2 <u>ESHB 2050</u> - S AMD - 460 3 By Senator Morton

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4 ADOPTED 4/18/97

5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 6 following:

7 "Sec. 1. RCW 90.03.380 and 1996 c 320 s 19 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

9 (1) The right to the use of water which has been applied to a 10 beneficial use in the state shall be and remain appurtenant to the land or place upon which the same is used: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That said 11 12 right may be transferred to another or to others and become appurtenant 13 to any other land or place of use without loss of priority of right theretofore established if such change can be made without detriment or 14 15 injury to existing rights. The point of diversion of water for beneficial use or the purpose of use may be changed, if such change can 16 be made without detriment or injury to existing rights. 17 transfer of such right to use water or change of the point of diversion 18 19 of water or change of purpose of use can be made, any person having an 20 interest in the transfer or change, shall file a written application therefor with the department, and said application shall not be granted 21 until notice of said application shall be published as provided in RCW 22 23 90.03.280. If it shall appear that such transfer or such change may be made without injury or detriment to existing rights, the department 24 25 shall issue to the applicant a certificate in duplicate granting the right for such transfer or for such change of point of diversion or of 26 The certificate so issued shall be filed and be made a record 27 use. with the department and the duplicate certificate issued to the 28 applicant may be filed with the county auditor in like manner and with 29 30 the same effect as provided in the original certificate or permit to divert water. 31

(2) If an application for change proposes to transfer water rights from one irrigation district to another, the department shall, before publication of notice, receive concurrence from each of the irrigation districts that such transfer or change will not adversely affect the

1 ability to deliver water to other landowners or impair the financial 2 integrity of either of the districts.

3 (3) A change in place of use by an individual water user or users 4 of water provided by an irrigation district need only receive approval 5 for the change from the board of directors of the district if the use of water continues within the irrigation district, and when water is 6 provided by an irrigation entity that is a member of a board of joint 7 8 control created under chapter 87.80 RCW, approval need only be received 9 from the board of joint control if the use of water continues within 10 the area of jurisdiction of the joint board and the change can be made without detriment or injury to existing rights. 11

(4) Any right represented by an application for a water right for which a permit for water use has not been issued by the time a transfer or change is approved under this section shall not be construed as being injured or detrimentally affected by the transfer or change.

16 <u>(5)</u> This section shall not apply to trust water rights acquired by 17 the state through the funding of water conservation projects under 18 chapter 90.38 RCW or RCW 90.42.010 through 90.42.070.

19 **Sec. 2.** RCW 90.44.100 and 1987 c 109 s 113 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

After an application to, and upon the issuance by the department of 21 22 an amendment to the appropriate permit or certificate of ground water 23 right, the holder of a valid right to withdraw public ground waters 24 may, without losing his priority of right, construct wells or other 25 means of withdrawal at a new location in substitution for or in addition to those at the original location, or he may change the manner 26 or the place of use of the water: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That such 27 amendment shall be issued only after publication of notice of the 28 29 application and findings as prescribed in the case of an original 30 application. Such amendment shall be issued by the department only on the conditions that: (1) The additional or substitute well or wells 31 shall tap the same body of public ground water as the original well or 32 wells; (2) use of the original well or wells shall be discontinued upon 33 34 construction of the substitute well or wells; (3) the construction of an additional well or wells shall not enlarge the right conveyed by the 35 36 original permit or certificate; and (4) other existing rights shall not 37 The department may specify an approved manner of construction and shall require a showing of compliance with the terms 38

- 1 of the amendment, as provided in RCW 90.44.080 in the case of an 2 original permit.
- 3 Any right represented by an application for a water right for which
- 4 a permit for water use has not been issued by the time an amendment is
- 5 approved under this section shall not be construed as being impaired by
- 6 the amendment.
- 7 **Sec. 3.** RCW 90.44.030 and 1945 c 263 s 2 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
- 9 (1) The rights to appropriate the surface waters of the state and
- 10 the rights acquired by the appropriation and use of surface waters
- 11 shall not be affected or impaired by any of the provisions of this
- 12 supplementary chapter and, to the extent that any underground water is
- 13 part of or tributary to the source of any surface stream or lake, or
- 14 that the withdrawal of ground water may affect the flow of any spring,
- 15 water course, lake, or other body of surface water, the right of an
- 16 appropriation and owner of surface water shall be superior to any
- 17 subsequent right hereby authorized to be acquired in or to ground
- 18 water.
- 19 (2) Rights acquired by appropriation of surface waters are affected
- 20 or impaired by a ground water withdrawal from a confined aquifer only
- 21 <u>if:</u>
- 22 (a) Withdrawal of ground water causes a measurable head reduction
- 23 within fifty feet of the surface water body in question in the
- 24 shallowest unconfined water table aquifer that underlies that surface
- 25 <u>water body; or</u>
- 26 (b) Withdrawal of ground water will cause a measurable reduction in
- 27 the flow or level of the surface water body.
- 28 (3) If any of the conditions in subsection (2) of this section
- 29 occur, then withdrawal of ground water affects or impairs existing
- 30 surface water rights, including instream flow appropriations adopted by
- 31 regulation, that are not being satisfied during the period of the
- 32 <u>occurrence</u>.
- 33 NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 90.44 RCW
- 34 to read as follows:
- In addition to RCW 90.44.030(1), rights acquired by appropriation
- 36 of surface waters are affected or impaired by a ground water withdrawal
- 37 from an unconfined aquifer only if after no more than six months

