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5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 6 following:

7 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds it is often necessary 8 for parents to obtain mental health or chemical dependency treatment 9 for their minor children prior to the time the child's condition 10 presents a likelihood of serious harm or the child becomes gravely disabled. The legislature finds that treatment of such conditions is 11 not the equivalent of incarceration or detention, but is a legitimate 12 act of parental discretion, when supported by decisions of credentialed 13 professionals. The legislature finds that, consistent with Parham v. 14 15 J.R., 442 U.S. 584 (1979), state action is not involved in the determination of a parent and professional person to admit a minor 16 child to treatment and finds this act provides sufficient independent 17 review by the department of social and health services, as a neutral 18 19 fact-finder, to protect the interests of all parties. The legislature 20 intends and recognizes that children affected by the provisions of this act are not children whose mental health or substance abuse problems 21 are adequately addressed by chapters 70.96A and 71.34 RCW. 22 23 the legislature finds it is necessary to provide parents a statutory process, other than the petition process provided in chapters 70.96A 24 25 and 71.34 RCW, to obtain treatment for their minor children without the consent of the children. 26

The legislature finds that differing standards of admission and 27 review in parent-initiated mental health and chemical dependency 28 treatment for their minor children are necessary and the admission 29 30 standards and procedures under state involuntary treatment procedures are not adequate to provide safeguards for the safety and well-being of 31 The legislature finds the timeline for admission and 32 all children. reviews under existing law do not provide sufficient opportunities for 33 34 assessment of the mental health and chemically dependent status of 35 every minor child and that additional time and different standards will facilitate the likelihood of successful treatment of children who are 36

- 1 in need of assistance but unwilling to obtain it voluntarily. The
- 2 legislature finds there are children whose behavior presents a clear
- 3 need of medical treatment but is not so extreme as to require immediate
- 4 state intervention under the state involuntary treatment procedures.

5 PART I - MENTAL HEALTH

6 **Sec. 2.** RCW 71.34.010 and 1992 c 205 s 302 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

It is the purpose of this chapter to ((ensure)) assure that minors in need of mental health care and treatment receive an appropriate continuum of culturally relevant care and treatment, ((from)) including prevention and early intervention ((to)), self-directed care, parent-directed care, and involuntary treatment. To facilitate the continuum of care and treatment to minors in out-of-home placements, all divisions of the department that provide mental health services to

minors shall jointly plan and deliver those services.

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It is also the purpose of this chapter to protect the rights of minors against needless hospitalization and deprivations of liberty and to enable treatment decisions to be made in response to clinical needs in accordance with sound professional judgment. The mental health care and treatment providers shall encourage the use of voluntary services and, whenever clinically appropriate, the providers shall offer less restrictive alternatives to inpatient treatment. Additionally, all mental health care and treatment providers shall ((ensure)) assure that minors' parents are given an opportunity to participate in the treatment decisions for their minor children. The mental health care and treatment providers shall, to the extent possible, offer services that involve minors' parents or family.

- It is also the purpose of this chapter to assure the ability of parents to exercise reasonable, compassionate care and control of their minor children when there is a medical necessity for treatment and without the requirement of filing a petition under this chapter.
- 32 **Sec. 3.** RCW 71.34.020 and 1985 c 354 s 2 are each amended to read 33 as follows:
- 34 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 35 this section apply throughout this chapter.

- 1 (1) "Child psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a 2 physician and surgeon in this state, who has had graduate training in 3 child psychiatry in a program approved by the American Medical 4 Association or the American Osteopathic Association, and who is board 5 eligible or board certified in child psychiatry.
 - (2) "Children's mental health specialist" means:

- 7 (a) A mental health professional who has completed a minimum of one 8 hundred actual hours, not quarter or semester hours, of specialized 9 training devoted to the study of child development and the treatment of 10 children; and
- 11 (b) A mental health professional who has the equivalent of one year 12 of full-time experience in the treatment of children under the 13 supervision of a children's mental health specialist.
- 14 (3) "Commitment" means a determination by a judge or court 15 commissioner, made after a commitment hearing, that the minor is in 16 need of inpatient diagnosis, evaluation, or treatment or that the minor 17 is in need of less restrictive alternative treatment.
- (4) "County-designated mental health professional" means a mental health professional designated by one or more counties to perform the functions of a county-designated mental health professional described in this chapter.
- 22 (5) "Department" means the department of social and health 23 services.
- (6) "Evaluation and treatment facility" means a public or private 24 facility or unit that is certified by the department to provide 25 emergency, inpatient, residential, or outpatient mental health 26 evaluation and treatment services for minors. A physically separate 27 and separately-operated portion of a state hospital may be designated 28 as an evaluation and treatment facility for minors. A facility which 29 30 is part of or operated by the department or federal agency does not require certification. No correctional institution or facility, 31 juvenile court detention facility, or jail may be an evaluation and 32 treatment facility within the meaning of this chapter. 33
- (7) "Evaluation and treatment program" means the total system of services and facilities coordinated and approved by a county or combination of counties for the evaluation and treatment of minors under this chapter.
- 38 (8) "Gravely disabled minor" means a minor who, as a result of a 39 mental disorder, is in danger of serious physical harm resulting from

- a failure to provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety, or manifests severe deterioration in routine functioning evidenced by repeated and escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over his or her actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her health or safety.
 - (9) "Inpatient treatment" means twenty-four-hour-per-day mental health care provided within a general hospital, psychiatric hospital, or residential treatment facility certified by the department as an evaluation and treatment facility for minors.

