## ESSB 6431 - H COMM AMD NOT ADOPTED

By Committee on Law & Justice

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- 5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 6 following:
- 7 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that in 1996 drunk 8 drivers were involved in two hundred eighty-five fatal accidents 9 killing three hundred thirty-one people and six thousand four hundred 10 fifty injury accidents injuring ten thousand three hundred twenty-six The legislature has increased criminal penalties, including 11 12 longer mandatory minimum jail sentences and fines, in order to punish 13 and deter drunk driving. In addition to criminal sanctions, however, the legislature finds that authorizing the immediate impoundment of 14 15 vehicles driven by drunk drivers is reasonably necessary to increase traffic safety and reduce the carnage caused by drunk driving. 16 17 number of studies in states that have adopted impound laws have found them effective in reducing drunk driving and related fatalities. 18 19 Repeat drunk drivers are more likely to continue to reoffend and are 20 substantially more likely to cause a fatal collision than first-time offenders. Temporary impoundment for first-time offenders will reduce 21 drunk drivers' access to vehicles and help both prevent and deter drunk 22 23 The impoundment of a vehicle operated in violation of RCW 24 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 46.61.522 if committed 25 while under the influence, is intended to be a civil in rem action against the vehicle in order to remove it from the public highways and 26 reduce the risk posed to traffic safety by a vehicle accessible to a 27 driver who is reasonably believed to have violated these laws. 28
- 29 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.55.113 and 1997 c 66 s 7 are each amended to read 30 as follows:
- 31 Whenever the driver of a vehicle is arrested for a violation of RCW
- 32 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 46.61.522 if committed
- 33 <u>while under the influence</u>, the ((<del>arresting officer may take custody of</del>
- 34 the vehicle and provide for its prompt removal to a place of safety))
- 35 <u>vehicle</u> is <u>subject</u> to <u>impoundment</u>, <u>pursuant</u> to <u>applicable</u> <u>local</u>

- 1 ordinance or state agency rule at the direction of a law enforcement
- 2 <u>officer</u>. In addition, a police officer may take custody of a vehicle
- 3 and provide for its prompt removal to a place of safety under any of
- 4 the following circumstances:
- 5 (1) Whenever a police officer finds a vehicle standing upon the
- 6 roadway in violation of any of the provisions of RCW 46.61.560, the
- 7 officer may provide for the removal of the vehicle or require the
- 8 driver or other person in charge of the vehicle to move the vehicle to
- 9 a position off the roadway;
- 10 (2) Whenever a police officer finds a vehicle unattended upon a
- 11 highway where the vehicle constitutes an obstruction to traffic or
- 12 jeopardizes public safety;
- 13 (3) Whenever a police officer finds an unattended vehicle at the
- 14 scene of an accident or when the driver of a vehicle involved in an
- 15 accident is physically or mentally incapable of deciding upon steps to
- 16 be taken to protect his or her property;
- 17 (4) Whenever the driver of a vehicle is arrested and taken into
- 18 custody by a police officer;
- 19 (5) Whenever a police officer discovers a vehicle that the officer
- 20 determines to be a stolen vehicle;
- 21 (6) Whenever a vehicle without a special license plate, card, or
- 22 decal indicating that the vehicle is being used to transport a disabled
- 23 person under RCW 46.16.381 is parked in a stall or space clearly and
- 24 conspicuously marked under RCW 46.61.581 which space is provided on
- 25 private property without charge or on public property;
- 26 (7) Upon determining that a person is operating a motor vehicle
- 27 without a valid driver's license in violation of RCW 46.20.005 or with
- 28 a license that has been expired for ninety days or more, or with a
- 29 suspended or revoked license in violation of RCW 46.20.342 or
- 30 46.20.420.
- Nothing in this section may derogate from the powers of police
- 32 officers under the common law. For the purposes of this section, a
- 33 place of safety may include the business location of a registered tow
- 34 truck operator.
- 35 **Sec. 3.** RCW 46.55.120 and 1996 c 89 s 2 are each amended to read
- 36 as follows:
- 37 (1) Vehicles or other items of personal property registered or
- 38 titled with the department that are impounded by registered tow truck

operators pursuant to RCW 46.55.080, 46.55.085, or 46.55.113 may be redeemed only under the following circumstances:

3 (a) Only the legal owner, the registered owner, a person authorized 4 in writing by the registered owner or the vehicle's insurer, a person who is determined and verified by the operator to have the permission 5 of the registered owner of the vehicle or other item of personal 6 property registered or titled with the department, or one who has 7 8 purchased a vehicle or item of personal property registered or titled 9 with the department from the registered owner who produces proof of 10 ownership or written authorization and signs a receipt therefor, may redeem an impounded vehicle or items of personal property registered or 11 titled with the department. In addition, any person redeeming a 12 vehicle impounded because the driver was arrested for a violation of 13 RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 46.61.522 if 14 committed while under the influence, must prior to redemption establish 15 with the agency that ordered the vehicle impounded that he or she has 16 a valid driver's license and is in compliance with RCW 46.30.020. A 17 18 vehicle impounded because the driver is arrested for a violation of RCW 19 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 46.61.522 if committed while under the influence, may be released only pursuant to a written 20 order from the agency that ordered the vehicle impounded, or pursuant 21 22 to a provision of an applicable state agency rule or local ordinance authorizing release on the basis of economic or personal hardship to 23 24 the spouse of the operator, taking into consideration public safety factors, including the operator's criminal history and driving record. 25 26 If a vehicle is impounded because the operator is arrested for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 27 46.61.522 if committed while under the influence, the vehicle may be 28 29 held at the written direction of the agency ordering the vehicle 30 impounded for up to thirty days if the operator has no prior offense as defined in RCW 46.61.5055(8), for up to sixty days if the operator has 31 one such prior offense, and for up to ninety days if the operator has 32 two or more such prior offenses. If a vehicle is impounded because the 33 34 operator is arrested for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 46.61.522 if committed while under the influence, 35 the vehicle may not be released until a person eligible to redeem it 36 pays all towing, removal, and storage fees, notwithstanding the fact 37 that the impoundment was ordered by a government agency. 38

- (b) The vehicle or other item of personal property registered or 1 2 titled with the department shall be released upon the presentation to any person having custody of the vehicle of commercially reasonable 3 4 tender sufficient to cover the costs of towing, storage, or other services rendered during the course of towing, removing, impounding, or 5 storing any such vehicle. Commercially reasonable tender shall 6 7 include, without limitation, cash, major bank credit cards, or personal 8 checks drawn on in-state banks if accompanied by two pieces of valid 9 identification, one of which may be required by the operator to have a 10 If the towing firm can determine through the customer's bank or a check verification service that the presented check would not 11 12 be paid by the bank or guaranteed by the service, the towing firm may 13 refuse to accept the check. Any person who stops payment on a personal check or credit card, or does not make restitution within ten days from 14 15 the date a check becomes insufficient due to lack of funds, to a towing 16 firm that has provided a service pursuant to this section or in any other manner defrauds the towing firm in connection with services 17 rendered pursuant to this section shall be liable for damages in the 18 19 amount of twice the towing and storage fees, plus costs and reasonable 20 attorney's fees.
  - (2)(a) The registered tow truck operator shall give to each person who seeks to redeem an impounded vehicle, or item of personal property registered or titled with the department, written notice of the right of redemption and opportunity for a hearing, which notice shall be accompanied by a form to be used for requesting a hearing, the name of the person or agency authorizing the impound, and a copy of the towing and storage invoice. The registered tow truck operator shall maintain a record evidenced by the redeeming person's signature that such notification was provided.

