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1 2	SHB 1046 - H AMD FAILED 2/10/95 053 By Representatives Dellwo and others
3	On page 6, beginning on line 32, strike
4	"(5) RCW 43.72.020 and 1994 c 154 s 311 & 1993 c 492 s 403;
5	(6) RCW 43.72.030 and 1993 c 492 s 405;
6	(7) RCW $43.72.040$ and 1994 c 4 s 3 , 1993 c 494 s 2 , & 1993 c
7	492 s 406;"
8	
9	Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct the
10	title.
11	

EFFECT: Strikes "Washington health services commission-Generally", "Chair--Powers and duties", and "Commission powers and duties" repealers. If adopted the Washington health services commission--Generally, Chair--Powers and duties, and Commission powers and duties provisions of the Washington Health Services Act of 1993 would be maintained in statute. [See text below.]

RCW 43.72.020 Washington health services commission--Generally. (Effective until January 1, 1995.) (1) There is created an agency of state government to be known as the Washington health services commission. The commission shall consist of five members reflecting ethnic and racial diversity, appointed by the governor, with the consent of the senate. One member shall be designated by the governor as chair and shall serve at the pleasure of the governor. The insurance commissioner shall serve as an additional nonvoting member. Of the initial members, one shall be appointed to a term of three years, two shall be appointed to a term of four years, and two shall be appointed to a term of five years. Thereafter, members shall be appointed to five-year terms. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment for the remainder of the unexpired term of the position being vacated.

- (2) Members of the commission shall have no pecuniary interest in any business subject to regulation by the commission and shall be subject to chapter 42.18 RCW, the executive branch conflict of interest act.
- (3) Members of the commission shall occupy their positions on a full-time basis and are exempt from the provisions of chapter 41.06 RCW. Commission members and the professional commission staff are subject to the public disclosure provisions of chapter 42.17 RCW. Members shall be paid a salary to be fixed by the governor in accordance with RCW 43.03.040. A majority of the members of the commission constitutes a quorum for the conduct of business. [1993 c 492 ú 403.]

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RCW 43.72.020 Washington health services commission--Generally. (Effective January 1, 1995.)

- (1) There is created an agency of state government to be known as the Washington health services commission. The commission shall consist of five members reflecting ethnic and racial diversity, appointed by the governor, with the consent of the senate. One member shall be designated by the governor as chair and shall serve at the pleasure of the governor. The insurance commissioner shall serve as an additional nonvoting member. Of the initial members, one shall be appointed to a term of three years, two shall be appointed to a term of four years, and two shall be appointed to a term of five years. Thereafter, members shall be appointed to five-year terms. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment for the remainder of the unexpired term of the position being vacated.
- (2) Members of the commission shall have no pecuniary interest in any business subject to regulation by the commission and shall be subject to chapter 42.52 RCW.
- (3) Members of the commission shall occupy their positions on a full-time basis and are exempt from the provisions of chapter 41.06 RCW. Commission members and the professional commission staff are subject to the public disclosure provisions of chapter 42.17 RCW. Members shall be paid a salary to be fixed by the governor in accordance with RCW 43.03.040. A majority of the members of the commission constitutes a quorum for the conduct of business. [1994 c 154 ú 311; 1993 c 492 ú 403.]

NOTES:

Parts and captions not law--Effective date--Severability--1994 c 154: See RCW 42.52.902, 42.52.904, and 42.52.905.

RCW 43.72.030 Chair--Powers and duties. The chair shall be the chief administrative officer and the appointing authority of the commission and has the following powers and duties:

- (1) Direct and supervise the commission's administrative and technical activities in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and rules and policies adopted by the commission;
- (2) Employ personnel of the commission in accordance with chapter 41.06 RCW, and prescribe their duties. With the approval of a majority of the commission, the chair may appoint persons to administer any entity established pursuant to subsection (8) of this section, and up to seven additional employees all of whom shall be exempt from the provisions of chapter 41.06 RCW;
 - (3) Enter into contracts on behalf of the commission;
 - (4) Accept and expend gifts, donations, grants, and other funds received by the commission;
- (5) Delegate administrative functions of the commission to employees of the commission as the chair deems necessary to ensure efficient administration;
- (6) Subject to approval of the commission, appoint advisory committees and undertake studies, research, and analysis necessary to support activities of the commission;
 - (7) Preside at meetings of the commission;
- (8) Consistent with policies and rules established by the commission, establish such administrative divisions, offices, or programs as are necessary to carry out the purposes of chapter 492, Laws of 1993; and
- (9) Perform such other administrative and technical duties as are consistent with chapter 492, Laws of 1993 and the rules and policies of the commission. [1993 c 492 ú 405.]

RCW 43.72.040 Commission powers and duties. The commission has the following powers and duties:

(1) Ensure that all residents of Washington state are enrolled in a certified health plan to receive the uniform benefits package, regardless of age, sex, family structure, ethnicity, race, health condition, geographic location, employment, or economic status.