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- 10 (10) "Less restrictive alternative" or "less restrictive setting" 11 means outpatient treatment provided to a minor who is not residing in 12 a facility providing inpatient treatment as defined in this chapter.
- (11) "Likelihood of serious harm" means either: (a) A substantial 13 risk that physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon his or 14 15 her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on oneself; (b) a substantial risk that 16 physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon another, as 17 evidenced by behavior which has caused such harm or which places 18 19 another person or persons in reasonable fear of sustaining such harm; 20 or (c) a substantial risk that physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon the property of others, as evidenced by behavior which 21 22 has caused substantial loss or damage to the property of others.
 - (12) "Medical necessity" for inpatient care means a requested service which is reasonably calculated to: (a) Diagnose, correct, cure, or alleviate a mental disorder; or (b) prevent the worsening of mental conditions that endanger life or cause suffering and pain, or result in illness or infirmity or threaten to cause or aggravate a handicap, or cause physical deformity or malfunction, and there is no adequate less restrictive alternative available.
- impairment that has substantial adverse effects on an individual's cognitive or volitional functions. The presence of alcohol abuse, drug abuse, juvenile criminal history, antisocial behavior, or mental retardation alone is insufficient to justify a finding of "mental disorder" within the meaning of this section.
- $((\frac{(13)}{)})$ (14) "Mental health professional" means a psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric nurse, or social worker, and such other mental health professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary under this chapter.

- 1 (((14))) (15) "Minor" means any person under the age of eighteen 2 years.
- $3 \qquad (((15))) \qquad (16) \qquad "Outpatient treatment" means any of the 4 nonresidential services mandated under chapter 71.24 RCW and provided 5 by licensed services providers as identified by RCW 71.24.025(3).$
- 6 $((\frac{16}{16}))$ (17) "Parent" means:
- 7 (a) A biological or adoptive parent who has legal custody of the 8 child, including either parent if custody is shared under a joint 9 custody agreement; or
- 10 (b) A person or agency judicially appointed as legal guardian or 11 custodian of the child.
- (((17))) <u>(18)</u> "Professional person in charge" <u>or "professional</u> person" means a physician or other mental health professional empowered by an evaluation and treatment facility with authority to make admission and discharge decisions on behalf of that facility.
- (((18))) (19) "Psychiatric nurse" means a registered nurse who has a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university, and who has had, in addition, at least two years' experience in the direct treatment of mentally ill or emotionally disturbed persons, such experience gained under the supervision of a mental health professional. "Psychiatric nurse" shall also mean any other registered nurse who has three years of such experience.
- (((19))) <u>(20)</u> "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician in this state who has completed residency training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American Medical Association or the American Osteopathic Association, and is board eligible or board certified in psychiatry.
- 28 $((\frac{(20)}{)})$ (21) "Psychologist" means a person licensed as a 29 psychologist under chapter 18.83 RCW.
- $((\frac{(21)}{(21)}))$ (22) "Responsible other" means the minor, the minor's parent or estate, or any other person legally responsible for support of the minor.
- $((\frac{(22)}{2}))$ "Secretary" means the secretary of the department or secretary's designee.
- $((\frac{(23)}{(23)}))$ (24) "Start of initial detention" means the time of arrival of the minor at the first evaluation and treatment facility offering inpatient treatment if the minor is being involuntarily detained at the time. With regard to voluntary patients, "start of

- 1 initial detention" means the time at which the minor gives notice of 2 intent to leave under the provisions of this chapter.
- 3 **Sec. 4.** RCW 71.34.025 and 1995 c 312 s 56 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
- 5 (1) ((The admission of any child under RCW 71.34.030 may be reviewed by the county-designated mental health professional between fifteen and thirty days following admission. The county-designated mental health professional may undertake the review on his or her own initiative and may seek reimbursement from the parents, their insurance, or medicaid for the expense of the review.

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(2))) The department shall ((ensure)) assure that, for any minor admitted to inpatient treatment under section 11 of this act, a review is conducted ((no later than sixty days)) by a physician or other mental health professional who is employed by the department, or an agency under contract with the department, and who neither has a financial interest in continued inpatient treatment of the minor nor is affiliated with the facility providing the treatment. The physician or other mental health professional shall conduct the review not less than seven nor more than fourteen days following ((admission)) the date the minor was brought to the facility under section 11(1) of this act to determine whether it is ((medically appropriate)) a medical necessity to continue the ((child's)) minor's treatment on an inpatient basis. ((The department may, subject to available funds, contract with a county for the conduct of the review conducted under this subsection and may seek reimbursement from the parents, their insurance, or medicaid for the expense of any review conducted by an agency under contract.

If the county-designated mental health professional determines that continued inpatient treatment of the child is no longer medically appropriate, the professional shall notify the facility, the child, the child's parents, and the department of the finding within twenty-four hours of the determination.

(3) For purposes of eligibility for medical assistance under chapter 74.09 RCW, children in inpatient mental health or chemical dependency treatment shall be considered to be part of their parent's or legal guardian's household, unless the child has been assessed by the department of social and health services or its designee as likely to require such treatment for at least ninety consecutive days, or is

in out-of-home care in accordance with chapter 13.34 RCW, or the child's parents are found to not be exercising responsibility for care and control of the child. Payment for such care by the department of social and health services shall be made only in accordance with rules, guidelines, and clinical criteria applicable to inpatient treatment of minors established by the department.))

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at-risk youth petition.

- (2) In making a determination under subsection (1) of this section, the department shall consider the opinion of the treatment provider, the safety of the minor, and the likelihood the minor's mental health will deteriorate if released from inpatient treatment. The department shall consult with the parent in advance of making its determination. (3) If, after any review conducted by the department under this section, the department determines it is no longer a medical necessity for a minor to receive inpatient treatment, the department shall immediately notify the parents and the facility. The facility shall release the minor to the parents within twenty-four hours of receiving notice. If the professional person in charge and the parent believe that it is a medical necessity for the minor to remain in inpatient treatment, the minor shall be released to the parent on the second judicial day following the department's determination in order to allow the parent time to file an at-risk youth petition under chapter 13.32A RCW. If the department determines it is a medical necessity for the minor to receive outpatient treatment and the minor declines to obtain such treatment, such refusal shall be grounds for the parent to file an
- 26 (4) If the evaluation conducted under section 11 of this act is 27 done by the department, the reviews required by subsection (1) of this 28 section shall be done by contract with an independent agency.
- 29 (5) The department may, subject to available funds, contract with 30 other governmental agencies to conduct the reviews under this section. 31 The department may seek reimbursement from the parents, their 32 insurance, or medicaid for the expense of any review conducted by an 33 agency under contract.
- 34 <u>(6) In addition to the review required under this section, the</u> 35 <u>department may periodically determine and redetermine the medical</u> 36 <u>necessity of treatment for purposes of payment with public funds.</u>
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:

