SENATE BILL REPORT

SSB 5800

AS REPORTED BY COMMITTEE ON LAW & JUSTICE, JANUARY 26, 1994

Brief Description: Increasing the penalty for violating human remains.

SPONSORS: Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Nelson, A. Smith and Winsley)

SENATE COMMITTEE ON LAW & JUSTICE

Majority Report: That Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5800 be substituted therefor, and the second substitute bill dopass.

Signed by Senators A. Smith, Chairman; Ludwig, Vice Chairman; Hargrove, Nelson, Quigley, Roach, Schow and Spanel.

Staff: Susan Carlson (786-7418)

Hearing Dates: February 19, 1993; January 26, 1994

BACKGROUND:

Current statutes provide criminal penalties if a person mutilates, disinters, or removes human remains from the place of interment without authority of law. The punishment is not more than three years in prison, or a fine of not more than \$1,000, or both.

It has been suggested that the statute should be amended to also prohibit sexual contact with a deceased person and to establish a seriousness level for purposes of determining a standard sentence range under the Sentencing Reform Act.

SUMMARY:

A person is guilty of violating human remains if the person has sexual contact with any human remains. "Sexual contact" means any touching of a deceased person done for the purpose of gratifying the sexual desire of the defendant.

Violating human remains is a class C felony. For purposes of the Sentencing Reform Act, it is classified at seriousness level V.

EFFECT OF PROPOSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE:

A person who has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a dead human body is guilty of a class C felony. The crime is added to the criminal code.

Appropriation: none

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Revenue: none

Fiscal Note: none requested

TESTIMONY FOR:

Current law does not prohibit this type of conduct. The bill remedies that omission in our laws.

TESTIMONY AGAINST: None

TESTIFIED: Seth Dawson, Snohomish County Prosecuting Office (pro)

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