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30 (b) Any person seeking to redeem an impounded vehicle under this 31 section has a right to a hearing in the district or municipal court for the jurisdiction in which the vehicle was impounded to contest the 32 validity of the impoundment or the amount of towing and storage 33 34 The district court has jurisdiction to determine the issues charges. 35 involving all impoundments including those authorized by the state or The municipal court has jurisdiction to determine the 36 its agents. 37 issues involving impoundments authorized by agents of the municipality. 38 Any request for a hearing shall be made in writing on the form provided 39 for that purpose and must be received by the district or municipal

- court within ten days of the date the opportunity was provided for in subsection (2)(a) of this section. At the time of the filing of the hearing request, the petitioner shall pay to the court clerk a filing fee in the same amount required for the filing of a suit in the small claims department of a district court. If the hearing request is not received by the district or municipal court within the ten-day period, the right to a hearing is waived and the registered owner is liable for any towing, storage, or other impoundment charges permitted under this chapter. Upon receipt of a timely hearing request, the ((district)) court shall proceed to hear and determine the validity of the impoundment.
  - (3)(a) The ((district)) court, within five days after the request for a hearing, shall notify the registered tow truck operator, the person requesting the hearing if not the owner, the registered and legal owners of the vehicle or other item of personal property registered or titled with the department, and the person or agency authorizing the impound in writing of the hearing date and time.

- (b) At the hearing, the person or persons requesting the hearing may produce any relevant evidence to show that the impoundment, towing, or storage fees charged were not proper. The court ((may)) shall consider a written report made under oath by the officer who authorized the impoundment in lieu of the officer's personal appearance at the hearing.
  - (c) At the conclusion of the hearing, the ((district)) court shall determine whether the impoundment was proper, whether the towing or storage fees charged were in compliance with the posted rates, and who is responsible for payment of the fees. The court may not adjust fees or charges that are in compliance with the posted or contracted rates.
- (d) If the impoundment is found proper, the impoundment, towing, and storage fees as permitted under this chapter together with court costs shall be assessed against the person or persons requesting the hearing, unless the operator did not have a signed and valid impoundment authorization from a private property owner or an authorized agent.
  - (e) If the impoundment is determined to be in violation of this chapter, then the registered and legal owners of the vehicle or other item of personal property registered or titled with the department shall bear no impoundment, towing, or storage fees, and any security shall be returned or discharged as appropriate, and the person or

agency who authorized the impoundment shall be liable for any towing, 1 storage, or other impoundment fees permitted under this chapter. 2 court shall enter judgment in favor of the registered tow truck 3 4 operator against the person or agency authorizing the impound for the impoundment, towing, and storage fees paid. In addition, the court 5 shall enter judgment in favor of the registered and legal owners of the 6 7 vehicle, or other item of personal property registered or titled with 8 the department, for the amount of the filing fee required by law for 9 the impound hearing petition as well as reasonable damages for loss of 10 the use of the vehicle during the time the same was impounded, for not less than fifty dollars per day, against the person or agency 11 authorizing the impound. However, if an impoundment arising from an 12 alleged violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 13 14 46.61.522 if committed while under the influence, is determined to be in violation of this chapter, then the law enforcement officer 15 directing the impoundment and the government employing the officer are 16 not liable for damages if the officer had probable cause to believe the 17 driver of the vehicle was in violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, 18 19 or of RCW 46.61.520 or 46.61.522 if committed while under the influence. If any judgment entered is not paid within fifteen days of 20 notice in writing of its entry, the court shall award reasonable 21 22 attorneys' fees and costs against the defendant in any action to enforce the judgment. Notice of entry of judgment may be made by 23 24 registered or certified mail, and proof of mailing may be made by affidavit of the party mailing the notice. Notice of the entry of the 25 26 judgment shall read essentially as follows:

27 TO: . . . . . 28 YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED JUDGMENT was entered against you in the . . . . . Court located at . . . . in the sum of 29 \$..., in an action entitled ..., Case No. 30 . . . YOU ARE FURTHER NOTIFIED that attorneys fees and costs 31 32 will be awarded against you under RCW . . . if the judgment is not paid within 15 days of the date of this notice. 33 34 DATED this . . . day of . . . . . , 19. . . 35 Signature . . . . . . . . . . .