For purposes of eligibility for medical assistance under chapter 1 74.09 RCW, minors in inpatient mental health treatment shall be 2 considered to be part of their parent's or legal guardian's household, 3 4 unless the minor has been assessed by the department or its designee as 5 likely to require such treatment for at least ninety consecutive days, or is in out-of-home care in accordance with chapter 13.34 RCW, or the 6 7 parents are found to not be exercising responsibility for care and 8 control of the minor. Payment for such care by the department shall be made only in accordance with rules, guidelines, and clinical criteria 9 10 applicable to inpatient treatment of minors established by the department. 11

PART II - VOLUNTARY MENTAL HEALTH OUTPATIENT TREATMENT

- 13 **Sec. 6.** RCW 71.34.030 and 1995 c 312 s 52 are each amended to read 14 as follows:
- 15 $((\frac{1}{1}))$ Any minor thirteen years or older may request and receive
- 16 outpatient treatment without the consent of the minor's parent.
- 17 Parental authorization is required for outpatient treatment of a minor 18 under the age of thirteen.
- 19 ((2) When in the judgment of the professional person in charge of
- 20 an evaluation and treatment facility there is reason to believe that a
- 21 minor is in need of inpatient treatment because of a mental disorder,
- 22 and the facility provides the type of evaluation and treatment needed
- 23 by the minor, and it is not feasible to treat the minor in any less
- 24 restrictive setting or the minor's home, the minor may be admitted to
- 25 an evaluation and treatment facility in accordance with the following
- 26 requirements:

- 27 (a) A minor may be voluntarily admitted by application of the
- 28 parent. The consent of the minor is not required for the minor to be
- 29 evaluated and admitted as appropriate.
- 30 (b) A minor thirteen years or older may, with the concurrence of
- 31 the professional person in charge of an evaluation and treatment
- 32 facility, admit himself or herself without parental consent to the
- 33 evaluation and treatment facility, provided that notice is given by the
- 34 facility to the minor's parent in accordance with the following
- 35 requirements:
- 36 (i) Notice of the minor's admission shall be in the form most
- 37 likely to reach the parent within twenty four hours of the minor's

voluntary admission and shall advise the parent that the minor has been admitted to inpatient treatment; the location and telephone number of the facility providing such treatment; and the name of a professional person on the staff of the facility providing treatment who is designated to discuss the minor's need for inpatient treatment with the parent.

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- (ii) The minor shall be released to the parent at the parent's request for release unless the facility files a petition with the superior court of the county in which treatment is being provided setting forth the basis for the facility's belief that the minor is in need of inpatient treatment and that release would constitute a threat to the minor's health or safety.
- (iii) The petition shall be signed by the professional person in charge of the facility or that person's designee.
- 15 (iv) The parent may apply to the court for separate counsel to 16 represent the parent if the parent cannot afford counsel.
- 17 (v) There shall be a hearing on the petition, which shall be held 18 within three judicial days from the filing of the petition.
- (vi) The hearing shall be conducted by a judge, court commissioner, or licensed attorney designated by the superior court as a hearing officer for such hearing. The hearing may be held at the treatment facility.
 - (vii) At such hearing, the facility must demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence presented at the hearing that the minor is in need of inpatient treatment and that release would constitute a threat to the minor's health or safety. The hearing shall not be conducted using the rules of evidence, and the admission or exclusion of evidence sought to be presented shall be within the exercise of sound discretion by the judicial officer conducting the hearing.
- 30 (c) Written renewal of voluntary consent must be obtained from the 31 applicant no less than once every twelve months.
- 32 (d) The minor's need for continued inpatient treatments shall be 33 reviewed and documented no less than every one hundred eighty days.
 - (3) A notice of intent to leave shall result in the following:
- 35 (a) Any minor under the age of thirteen must be discharged 36 immediately upon written request of the parent.
- 37 (b) Any minor thirteen years or older voluntarily admitted may give 38 notice of intent to leave at any time. The notice need not follow any

- 1 specific form so long as it is written and the intent of the minor can
 2 be discerned.
- 3 (c) The staff member receiving the notice shall date it 4 immediately, record its existence in the minor's clinical record, and 5 send copies of it to the minor's attorney, if any, the county-6 designated mental health professional, and the parent.
- 7 (d) The professional person in charge of the evaluation and 8 treatment facility shall discharge the minor, thirteen years or older, 9 from the facility within twenty-four hours after receipt of the minor's 10 notice of intent to leave, unless the county-designated mental health 11 professional or a parent or legal guardian files a petition or an 12 application for initial detention within the time prescribed by this 13 chapter.
- (4) The ability of a parent to apply to a certified evaluation and treatment program for the involuntary admission of his or her minor child does not create a right to obtain or benefit from any funds or resources of the state. However, the state may provide services for indigent minors to the extent that funds are available therefor.))
- 19 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 7.** For the purpose of gathering information related to parental notification of outpatient mental health treatment 20 21 of minors, the department of health shall conduct a survey of providers 22 of outpatient treatment, as defined in chapter 71.34 RCW. The survey 23 shall gather information from a statistically valid sample of 24 providers. In accordance with confidentiality statutes and the 25 physician-patient privilege, the survey shall secure information from the providers related to: 26
 - (1) The number of minors receiving outpatient treatment;
- 28 (2) The number of parents of minors in treatment notified of the 29 minor's treatment;
- 30 (3) The average number of outpatient visits prior to parental 31 notification;
- 32 (4) The average number of treatments with parental notification;
- 33 (5) The average number of treatments without parental notification;
- 34 (6) The percentage of minors in treatment who are prescribed 35 medication;
 - (7) The medication prescribed;

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37 (8) The number of patients terminating treatment due to parental 38 notification; and

- 1 (9) Any other pertinent information.
- 2 The department shall submit the survey results to the governor and
- 3 the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 1998.
- 4 This section expires June 1, 1999.