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- (2) Endeavor to ensure that all residents of Washington state have access to appropriate, timely, confidential, and effective health services, and monitor the degree of access to such services. If the commission finds that individuals or populations lack access to certified health plan services, the commission shall:
- (a) Authorize appropriate state agencies, local health departments, community or migrant health clinics, public hospital districts, or other nonprofit health service entities to take actions necessary to assure such access. This includes authority to contract for or directly deliver services described within the uniform benefits package to special populations; or
- (b) Notify appropriate certified health plans and the insurance commissioner of such findings. The commission shall adopt by rule standards by which the insurance commissioner may, in such event, require certified health plans in closest proximity to such individuals and populations to extend their catchment areas to those individuals and populations and offer them enrollment.
- (3) Adopt necessary rules in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW to carry out the purposes of chapter 492, Laws of 1993. An initial set of draft rules establishing at least the commission's organization structure, the uniform benefits package, and standards for certified health plan certification, must be submitted in draft form to appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 1994.
- (4) Establish and modify as necessary, in consultation with the state board of health and the department of health, and coordination with the planning process set forth in RCW 43.70.520 a uniform set of health services based on the recommendations of the health care cost control and access commission established under House Concurrent Resolution No. 4443 adopted by the legislature in 1990.
- (5) Establish and modify as necessary the uniform benefits package as provided in RCW 43.72.130, which shall be offered to enrollees of a certified health plan. The benefit package shall be provided at no more than the maximum premium specified in subsection (6) of this section.
- (6)(a) Establish for each year a community-rated maximum premium for the uniform benefits package that shall operate to control overall health care costs. The maximum premium cost of the uniform benefits package in the base year 1995 shall be established upon an actuarial determination of the costs of providing the uniform benefits package and such other cost impacts as may be deemed relevant by the commission. Beginning in 1996, the growth rate of the premium cost of the uniform benefits package for each certified health plan shall be allowed to increase by a rate no greater than the average growth rate in the cost of the package between 1990 and 1993 as actuarially determined, reduced by two percentage points per year until the growth rate is no greater than the five-year rolling average of growth in Washington per capita personal income, as determined by the office of financial management.
- (b) In establishing the community-rated maximum premium under this subsection, the commission shall review various methods for establishing the community-rated maximum premium and shall recommend such methods to the legislature by December 1, 1994.

The commission may develop and recommend a rate for employees that provides nominal, if any, variance between the rate for individual employees and employees with dependents to minimize any economic incentive to an employer to discriminate between prospective employees based upon whether or not they have dependents for whom coverage would be required.

- (c) If the commission adds or deletes services or benefits to the uniform benefits package in subsequent years, it may increase or decrease the maximum premium to reflect the actual cost experience of a broad sample of providers of that service in the state, considering the factors enumerated in (a) of this subsection and adjusted actuarially. The addition of services or benefits shall not result in a redetermination of the entire cost of the uniform benefits package.
- (d) The level of state expenditures for the uniform benefits package shall be limited to the appropriation of funds specifically for this purpose.
- (7) Determine the need for medical risk adjustment mechanisms to minimize financial incentives for certified health plans to enroll individuals who present lower health risks and avoid enrolling individuals who present higher health risks, and to minimize financial incentives for employer hiring practices that discriminate against individuals who present higher health risks. In the design of medical risk distribution mechanisms under this subsection, the commission shall (a) balance the benefits of price competition with the need to protect certified health plans from any unsustainable negative effects of adverse selection; (b) consider the development of a system that

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creates a risk profile of each certified health plan's enrollee population that does not create disincentives for a plan to control benefit utilization, that requires contributions from plans that enjoy a low-risk enrollee population to plans that have a high-risk enrollee population, and that does not permit an adjustment of the premium charged for the uniform benefits package or supplemental coverage based upon either receipt or contribution of assessments; and (c) consider whether registered employer health plans should be included in any medical risk adjustment mechanism. Proposed medical risk adjustment mechanisms shall be submitted to the legislature as provided in RCW 43.72.180.