Typed name and address of party mailing notice

- (4) Any impounded abandoned vehicle or item of personal property 1 registered or titled with the department that is not redeemed within 2 3 fifteen days of mailing of the notice of custody and sale as required 4 by RCW 46.55.110(2) shall be sold at public auction in accordance with 5 all the provisions and subject to all the conditions of RCW 46.55.130. A vehicle or item of personal property registered or titled with the 6 7 department may be redeemed at any time before the start of the auction 8 upon payment of the applicable towing and storage fees.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 46.55 RCW 10 to read as follows:
- (1) This section applies to any impoundment of a vehicle when a driver is arrested for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 46.61.522 if committed while under the influence, as provided for in RCW 46.55.113 and 46.55.120.
- 15 (2) Any local government ordinance or state agency rule that provides for impoundment and redemption of vehicles may allow for 16 alternative home impoundment of vehicles for all or part of the 17 18 impoundment periods authorized in RCW 46.55.120. Home impoundment is 19 an alternative to impoundment by a registered tow truck operator. Home impoundment consists of removing a vehicle to the registered owner's 20 residence or other property, or to another place authorized by the 21 ordinance or rule, and placing a boot or other device on the vehicle to 22 23 render it immobile. The jurisdiction authorizing home impoundment may 24 charge a reasonable rental fee for the use of the boot or other device 25 during the period of home impoundment. The local government ordinance or state agency rule may provide that the owner or driver of the 26 27 vehicle may elect whether to be subject to impoundment under RCW 46.55.120 or home impoundment under this section. 28
- 29 (3) Before any home impoundment is begun, the vehicle must be 30 redeemed as provided for in RCW 46.55.120 if any impoundment has 31 occurred under that section, and any towing fee incurred in getting the 32 vehicle to the place of home impoundment must be paid.
- 33 (4) At the end of the period of home impoundment, the vehicle may 34 be released only after all rental fees have been paid and only to a 35 person who would qualify to redeem an impounded vehicle under RCW 36 46.55.120.
- 37 (5) A local ordinance or state agency rule may provide for 38 impoundment by a registered tow truck operator if at the end of the

- 1 period of home impoundment there is no qualified person to whom the 2 vehicle may be released.
- 3 (6) A local ordinance or state agency rule may provide that if the 4 boot or other device on a vehicle in home impoundment is tampered with, 5 damaged, removed, or rendered inoperative, the vehicle may be released 6 only upon payment of all applicable rental fees plus payment of a fee 7 equal to the impoundment costs that would have been incurred had the 8 vehicle been impounded under RCW 46.55.120 during the period of home 9 impoundment.
- 10 **Sec. 5.** RCW 46.12.095 and 1969 ex.s. c 170 s 16 are each amended 11 to read as follows:
- A security interest in a vehicle other than one held as inventory by a manufacturer or a dealer and for which a certificate of ownership is required is perfected only by compliance with the requirements of section 7 of this act under the circumstances provided for therein or by compliance with the requirements of this section:
- (1) A security interest is perfected ((only)) by the department's receipt of: (a) The existing certificate, if any, and (b) an application for a certificate of ownership containing the name and address of the secured party, and (c) tender of the required fee.
- (2) It is perfected as of the time of its creation: (a)  $\underline{I}f$  the 21 papers and fee referred to in ((the preceding)) subsection (1) of this 22 23 section are received by this department within ((eight department 24 business)) twenty calendar days ((exclusive)) of the day on which the 25 security agreement was created; or (b) if the secured party's name and address appear on the outstanding certificate of ownership; otherwise, 26 as of the date on which the department has received the papers and fee 27 required in subsection (1) of this section. 28
- (3) If a vehicle is subject to a security interest when brought into this state, perfection of the security interest is determined by the law of the jurisdiction where the vehicle was when the security interest was attached, subject to the following:
- 33 (a) If the security interest was perfected under the law of the 34 jurisdiction where the vehicle was when the security interest was 35 attached, the following rules apply:
- 36 (b) If the name of the secured party is shown on the existing 37 certificate of ownership issued by that jurisdiction, the security 38 interest continues perfected in this state. The name of the secured