5 PART III - VOLUNTARY MENTAL HEALTH INPATIENT TREATMENT

- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW 7 to read as follows:
- 8 (1) A minor thirteen years or older may admit himself or herself to 9 an evaluation and treatment facility for inpatient mental treatment, 10 without parental consent. The admission shall occur only if the 11 professional person in charge of the facility concurs with the need for
- 12 inpatient treatment.
- 13 (2) When, in the judgment of the professional person in charge of 14 an evaluation and treatment facility, there is reason to believe that
- 15 a minor is in need of inpatient treatment because of a mental disorder,
- 16 and the facility provides the type of evaluation and treatment needed
- 17 by the minor, and it is not feasible to treat the minor in any less
- 18 restrictive setting or the minor's home, the minor may be admitted to
- 19 an evaluation and treatment facility.
- 20 (3) Written renewal of voluntary consent must be obtained from the
- 21 applicant no less than once every twelve months. The minor's need for
- 22 continued inpatient treatments shall be reviewed and documented no less
- 23 than every one hundred eighty days.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW
- 25 to read as follows:
- The administrator of the treatment facility shall provide notice to
- 27 the parents of a minor when the minor is voluntarily admitted to
- 28 inpatient treatment under section 8 of this act. The notice shall be
- 29 in the form most likely to reach the parent within twenty-four hours of
- 30 the minor's voluntary admission and shall advise the parent: (1) That
- 31 the minor has been admitted to inpatient treatment; (2) of the location
- 32 and telephone number of the facility providing such treatment; (3) of
- 33 the name of a professional person on the staff of the facility
- 34 providing treatment who is designated to discuss the minor's need for
- 35 inpatient treatment with the parent; and (4) of the medical necessity
- 36 for admission.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:
- 3 (1) Any minor thirteen years or older voluntarily admitted to an 4 evaluation and treatment facility under section 8 of this act may give 5 notice of intent to leave at any time. The notice need not follow any 6 specific form so long as it is written and the intent of the minor can 7 be discerned.
- 8 (2) The staff member receiving the notice shall date it 9 immediately, record its existence in the minor's clinical record, and 10 send copies of it to the minor's attorney, if any, the county-11 designated mental health professional, and the parent.
- 12 (3) The professional person shall discharge the minor, thirteen 13 years or older, from the facility upon receipt of the minor's notice of 14 intent to leave.

15 PART IV - PARENT-INITIATED MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT

- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 11.** A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) A parent may bring, or authorize the bringing of, his or her minor child to an evaluation and treatment facility and request that the professional person examine the minor to determine whether the minor has a mental disorder and is in need of inpatient treatment.
- (2) The consent of the minor is not required for admission, evaluation, and treatment if the parent brings the minor to the facility.
- (3) An appropriately trained professional person may evaluate 25 whether the minor has a mental disorder. The evaluation shall be 26 27 completed within twenty-four hours of the time the minor was brought to 28 the facility, unless the professional person determines that the condition of the minor necessitates additional time for evaluation. In 29 no event shall a minor be held longer than seventy-two hours for 30 If, in the judgment of the professional person, it is 31 evaluation. determined it is a medical necessity for the minor to receive inpatient 32 33 treatment, the minor may be held for treatment. The facility shall limit treatment to that which the professional person determines is 34 medically necessary to stabilize the minor's condition until the 35 evaluation has been completed. Within twenty-four hours of completion 36

- of the evaluation, the professional person shall notify the department if the child is held for treatment and of the date of admission.
- 3 (4) No provider is obligated to provide treatment to a minor under 4 the provisions of this section. No provider may admit a minor to 5 treatment under this section unless it is medically necessary.
- 6 (5) No minor receiving inpatient treatment under this section may 7 be discharged from the facility based solely on his or her request.
- 8 (6) For the purposes of this section "professional person" does not 9 include a social worker, unless the social worker is certified under 10 RCW 18.19.110 and appropriately trained and qualified by education and 11 experience, as defined by the department, in psychiatric social work.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 12.** A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) A parent may bring, or authorize the bringing of, his or her minor child to a provider of outpatient mental health treatment and request that an appropriately trained professional person examine the minor to determine whether the minor has a mental disorder and is in need of outpatient treatment.
- 19 (2) The consent of the minor is not required for evaluation if the 20 parent brings the minor to the provider.
- 21 (3) The professional person may evaluate whether the minor has a 22 mental disorder and is in need of outpatient treatment.
- 23 (4) Any minor admitted to inpatient treatment under section 8 or 11 24 of this act shall be discharged immediately from inpatient treatment 25 upon written request of the parent.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:
- Following the review conducted under RCW 71.34.025, a minor child may petition the superior court for his or her release from the facility. The petition may be filed not sooner than five days
- 31 following the review. The court shall release the minor unless it
- 32 finds, upon a preponderance of the evidence, that it is a medical
- 33 necessity for the minor to remain at the facility.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 14.** A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:

- If the minor is not released as a result of the petition filed under section 13 of this act, he or she shall be released not later than thirty days following the later of: (1) The date of the department's determination under RCW 71.34.025(2); or (2) the filing of a petition for judicial review under section 13 of this act, unless a professional person or the county designated mental health professional initiates proceedings under this chapter.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW 9 to read as follows:
- The ability of a parent to bring his or her minor child to a certified evaluation and treatment program for evaluation and treatment does not create a right to obtain or benefit from any funds or resources of the state. The state may provide services for indigent minors to the extent that funds are available.

15 PART V - CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY

- 16 Sec. 16. RCW 70.96A.020 and 1996 c 178 s 23 and 1996 c 133 s 33 17 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- For the purposes of this chapter the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- 21 (1) "Alcoholic" means a person who suffers from the disease of 22 alcoholism.
- (2) "Alcoholism" means a disease, characterized by a dependency on alcoholic beverages, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning.
- (3) "Approved treatment program" means a discrete program of chemical dependency treatment provided by a treatment program certified by the department of social and health services as meeting standards adopted under this chapter.
- 32 (4) "Chemical dependency" means alcoholism or drug addiction, or 33 dependence on alcohol and one or more other psychoactive chemicals, as 34 the context requires.
- 35 (5) "Chemical dependency program" means expenditures and activities 36 of the department designed and conducted to prevent or treat alcoholism

- 1 and other drug addiction, including reasonable administration and 2 overhead.
- 3 (6) "Department" means the department of social and health 4 services.
- 5 (7) "Designated chemical dependency specialist" means a person 6 designated by the county alcoholism and other drug addiction program 7 coordinator designated under RCW 70.96A.310 to perform the commitment 8 duties described in RCW 70.96A.140 and qualified to do so by meeting 9 standards adopted by the department.
- 10 (8) "Director" means the person administering the chemical 11 dependency program within the department.
- 12 (9) "Drug addict" means a person who suffers from the disease of drug addiction.
- (10) "Drug addiction" means a disease characterized by a dependency on psychoactive chemicals, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning.
- 20 (11) "Emergency service patrol" means a patrol established under 21 RCW 70.96A.170.