- (8) Design a mechanism to assure minors have access to confidential health care services as currently provided in RCW 70.24.110 and 71.34.030.
 - (9) Monitor the actual growth in total annual health services costs.
- (10) Monitor the increased application of technology as required by chapter 492, Laws of 1993 and take necessary action to ensure that such application is made in a cost-effective and efficient manner and consistent with existing laws that protect individual privacy.
- (11) Establish reporting requirements for certified health plans that own or manage health care facilities, health care facilities, and health care providers to periodically report to the commission regarding major capital expenditures of the plans. The commission shall review and monitor such reports and shall report to the legislature regarding major capital expenditures on at least an annual basis. The Washington health care facilities authority and the commission shall develop standards jointly for evaluating and approving major capital expenditure financing through the Washington health care facilities authority, as authorized pursuant to chapter 70.37 RCW. By December 1, 1994, the commission and the authority shall submit jointly to the legislature such proposed standards. The commission and the authority shall, after legislative review, but no later than June 1, 1995, publish such standards. Upon publication, the authority may not approve financing for major capital expenditures unless approved by the commission.
- (12) Establish maximum enrollee financial participation levels. The levels shall be related to enrollee household income.
- (13) Establish rules requiring employee enrollee premium sharing, as defined in RCW 43.72.010(9), be paid through deductions from wages or earnings.
- (14) For health services provided under the uniform benefits package and supplemental benefits, adopt standards for enrollment, and standardized billing and claims processing forms. The standards shall ensure that these procedures minimize administrative burdens on health care providers, health care facilities, certified health plans, and consumers. Subject to federal approval or phase-in schedules whenever necessary or appropriate, the standards also shall apply to state-purchased health services, as defined in RCW 41.05.011.
- (15) Propose that certified health plans adopt certain practice indicators or risk management protocols for quality assurance, utilization review, or provider payment. The commission may consider indicators or protocols recommended according to RCW 43.70.500 for these purposes.
- (16) Propose other guidelines to certified health plans for utilization management, use of technology and methods of payment, such as diagnosis-related groups and a resource-based relative value scale. Such guidelines shall be voluntary and shall be designed to promote improved management of care, and provide incentives for improved efficiency and effectiveness within the delivery system.
- (17) Adopt standards and oversee and develop policy for personal health data and information system as provided in chapter 70.170 RCW.
- (18) Adopt standards that prevent conflict of interest by health care providers as provided in RCW 18.130.320.
- (19) At the appropriate juncture and in the fullness of time, consider the extent to which medical research and health professions training activities should be included within the health service system set forth in chapter 492, Laws of 1993.
- (20) Evaluate and monitor the extent to which racial and ethnic minorities have access to and receive health services within the state, and develop strategies to address barriers to access.
- (21) Develop standards for the certification process to certify health plans and employer health plans to provide the uniform benefits package, according to the provisions for certified health plans and registered employer health plans under chapter 492, Laws of 1993.

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- (22) Develop rules for implementation of individual and employer participation under RCW 43.72.210 and 43.72.220 specifically applicable to persons who work in this state but do not live in the state or persons who live in this state but work outside of the state. The rules shall be designed so that these persons receive coverage and financial requirements that are comparable to that received by persons who both live and work in the state.
- (23) After receiving advice from the health services effectiveness committee, adopt rules that must be used by certified health plans, disability insurers, health care service contractors, and health maintenance organizations to determine whether a procedure, treatment, drug, or other health service is no longer experimental or investigative.
- (24) Establish a process for purchase of uniform benefits package services by enrollees when they are outof-state.
- (25) Develop recommendations to the legislature as to whether state and school district employees, on whose behalf health benefits are or will be purchased by the health care authority pursuant to chapter 41.05 RCW, should have the option to purchase health benefits through health insurance purchasing cooperatives on and after July 1, 1997. In developing its recommendations, the commission shall consider:
- (a) The impact of state or school district employees purchasing through health insurance purchasing cooperatives on the ability of the state to control its health care costs; and
- (b) Whether state or school district employees purchasing through health insurance purchasing cooperatives will result in inequities in health benefits between or within groups of state and school district employees.
- (26) Establish guidelines for providers dealing with terminal or static conditions, taking into consideration the ethics of providers, patient and family wishes, costs, and survival possibilities.
- (27) Evaluate the extent to which Taft-Hartley health care trusts provide benefits to certain individuals in the state; review the federal laws under which these trusts are organized; and make appropriate recommendations to the governor and the legislature on or before December 1, 1994, as to whether these trusts should be brought under the provisions of chapter 492, Laws of 1993 when it is fully implemented, and if the commission recommends inclusion of the trusts, how to implement such inclusion.
- (28) Evaluate whether Washington is experiencing a higher percentage in in-migration of residents from other states and territories than would be expected by normal trends as a result of the availability of unsubsidized and subsidized health care benefits for all residents and report to the governor and the legislature their findings.
- (29) In developing the uniform benefits package and other standards pursuant to this section, consider the likelihood of the establishment of a national health services plan adopted by the federal government and its implications.
- (30) Evaluate the effect of reforms under chapter 492, Laws of 1993 on access to care and economic development in rural areas.

To the extent that the exercise of any of the powers and duties specified in this section may be inconsistent with the powers and duties of other state agencies, offices, or commissions, the authority of the commission shall supersede that of such other state agency, office, or commission, except in matters of personal health data, where the commission shall have primary data system policy-making authority and the department of health shall have primary responsibility for the maintenance and routine operation of personal health data systems. [1994 c 4 ú 3; 1993 c 494 ú 2; 1993 c 492 ú 406.]

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