- 1 party shall be shown on the certificate of ownership issued for the 2 vehicle by this state. The security interest continues perfected in 3 this state upon the issuance of such ownership certificate.
- 4 (c) If the security interest was not perfected under the law of the 5 jurisdiction where the vehicle was when the security interest was 6 attached, it may be perfected in this state; in that case, perfection 7 dates from the time of perfection in this state.
- 8 **Sec. 6.** RCW 46.12.101 and 1991 c 339 s 19 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
- 10 A transfer of ownership in a motor vehicle is perfected by 11 compliance with the requirements of this section.
- (1) If an owner transfers his or her interest in a vehicle, other 12 13 than by the creation, deletion, or change of a security interest, the 14 owner shall, at the time of the delivery of the vehicle, execute an 15 assignment to the transferee and provide an odometer disclosure 16 statement under RCW 46.12.124 on the certificate of ownership or as the department otherwise prescribes, and cause the certificate and 17 18 assignment to be transmitted to the transferee. ((Within five days, 19 excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and state and federal holidays,)) The owner shall notify the department or its agents or subagents, in 20 writing, on the appropriate form, of the date of the sale or transfer, 21 the name and address of the owner and of the transferee, the 22 23 transferee's driver's license number if available, and such description 24 of the vehicle, including the vehicle identification number, the 25 license plate number, or both, as may be required in the appropriate 26 form provided or approved for that purpose by the department. 27 report of sale will be deemed properly filed if all information required in this section is provided on the form and includes a 28 29 department-authorized notation that the document was received by the 30 department, its agents, or subagents on or before the fifth day after the sale of the vehicle, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and state and 31 federal holidays. Agents and subagents shall immediately 32 33 electronically transmit the seller's report of sale to the department. 34 Reports of sale processed and recorded by the department's agents or subagents may be subject to fees as specified in RCW 46.01.140 (4)(a) 35 36 or (5)(b).
- 37 (2) The requirements of subsection (1) of this section to provide 38 an odometer disclosure statement apply to the transfer of vehicles held

- 1 for lease when transferred to a lessee and then to the lessor at the 2 end of the leasehold and to vehicles held in a fleet when transferred 3 to a purchaser.
- 4 (3) Except as provided in RCW ((46.12.120)) 46.70.122 the transferee shall within fifteen days after delivery to the transferee of the vehicle, execute the application for a new certificate of ownership in the same space provided therefor on the certificate or as the department prescribes, and cause the certificates and application to be transmitted to the department.
- 10 (4) Upon request of the owner or transferee, a secured party in possession of the certificate of ownership shall, unless the transfer 11 was a breach of its security agreement, either deliver the certificate 12 13 to the transferee for transmission to the department or, when the secured party receives the owner's assignment from the transferee, it 14 15 shall transmit the transferee's application for a new certificate, the 16 existing certificate, and the required fee to the department. 17 Compliance with this section does not affect the rights of the secured 18 party.
- 19 (5) If a security interest is reserved or created at the time of 20 the transfer, the certificate of ownership shall be retained by or 21 delivered to the person who becomes the secured party, and the parties 22 shall comply with the provisions of RCW 46.12.170.

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- (6) If the purchaser or transferee fails or neglects to make application to transfer the certificate of ownership and license registration within fifteen days after the date of delivery of the vehicle, he or she shall on making application for transfer be assessed a twenty-five dollar penalty on the sixteenth day and two dollars additional for each day thereafter, but not to exceed one hundred dollars. The director may by rule establish conditions under which the penalty will not be assessed when an application for transfer is delayed for reasons beyond the control of the purchaser. Conditions for not assessing the penalty may be established for but not limited to delays caused by:
  - (a) The department requesting additional supporting documents;
    - (b) Extended hospitalization or illness of the purchaser;
- 36 (c) Failure of a legal owner to release his or her interest;
- 37 (d) Failure, negligence, or nonperformance of the department, 38 auditor, or subagent.