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- (12) "Gravely disabled by alcohol or other drugs" means that a person, as a result of the use of alcohol or other drugs: (a) Is in danger of serious physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety; or (b) manifests severe deterioration in routine functioning evidenced by a repeated and escalating loss of cognition or volitional control over his or her actions and is not receiving care as essential for his or her health or safety.
- 30 (13) "Incapacitated by alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals"
 31 means that a person, as a result of the use of alcohol or other
 32 psychoactive chemicals, has his or her judgment so impaired that he or
 33 she is incapable of realizing and making a rational decision with
 34 respect to his or her need for treatment and presents a likelihood of
 35 serious harm to himself or herself, to any other person, or to
 36 property.
- 37 (14) "Incompetent person" means a person who has been adjudged 38 incompetent by the superior court.

- 1 (15) "Intoxicated person" means a person whose mental or physical 2 functioning is substantially impaired as a result of the use of alcohol 3 or other psychoactive chemicals.
- 4 (16) "Licensed physician" means a person licensed to practice 5 medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of 6 Washington.
- 7 (17) "Likelihood of serious harm" means either: (a) A substantial 8 risk that physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon his or 9 her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide 10 or inflict physical harm on one's self; (b) a substantial risk that physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon another, as 11 evidenced by behavior that has caused the harm or that places another 12 person or persons in reasonable fear of sustaining the harm; or (c) a 13 substantial risk that physical harm will be inflicted by an individual 14 15 upon the property of others, as evidenced by behavior that has caused 16 substantial loss or damage to the property of others.
- (18) "Medical necessity" for inpatient care of a minor means a 17 requested certified inpatient service that is reasonably calculated to: 18 19 (a) Diagnose, arrest, or alleviate a chemical dependency; or (b) prevent the worsening of chemical dependency conditions that endanger 20 life or cause suffering and pain, or result in illness or infirmity or 21 threaten to cause or aggravate a handicap, or cause physical deformity 22 or malfunction, and there is no adequate less restrictive alternative 23 24 available.
- 25 (19) "Minor" means a person less than eighteen years of age.
- $((\frac{19}{19}))$ (20) "Parent" means the parent or parents who have the legal right to custody of the child. Parent includes custodian or quardian.
- (((20))) <u>(21)</u> "Peace officer" means a law enforcement official of a public agency or governmental unit, and includes persons specifically given peace officer powers by any state law, local ordinance, or judicial order of appointment.
- (((21))) (22) "Person" means an individual, including a minor.
- (((22))) (23) "Professional person in charge" or "professional
 person" means a physician or chemical dependency counselor as defined
 in rule by the department, who is empowered by a certified treatment
- 37 program with authority to make assessment, admission, continuing care,
- 38 and discharge decisions on behalf of the certified program.

- 1 (24) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social 2 and health services.
- 3 $((\frac{23}{23}))$ "Treatment" means the broad range of emergency,
- 4 detoxification, residential, and outpatient services and care,
- 5 including diagnostic evaluation, chemical dependency education and
- 6 counseling, medical, psychiatric, psychological, and social service
- 7 care, vocational rehabilitation and career counseling, which may be
- 8 extended to alcoholics and other drug addicts and their families,
- 9 persons incapacitated by alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals, and
- 10 intoxicated persons.

- 11 $((\frac{24}{24}))$ "Treatment program" means an organization,
- 12 institution, or corporation, public or private, engaged in the care,
- 13 treatment, or rehabilitation of alcoholics or other drug addicts.

PART VI - VOLUNTARY CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY OUTPATIENT TREATMENT

- 15 **Sec. 17.** RCW 70.96A.095 and 1996 c 133 s 34 are each amended to 16 read as follows:
- $((\frac{1}{1}))$ Any person thirteen years of age or older may give consent
- 18 for himself or herself to the furnishing of outpatient treatment by a
- 19 chemical dependency treatment program certified by the department.
- 20 ((Consent of the parent of a person less than eighteen years of age for
- 21 inpatient treatment is necessary to authorize the care unless the child
- 22 meets the definition of a child in need of services in RCW
- 23 13.32A.030(4)(c), as determined by the department.)) Parental
- 24 authorization is required for any treatment of a minor under the age of
- 25 thirteen. ((The parent of a minor is not liable for payment of care
- 26 for such persons pursuant to this chapter, unless they have joined in
- 27 the consent to the treatment.
- 28 (2) The parent of any minor child may apply to a certified
- 29 treatment program for the admission of his or her minor child for
- 30 purposes authorized in this chapter. The consent of the minor child
- 31 shall not be required for the application or admission. The certified
- 32 treatment program shall accept the application and evaluate the child
- 33 for admission. The ability of a parent to apply to a certified
- 34 treatment program for the admission of his or her minor child does not
- 35 create a right to obtain or benefit from any funds or resources of the
- 36 state. However, the state may provide services for indigent minors to
- 37 the extent that funds are available therefor.