- 1 pumping, the surface water will lie within the cone of depression of a
- 2 well tapping an unconfined aguifer.
- 3 **Sec. 5.** RCW 90.44.035 and 1987 c 109 s 107 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- 5 For purposes of this chapter:
- 6 (1) "Department" means the department of ecology;
- 7 (2) "Director" means the director of ecology;
- 8 (3) "Ground waters" means all waters that exist beneath the land
- 9 surface or beneath the bed of any stream, lake or reservoir, or other
- 10 body of surface water within the boundaries of this state, whatever may
- 11 be the geological formation or structure in which such water stands or
- 12 flows, percolates or otherwise moves. There is a recognized
- 13 distinction between natural ground water and artificially stored ground
- 14 water;
- 15 (4) "Natural ground water" means water that exists in underground
- 16 storage owing wholly to natural processes; ((and))
- 17 (5) "Artificially stored ground water" means water that is made
- 18 available in underground storage artificially, either intentionally, or
- 19 incidentally to irrigation and that otherwise would have been
- 20 dissipated by natural waste;
- 21 <u>(6) "Confined aquifer" means an aquifer in which ground water is</u>
- 22 <u>under sufficient hydrostatic head to rise above the bottom of the</u>
- 23 <u>overlying confining bed;</u>
- 24 (7) "Confining bed" means a layer of low permeability material
- 25 immediately overlying a confined aguifer; and
- 26 (8) "Measurable" means capable of being measured in the field with
- 27 the use of equipment normally used by professionals for the measurement
- 28 <u>in question</u>.
- 29 **Sec. 6.** RCW 90.44.070 and 1987 c 109 s 110 are each amended to
- 30 read as follows:
- 31 (1) No permit shall be granted for the development or withdrawal of
- 32 public ground waters beyond the capacity of the underground bed or
- 33 formation in the given basin, district, or locality to yield such water
- 34 within a reasonable or feasible pumping lift in case of pumping
- 35 developments, or within a reasonable or feasible reduction of pressure
- 36 in the case of artesian developments. The department shall have the
- 37 power to determine whether the granting of any such permit will injure

- or damage any vested or existing right or rights under prior permits and may in addition to the records of the department, require further evidence, proof, and testimony before granting or denying any such permits.
- (2) No permit for the development or withdrawal of public ground 5 waters from a confined aguifer may be denied or conditioned due to 6 7 injury to, impairment of, or conflict with an existing surface water 8 right unless the ground water withdrawal in question will impair the 9 surface water right pursuant to RCW 90.44.030(2): PROVIDED, That this section does not affect the ability of the department to limit or 10 restrict future ground water appropriations by adopting rules after 11 following the procedures of RCW 90.44.180 or 90.44.400 through 12 13 90.44.420 or chapter 90.54 RCW.
- (3) The department may grant a ground water permit for a withdrawal 14 that will impair a surface water right if the applicant has proposed a 15 satisfactory plan for mitigating the impairment. Mitigation may 16 include, but is not limited to: Reduction in pumping rates, limitation 17 of pumping to times that will not lead to impairment, increased 18 19 recharge of the ground water, and augmentation of stream flows either through release of stored water or the import of water from out of the 20 basin. 21
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) The existence of hydraulic continuity between ground water and a surface body of water does not, in itself, constitute the impairment of an existing water right in the surface water body by a proposed permit for a ground water right or an amendment to a ground water right.
- 29 (2) In making a determination as to whether an application to 30 appropriate public water will impair existing rights the department 31 shall take into consideration:
- 32 (a) The availability of water and the effect of granting a water 33 right permit, transfer, change, or amendment are those that exist with 34 the incorporation of the effects of any offset to be provided by the 35 applicant under RCW 90.03.255 or 90.44.055 or any other water supply 36 augmentation or mitigation to be provided by the applicant as part of 37 his or her application for a water right permit, transfer, change, or 38 amendment;

- 1 (b) Seasonal variations in water supply and in the recharge of 2 surface and ground water bodies; and
 - (c) The provisions of RCW 90.44.030.

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4 (3) The standards governing impairment of existing surface water 5 rights by applications to appropriate public ground water in RCW 90.44.030(2), this subsection, and RCW 90.44.070(2) apply only to the 6 7 determinations to be made by the department in ruling upon such 8 applications, and reflect the uncertainties inherent in making 9 tentative determinations regarding future impacts of withdrawing ground 10 water. Any person claiming that a senior water right is injured by one or more junior water rights may file an action to enjoin the junior 11 water rights in the superior court of the county where the claimed 12 13 senior water right is located. The superior court shall hear such action de novo, and if it finds by a preponderance of the evidence that 14 15 one or more junior water rights is causing or contributing to the 16 injury of a senior water right, the court may enjoin use of the junior water rights in reverse order of priority in the manner it deems 17 necessary to protect the senior water right. This section does not 18 19 apply where the claimed senior water right consists of a minimum flow or level or the closure of a surface water body. 20

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** Any person whose application to appropriate 21 public ground water was denied by the department of ecology between 22 23 November 1, 1995, and the effective date of this section, when one of 24 the grounds for denial was that the proposed ground water withdrawal 25 would impair, or conflict with, surface water closures or surface water rights including minimum flows, may have his or her application 26 27 reconsidered in accordance with this section. Any such person desiring reconsideration shall resubmit his or her application to the department 28 29 of ecology within thirty days of the effective date of this section. 30 The department of ecology shall accord any such resubmitted application its original priority date and shall reconsider the application on a 31 priority basis, applying the standards of this act. The decision of 32 the department of ecology may be appealed in the manner provided by law 33 34 for appeals of decisions on applications to appropriate public water."

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On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "uses;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 90.03.380, 90.44.100, 90.44.030, 90.44.035, and 90.44.070; adding a new section to chapter 90.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.03 RCW; and creating a new section."

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