

HOUSE BILL REPORT

SHB 1566

As Passed Legislature

Title: An act relating to notice of estate tax findings filings.

Brief Description: Changing who gives notice of estate tax findings filings.

Sponsors: By House Committee on Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representative H. Myers.)

Brief History:

Reported by House Committee on:
Judiciary, February 23, 1993, DPS;
Passed House, March 11, 1993, 96-0;
Amended by Senate;
Passed Legislature, April 20, 1993, 97-0.

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

Majority Report: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by 17 members: Representatives Appelwick, Chair; Ludwig, Vice Chair; Padden, Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Campbell; Chappell; Forner; Johanson; Locke; Long; Mastin; H. Myers; Riley; Schmidt; Scott; Tate; and Wineberry.

Staff: Patricia Shelledy (786-7149).

Background: The Estate and Transfer Tax Act of 1988 imposes state taxes on property that is transferred pursuant to the provisions in an estate. The person who is required to file the federal and state estate tax return, such as the personal representative of an estate, must file the state return with the Department of Revenue, which collects estate taxes. If the personal representative fails to file the return or pay the taxes, the Department of Revenue may make findings regarding the amount of the tax due, the federal credit, the person required to file the federal tax return, and all persons having an interest in property subject to the tax. The Department of Revenue may file its findings with the clerk of the Superior Court where the probate of the estate is being administered, or in another Superior Court depending on the residency of the decedent.

When the Department of Revenue files its findings with the court, the court clerk must give notice of the filing to all persons interested in the proceedings by posting a notice of the findings at the county courthouse, and by mailing a copy of the notice to all persons having an interest in the property subject to the tax.

Apparently, the court clerk may lack information which identifies interested persons and their addresses.

Summary of Bill: The Department of Revenue must give notice of the department's findings to interested persons by mailing a copy of the notice to all interested persons. The Department of Revenue is not required to conduct a search for heirs and is only required to notify persons of whom the department has received actual notice to have an interest in the proceedings or property, or who are listed in the court file as having an interest if a probate action has been commenced. County court clerks still have the responsibility to post notice at the courthouse of the filing of the Department of Revenue's findings.

Fiscal Note: Requested February 15, 1993.

Effective Date: Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.

Testimony For: The county clerks do not know who is entitled to notice, because they do not know who is interested in the proceedings or property. The requirement is cumbersome on the clerks.

Testimony Against: None.

Witnesses: Betty J. Gould, County Clerks (pro).