- (3) Any provider of outpatient treatment who provides outpatient 1 treatment to a minor thirteen years of age or older shall provide 2 3 notice of the minor's request for treatment to the minor's parents if: 4 (a) The minor signs a written consent authorizing the disclosure; or 5 (b) the treatment program director determines that the minor lacks capacity to make a rational choice regarding consenting to disclosure. 6 7 The notice shall be made within seven days of the request for 8 treatment, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, and shall 9 contain the name, location, and telephone number of the facility 10 providing treatment, and the name of a professional person on the staff of the facility providing treatment who is designated to discuss the 11 12 minor's need for treatment with the parent.))
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 18.** A new section is added to chapter 70.96A RCW to read as follows:
- Any provider of outpatient treatment who provides outpatient 15 treatment to a minor thirteen years of age or older shall provide 16 notice of the minor's request for treatment to the minor's parents if: 17 18 (1) The minor signs a written consent authorizing the disclosure; or (2) the treatment program director determines that the minor lacks 19 capacity to make a rational choice regarding consenting to disclosure. 20 The notice shall be made within seven days of the request for 21 treatment, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, and shall 22 23 contain the name, location, and telephone number of the facility 24 providing treatment, and the name of a professional person on the staff 25 of the facility providing treatment who is designated to discuss the minor's need for treatment with the parent. 26

PART VII - VOLUNTARY CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY INPATIENT TREATMENT

- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 19.** A new section is added to chapter 70.96A RCW to read as follows:
- Parental consent is required for inpatient chemical dependency treatment of a minor, unless the child meets the definition of a child
- 32 in need of services in RCW 13.32A.030(4)(c) as determined by the
- 33 department: PROVIDED, That parental consent is required for any
- 34 treatment of a minor under the age of thirteen.

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35 This section does not apply to petitions filed under this chapter.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A 2 RCW to read as follows:
- 3 (1) The parent of a minor is not liable for payment of inpatient or 4 outpatient chemical dependency treatment unless the parent has joined 5 in the consent to the treatment.
- 6 (2) The ability of a parent to apply to a certified treatment 7 program for the admission of his or her minor child does not create a 8 right to obtain or benefit from any funds or resources of the state. 9 However, the state may provide services for indigent minors to the

11 PART VIII - PARENT-INITIATED CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY TREATMENT

extent that funds are available therefor.

- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 21.** A new section is added to chapter 70.96A RCW to read as follows:
- (1) A parent may bring, or authorize the bringing of, his or her minor child to a certified treatment program and request that a chemical dependency assessment be conducted by a professional person to determine whether the minor is chemically dependent and in need of inpatient treatment.
- 19 (2) The consent of the minor is not required for admission, 20 evaluation, and treatment if the parent brings the minor to the 21 program.
- 22 (3) An appropriately trained professional person may evaluate 23 whether the minor is chemically dependent. The evaluation shall be 24 completed within twenty-four hours of the time the minor was brought to the program, unless the professional person determines that the 25 condition of the minor necessitates additional time for evaluation. In 26 27 no event shall a minor be held longer than seventy-two hours for 28 evaluation. If, in the judgment of the professional person, it is determined it is a medical necessity for the minor to receive inpatient 29 treatment, the minor may be held for treatment. The facility shall 30 limit treatment to that which the professional person determines is 31 32 medically necessary to stabilize the minor's condition until the 33 evaluation has been completed. Within twenty-four hours of completion of the evaluation, the professional person shall notify the department 34 35 if the child is held for treatment and of the date of admission.

- 1 (4) No provider is obligated to provide treatment to a minor under 2 the provisions of this section. No provider may admit a minor to 3 treatment under this section unless it is medically necessary.
- 4 (5) No minor receiving inpatient treatment under this section may 5 be discharged from the program based solely on his or her request.
- 6 **Sec. 22.** RCW 70.96A.097 and 1995 c 312 s 48 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

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- (1) ((The admission of any child under RCW 70.96A.095 may be reviewed by the county-designated chemical dependency specialist between fifteen and thirty days following admission. The county-designated chemical dependency specialist may undertake the review on his or her own initiative and may seek reimbursement from the parents, their insurance, or medicaid for the expense of the review.
- (2))) The department shall ensure that, for any minor admitted to inpatient treatment under section 21 of this act, a review is conducted ((no later than sixty days)) by a physician or chemical dependency counselor, as defined in rule by the department, who is employed by the department or an agency under contract with the department and who neither has a financial interest in continued inpatient treatment of the minor nor is affiliated with the program providing the treatment. The physician or chemical dependency counselor shall conduct the review not less than seven nor more than fourteen days following ((admission)) the date the minor was brought to the facility under section 21(1) of this act to determine whether it is ((medically appropriate)) a medical necessity to continue the ((child's)) minor's treatment on an inpatient basis. ((The department may, subject to available funds, contract with a county for the conduct of the review conducted under this subsection and may seek reimbursement from the parents, their insurance, or medicaid for the expense of any review conducted by an agency under contract.
- If the county-designated chemical dependency specialist determines that continued inpatient treatment of the child is no longer medically appropriate, the specialist shall notify the facility, the child, the child's parents, and the department of the finding within twenty-four hours of the determination.
- (3) For purposes of eligibility for medical assistance under chapter 74.09 RCW, children in inpatient mental health or chemical dependency treatment shall be considered to be part of their parent's

- or legal guardian's household, unless the child has been assessed by the department of social and health services or its designee as likely to require such treatment for at least ninety consecutive days, or is in out-of-home care in accordance with chapter 13.34 RCW, or the child's parents are found to not be exercising responsibility for care and control of the child. Payment for such care by the department of social and health services shall be made only in accordance with rules, guidelines, and clinical criteria applicable to inpatient treatment of minors established by the department.))
 - (2) In making a determination under subsection (1) of this section whether it is a medical necessity to release the minor from inpatient treatment, the department shall consider the opinion of the treatment provider, the safety of the minor, the likelihood the minor's chemical dependency recovery will deteriorate if released from inpatient treatment, and the wishes of the parent.

