending RCW 70.93.060 and 7.80.120;
- 2 and prescribing penalties.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 70.93.060 and 1996 c 263 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 (1) No person shall throw, drop, deposit, discard, or otherwise
- 7 dispose of litter upon any public property in the state or upon private
- 8 property in this state not owned by him <u>or her</u> or in the waters of this
- 9 state whether from a vehicle or otherwise including but not limited to
- 10 any public highway, public park, beach, campground, forest land,
- 11 recreational area, trailer park, highway, road, street, or alley
- 12 except:
- 13 (a) When the property is designated by the state or its agencies or
- 14 political subdivisions for the disposal of garbage and refuse, and the
- 15 person is authorized to use such property for that purpose;
- 16 (b) Into a litter receptacle in a manner that will prevent litter
- 17 from being carried away or deposited by the elements upon any part of
- 18 said private or public property or waters.

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- 1 (2)(a) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, it is 2 a class 3 civil infraction as defined in RCW 7.80.120 for a person to 3 litter in an amount less than or equal to one cubic foot.
- 4 (b) It is a class 1 civil infraction as defined in RCW 7.80.120 for a person to litter in an amount greater than one cubic foot. Unless 5 suspended or modified by a court, the person shall also pay a litter 6 7 cleanup fee of twenty-five dollars per cubic foot of litter. The court may, in addition to or in lieu of part or all of the cleanup fee, order 8 9 the person to pick up and remove litter from the property, with prior 10 permission of the legal owner or, in the case of public property, of 11 the agency managing the property.
- (3) If the violation occurs in a state park, the court shall, in addition to any other penalties assessed, order the person to perform twenty-four hours of community service in the state park where the violation occurred if the state park has stated an intent to participate as provided in RCW 43.51.048(2).
- 17 <u>(4) It is a class 1 civil infraction as provided in RCW 7.80.120</u>
 18 for a person to discard a cigarette, cigar, or other tobacco product
 19 capable of being lit, in violation of this section.
- 20 **Sec. 2.** RCW 7.80.120 and 1987 c 456 s 20 are each amended to read 21 as follows:
- 22 (1) A person found to have committed a civil infraction shall be 23 assessed a monetary penalty.
- (a) The maximum penalty and the default amount for a class 1 civil infraction shall be two hundred fifty dollars, not including statutory assessments, except for an infraction of state law involving tobacco products as specified in RCW 70.93.060(4), in which case the maximum penalty and default amount is five hundred dollars;
- 29 (b) The maximum penalty and the default amount for a class 2 civil 30 infraction shall be one hundred twenty-five dollars, not including 31 statutory assessments;
- 32 (c) The maximum penalty and the default amount for a class 3 civil 33 infraction shall be fifty dollars, not including statutory assessments; 34 and
- 35 (d) The maximum penalty and the default amount for a class 4 civil 36 infraction shall be twenty-five dollars, not including statutory 37 assessments.

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1 (2) The supreme court shall prescribe by rule the conditions under 2 which local courts may exercise discretion in assessing fines for civil 3 infractions.

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- (3) Whenever a monetary penalty is imposed by a court under this chapter it is immediately payable. If the person is unable to pay at that time the court may grant an extension of the period in which the penalty may be paid. If the penalty is not paid on or before the time established for payment, the court may proceed to collect the penalty in the same manner as other civil judgments and may notify the prosecuting authority of the failure to pay.
- 11 (4) The court may also order a person found to have committed a 12 civil infraction to make restitution.

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