Failure or neglect to make application to transfer the certificate of ownership and license registration within forty-five days after the date of delivery of the vehicle is a misdemeanor.

- 4 (7) Upon receipt of an application for reissue or replacement of a certificate of ownership and transfer of license registration, 5 accompanied by the endorsed certificate of ownership or other 6 documentary evidence as is deemed necessary, the department shall, if 7 the application is in order and if all provisions relating to the 8 9 certificate of ownership and license registration have been complied 10 with, issue new certificates of title and license registration as in the case of an original issue and shall transmit the fees together with 11 an itemized detailed report to the state treasurer, to be deposited in 12 13 the motor vehicle fund.
- 14 (8) Once each quarter the department shall report to the department 15 of revenue a list of those vehicles for which a seller's report has 16 been received but no transfer of title has taken place.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 46.12 RCW to read as follows:
- 19 (1) The purpose of a transitional ownership record is to enable a 20 security interest in a motor vehicle to be perfected in a timely manner 21 when the certificate of ownership is not available at the time the 22 security interest is created, and to provide for timely notification to 23 security interest holders under chapter 46.55 RCW.
- (2) A transitional ownership record is only acceptable as an ownership record for vehicles currently stored on the department's computer system and if the certificate of ownership or other authorized proof of ownership for the motor vehicle:
- 28 (a) Is not in the possession of the selling vehicle dealer or new 29 security interest holder at the time the transitional ownership record 30 is submitted to the department; and
- 31 (b) To the best of the knowledge of the selling dealer or new 32 security interest holder, the certificate of ownership will not be 33 received for submission to the department within twenty calendar days 34 of the date of sale of the vehicle, or if no sale is involved, within 35 twenty calendar days of the date the security agreement or contract is 36 executed.
- 37 (3) A person shall submit the transitional ownership record to the 38 department or to any of its agents or subagents. Agents and subagents

- 1 shall immediately electronically transmit the transitional ownership
- 2 records to the department. A transitional ownership document processed
- 3 and recorded by an agent or subagent may be subject to fees as
- 4 specified in RCW 46.01.140(4)(a) or (5)(b).
- 5 (4) "Transitional ownership record" means a record containing all 6 of the following information:
  - (a) The date of sale;
- 8 (b) The name and address of each owner of the vehicle;
- 9 (c) The name and address of each security interest holder;
- 10 (d) If there are multiple security interest holders, the priorities
- 11 of interest if the security interest holders do not jointly hold a
- 12 single security interest;

- 13 (e) The vehicle identification number, the license plate number, if
- 14 any, the year, make, and model of the vehicle;
- 15 (f) The name of the selling dealer or security interest holder who
- 16 is submitting the transitional ownership record; and
- 17 (g) The transferee's driver's license number, if available.
- 18 (5) The report of sale form prescribed or approved by the
- 19 department under RCW 46.12.101 may be used by a vehicle dealer as the
- 20 transitional ownership record.
- 21 (6) Notwithstanding RCW 46.12.095 (1) and (2), compliance with the
- 22 requirements of this section shall result in perfection of a security
- 23 interest in the vehicle as of the time the security interest was
- 24 created. Upon receipt of the certificate of ownership for the vehicle,
- 25 or upon receipt of written confirmation that only an electronic record
- 26 of ownership exists or that the certificate of ownership has been lost
- 27 or destroyed, the selling dealer or new security interest holder shall
- 28 promptly submit the same to the department together with an application
- 29 for a new certificate of ownership containing the name and address of
- 30 the secured party and tender the required fee as provided in RCW
- 31 46.12.095(1)."
- 32 Correct the title.