- (3) If, after any review conducted by the department under this section, the department determines it is no longer a medical necessity for a minor to receive inpatient treatment, the department shall immediately notify the parents and the professional person in charge. The professional person in charge shall release the minor to the parents within twenty-four hours of receiving notice. If the professional person in charge and the parent believe that it is a medical necessity for the minor to remain in inpatient treatment, the minor shall be released to the parent on the second judicial day following the department's determination in order to allow the parent time to file an at-risk youth petition under chapter 13.32A RCW. If the department determines it is a medical necessity for the minor to receive outpatient treatment and the minor declines to obtain such treatment, such refusal shall be grounds for the parent to file an at-risk youth petition.
- (4) The department may, subject to available funds, contract with other governmental agencies for the conduct of the reviews conducted under this section and may seek reimbursement from the parents, their insurance, or medicaid for the expense of any review conducted by an agency under contract.
- 36 (5) In addition to the review required under this section, the 37 department may periodically determine and redetermine the medical 38 necessity of treatment for purposes of payment with public funds.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A 2 RCW to read as follows:
- 3 (1) A parent may bring, or authorize the bringing of, his or her 4 minor child to a provider of outpatient chemical dependency treatment 5 and request that an appropriately trained professional person examine 6 the minor to determine whether the minor has a chemical dependency and 7 is in need of outpatient treatment.
- 8 (2) The consent of the minor is not required for evaluation if the 9 parent brings the minor to the provider.
- 10 (3) The professional person in charge of the program may evaluate 11 whether the minor has a chemical dependency and is in need of 12 outpatient treatment.
- 13 (4) Any minor admitted to inpatient treatment under section 21 of 14 this act shall be discharged immediately from inpatient treatment upon 15 written request of the parent.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A RCW to read as follows:
- Following the review conducted under RCW 70.96A.097, a minor child may petition the superior court for his or her release from the facility. The petition may be filed not sooner than five days following the review. The court shall release the minor unless it finds, upon a preponderance of the evidence, that it is a medical necessity for the minor to remain at the facility.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 25.** A new section is added to chapter 70.96A RCW to read as follows:
- If the minor is not released as a result of the petition filed under section 24 of this act, he or she shall be released not later than thirty days following the later of: (1) The date of the department's determination under RCW 70.96A.097(2); or (2) the filing of a petition for judicial review under section 24 of this act, unless a professional person or the designated chemical dependency specialist initiates proceedings under this chapter.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 26.** A new section is added to chapter 70.96A RCW to read as follows:
- For purposes of eligibility for medical assistance under chapter 74.09 RCW, minors in inpatient chemical dependency treatment shall be

- 1 considered to be part of their parent's or legal guardian's household,
- 2 unless the minor has been assessed by the department or its designee as
- 3 likely to require such treatment for at least ninety consecutive days,
- 4 or is in out-of-home care in accordance with chapter 13.34 RCW, or the
- 5 parents are found to not be exercising responsibility for care and
- 6 control of the minor. Payment for such care by the department shall be
- 7 made only in accordance with rules, guidelines, and clinical criteria
- 8 applicable to inpatient treatment of minors established by the
- 9 department.
- 10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 27.** It is the purpose of sections 21 and 23 of
- 11 this act to assure the ability of parents to exercise reasonable,
- 12 compassionate care and control of their minor children when there is a
- 13 medical necessity for treatment and without the requirement of filing
- 14 a petition under chapter 70.96A RCW.
- 15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 28.** The department of social and health
- 16 services shall adopt rules defining "appropriately trained professional
- 17 person" for the purposes of conducting mental health and chemical
- 18 dependency evaluations under sections 11(3), 12(1), 21(3), and 23(1) of
- 19 this act.

20 PART IX - MISCELLANEOUS

- 21 **Sec. 29.** RCW 7.21.030 and 1989 c 373 s 3 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
- 23 (1) The court may initiate a proceeding to impose a remedial
- 24 sanction on its own motion or on the motion of a person aggrieved by a
- 25 contempt of court in the proceeding to which the contempt is related.
- 26 Except as provided in RCW 7.21.050, the court, after notice and
- 27 hearing, may impose a remedial sanction authorized by this chapter.
- 28 (2) If the court finds that the person has failed or refused to
- 29 perform an act that is yet within the person's power to perform, the
- 30 court may find the person in contempt of court and impose one or more
- 31 of the following remedial sanctions:
- 32 (a) Imprisonment if the contempt of court is of a type defined in
- 33 RCW 7.21.010(1) (b) through (d). The imprisonment may extend only so
- 34 long as it serves a coercive purpose.

- 1 (b) A forfeiture not to exceed two thousand dollars for each day 2 the contempt of court continues.
- 3 (c) An order designed to ensure compliance with a prior order of 4 the court.
- (d) Any other remedial sanction other than the sanctions specified in (a) through (c) of this subsection if the court expressly finds that those sanctions would be ineffectual to terminate a continuing contempt of court.
- 9 (e) In cases under chapters 13.32A, 13.34, and 28A.225 RCW,
 10 commitment to juvenile detention for a period of time not to exceed
 11 seven days. This sanction may be imposed in addition to, or as an
 12 alternative to, any other remedial sanction authorized by this chapter.
 13 This remedy is specifically determined to be a remedial sanction.
- 14 (3) The court may, in addition to the remedial sanctions set forth 15 in subsection (2) of this section, order a person found in contempt of 16 court to pay a party for any losses suffered by the party as a result 17 of the contempt and any costs incurred in connection with the contempt 18 proceeding, including reasonable attorney's fees.
- 19 **Sec. 30.** RCW 13.32A.250 and 1996 c 133 s 28 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
- (1) In all child in need of services proceedings and at-risk youth proceedings, the court shall verbally notify the parents and the child of the possibility of a finding of contempt for failure to comply with the terms of a court order entered pursuant to this chapter. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the court shall treat the parents and the child equally for the purposes of applying contempt of court processes and penalties under this section.
- (2) Failure by a party to comply with an order entered under this chapter is a <u>civil</u> contempt of court as provided in ((chapter 7.21)) RCW <u>7.21.030(2)(e)</u>, subject to the limitations of subsection (3) of this section.
- 32 (3) The court may impose <u>remedial sanctions including</u> a fine of up 33 to one hundred dollars and confinement for up to seven days, or both 34 for contempt of court under this section.
- 35 (4) A child placed in confinement for contempt under this section 36 shall be placed in confinement only in a secure juvenile detention 37 facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with a county.

