
HOUSE BILL 1090

State of Washington

53rd Legislature

1993 Regular Session

By Representative Scott

Read first time 01/15/93. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

1 AN ACT Relating to privileged communications; and amending RCW
2 5.60.060.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 5.60.060 and 1989 c 271 s 301 are each amended to read
5 as follows:

6 (1) A husband shall not be examined for or against his wife,
7 without the consent of the wife, nor a wife for or against her husband
8 without the consent of the husband; nor can either during marriage or
9 afterward, be without the consent of the other, examined as to any
10 communication made by one to the other during marriage. But this
11 exception shall not apply to a civil action or proceeding by one
12 against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime
13 committed by one against the other, nor to a criminal action or
14 proceeding against a spouse if the marriage occurred subsequent to the
15 filing of formal charges against the defendant, nor to a criminal
16 action or proceeding for a crime committed by said husband or wife
17 against any child of whom said husband or wife is the parent or
18 guardian, nor to a proceeding under chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW:
19 PROVIDED, That the spouse of a person sought to be detained under

1 chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW may not be compelled to testify and shall
2 be so informed by the court prior to being called as a witness.

3 (2) An attorney or counselor shall not, without the consent of his
4 or her client, be examined as to any communication made by the client
5 to him or her, or his or her advice given thereon in the course of
6 professional employment.

7 (3) A member of the clergy or a priest shall not, without the
8 consent of a person making the confession, be examined as to any
9 confession made to him or her in his or her professional character, in
10 the course of discipline enjoined by the church to which he or she
11 belongs.

12 (4) Subject to the limitations under RCW 70.96A.140 or 71.05.250,
13 a physician or surgeon or osteopathic physician or surgeon shall not,
14 without the consent of his or her patient, be examined in a civil
15 action as to any information acquired in attending such patient, which
16 was necessary to enable him or her to prescribe or act for the patient,
17 except as follows:

18 (a) In any judicial proceedings regarding a child's injury,
19 neglect, or sexual abuse or the cause thereof; and

20 (b) Ninety days after filing an action for personal injuries or
21 wrongful death, the claimant shall be deemed to waive the physician-
22 patient privilege. Waiver of the physician-patient privilege for any
23 one physician or condition constitutes a waiver of the privilege as to
24 all physicians or conditions, subject to such limitations as a court
25 may impose pursuant to court rules.

26 (5) A public officer shall not be examined as a witness as to
27 communications made to him or her in official confidence, when the
28 public interest would suffer by the disclosure.

29 (6) A law enforcement officer shall not be examined as to any
30 communication made to him or her or any other law enforcement officer
31 as a member of a peer support group by a fellow law enforcement officer
32 who was receiving counseling from the group.

--- END ---