- 1 (5) A motion for contempt may be made by a parent, a child, 2 juvenile court personnel, or by any public agency, organization, or 3 person having custody of the child under a court order adopted pursuant 4 to this chapter.
- 6 (6) Whenever the court finds probable cause to believe, based upon consideration of a motion for contempt and the information set forth in a supporting declaration, that a child has violated a placement order entered under this chapter, the court may issue an order directing law enforcement to pick up and take the child to detention. The order may be entered ex parte without prior notice to the child or other parties.
- 11 Following the child's admission to detention, a detention review 12 hearing must be held in accordance with RCW 13.32A.065.
- 13 **Sec. 31.** RCW 13.34.165 and 1996 c 133 s 29 are each amended to 14 read as follows:
- (1) Failure by a party to comply with an order entered under this chapter is <u>civil</u> contempt of court as provided in ((chapter 7.21)) RCW 7.21.030(2)(e).
- 18 (2) The maximum term of imprisonment that may be imposed as a 19 ((punitive)) remedial sanction for contempt of court under this section 20 is confinement for up to seven days.
- 21 (3) A child imprisoned for contempt under this section shall be 22 confined only in a secure juvenile detention facility operated by or 23 pursuant to a contract with a county.
- (4) A motion for contempt may be made by a parent, juvenile court personnel, or by any public agency, organization, or person having custody of the child under a court order entered pursuant to this chapter.
- (5) Whenever the court finds probable cause to believe, based upon consideration of a motion for contempt and the information set forth in a supporting declaration, that a child has violated a placement order entered under this chapter, the court may issue an order directing law enforcement to pick up and take the child to detention. The order may be entered ex parte without prior notice to the child or other parties.
- 34 Following the child's admission to detention, a detention review
- 35 hearing must be held in accordance with RCW 13.32A.065.
- 36 **Sec. 32.** RCW 28A.225.030 and 1996 c 134 s 3 are each amended to 37 read as follows:

- (1) If a child is required to attend school under RCW 28A.225.010 1 and if the actions taken by a school district under RCW 28A.225.020 are 2 not successful in substantially reducing an enrolled student's absences 3 4 from public school, not later than the seventh unexcused absence by a 5 child within any month during the current school year or not later than the tenth unexcused absence during the current school year the school 6 district shall file a petition and supporting affidavit for a civil 7 action with the juvenile court alleging a violation of RCW 28A.225.010: 8 9 (a) By the parent; (b) by the child; or (c) by the parent and the 10 child. Except as provided in this subsection, no additional documents need be filed with the petition. The petition may be served on the 11 child or parent in any manner reasonably likely to provide adequate 12 13 notice of the filing.
- 14 (2) The district shall not later than the fifth unexcused absence 15 in a month:
- 16 (a) Enter into an agreement with a student and parent that 17 establishes school attendance requirements;
- (b) Refer a student to a community truancy board as defined in RCW 28A.225.025. The community truancy board shall enter into an agreement with the student and parent that establishes school attendance requirements and take other appropriate actions to reduce the child's absences; or
 - (c) File a petition under subsection (1) of this section.
- 24 (3) The petition may be filed by a school district employee who is 25 not an attorney.
- 26 (4) If the school district fails to file a petition under this 27 section, the parent of a child with five or more unexcused absences in 28 any month during the current school year or upon the tenth unexcused 29 absence during the current school year may file a petition with the 30 juvenile court alleging a violation of RCW 28A.225.010.
- 31 **Sec. 33.** RCW 28A.225.090 and 1997 c 68 s 2 are each amended to 32 read as follows:
- 33 (1) A court may order a child subject to a petition under RCW 34 28A.225.035 to:
 - (a) Attend the child's current school;

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36 (b) If there is space available and the program can provide 37 educational services appropriate for the child, order the child to 38 attend another public school, an alternative education program, center,

- 1 a skill center, dropout prevention program, or another public
 2 educational program;
- 3 (c) Attend a private nonsectarian school or program including an 4 education center. Before ordering a child to attend an approved or 5 certified private nonsectarian school or program, the court shall: (i) Consider the public and private programs available; (ii) find that 6 7 placement is in the best interest of the child; and (iii) find that the 8 private school or program is willing to accept the child and will not 9 charge any fees in addition to those established by contract with the student's school district. If the court orders the child to enroll in 10 a private school or program, the child's school district shall contract 11 12 with the school or program to provide educational services for the 13 The school district shall not be required to contract for a weekly rate that exceeds the state general apportionment dollars 14 15 calculated on a weekly basis generated by the child and received by the district. A school district shall not be required to enter into a 16 contract that is longer than the remainder of the school year. 17 school district shall not be required to enter into or continue a 18 19 contract if the child is no longer enrolled in the district;
 - (d) Be referred to a community truancy board, if available; or

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- (e) Submit to testing for the use of controlled substances or alcohol based on a determination that such testing is appropriate to the circumstances and behavior of the child and will facilitate the child's compliance with the mandatory attendance law.
 - (2) If the child fails to comply with the court order, the court may order the child to be punished by detention, as provided in RCW 7.21.030(2)(e), or may impose alternatives to detention such as community service. Failure by a child to comply with an order issued under this subsection shall not be punishable by detention for a period greater than that permitted pursuant to a civil contempt proceeding against a child under chapter 13.32A RCW.
- (3) Any parent violating any of the provisions of either RCW 32 28A.225.010 or 28A.225.080 shall be fined not more than twenty-five 33 34 dollars for each day of unexcused absence from school. It shall be a 35 defense for a parent charged with violating RCW 28A.225.010 to show that he or she exercised reasonable diligence in attempting to cause a 36 child in his or her custody to attend school or that the child's school 37 did not perform its duties as required in RCW 28A.225.020. 38 39 may order the parent to provide community service instead of imposing

- 1 a fine. Any fine imposed pursuant to this section may be suspended
- 2 upon the condition that a parent charged with violating RCW 28A.225.010
- 3 shall participate with the school and the child in a supervised plan
- 4 for the child's attendance at school or upon condition that the parent
- 5 attend a conference or conferences scheduled by a school for the
- 6 purpose of analyzing the causes of a child's absence.
- 7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 34. Part headings used in this act do not
- 8 constitute any part of the law."
- 9 **ESHB 2761** S COMM AMD
- By Committee on Human Services & Corrections

- On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "youth;" strike the remainder
- 13 of the title and insert "amending RCW 71.34.010, 71.34.020, 71.34.025,
- 14 71.34.030, 70.96A.095, 70.96A.097, 7.21.030, 13.32A.250, 13.34.165,
- 15 28A.225.030, and 28A.225.090; reenacting and amending RCW 70.96A.020;
- 16 adding new sections to chapter 71.34 RCW; adding new sections to
- 17 chapter 70.96A RCW; creating new sections; prescribing penalties; and
- 18 providing an expiration date."

--- END ---