1 6047-S AMC CONF H4586.5

2	SSB 6047 - CONF REPT By Conference Committee	
4	ADOPTED 3/10/9	4
5 6	Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert t following:	:he
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L9	PART I - DUI PENALTIES	
20	NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 46.04 R to read as follows:	≀CW

- "Alcohol concentration" means (1) grams of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of a person's breath, or (2) the percent by weight of alcohol in a person's blood.
- 4 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.61.502 and 1993 c 328 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 (1) ((A person is guilty of driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug if the person drives a vehicle within 8 this state:
- 9 (a) And the person has 0.10 grams or more of alcohol per two 10 hundred ten liters of breath within two hours after driving, as shown 11 by analysis of the person's breath made under RCW 46.61.506; or
- (b) And the person has 0.10 percent or more by weight of alcohol in the person's blood within two hours after driving, as shown by analysis of the person's blood made under RCW 46.61.506; or
- 15 (c) While the person is under the influence of or affected by 16 intoxicating liquor or any drug; or
- 17 (d) While the person is under the combined influence of or affected 18 by intoxicating liquor and any drug.
- 19 (2) The fact that any person charged with a violation of this
 20 section is or has been entitled to use such drug under the laws of this
 21 state shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating
 22 this section.

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- (3) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of subsection (1) (a) and (b) of this section which the defendant must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant consumed a sufficient quantity of alcohol after the time of driving and before the administration of an analysis of the person's breath or blood to cause the defendant's alcohol concentration to be 0.10 or more within two hours after driving. The court shall not admit evidence of this defense unless the defendant notifies the prosecution prior to the omnibus or pretrial hearing in the case of the defendant's intent to assert the affirmative defense.
- (4) Analyses of blood or breath samples obtained more than two hours after the alleged driving may be used as evidence that within two hours of the alleged driving, a person had 0.10 grams or more of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of breath or 0.10 percent or more of alcohol in the person's blood, pursuant to subsection (1) (a) and (b) of this section, and may be used as evidence that a person was under

- 1 the influence of or affected by intoxicating liquors or any drug
- 2 pursuant to subsection (1) (c) and (d) of this section.)) A person is
- 3 guilty of driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or
- 4 any drug if the person drives a vehicle within this state:
- 5 (a) And the person has, within two hours after driving, an alcohol
- 6 concentration of 0.10 or higher as shown by analysis of the person's
- 7 breath or blood made under RCW 46.61.506; or
- 8 (b) While the person is under the influence of or affected by
- 9 intoxicating liquor or any drug; or
- 10 (c) While the person is under the combined influence of or affected
- 11 by intoxicating liquor and any drug.
- 12 (2) The fact that a person charged with a violation of this section
- 13 <u>is or has been entitled to use a drug under the laws of this state</u>
- 14 shall not constitute a defense against a charge of violating this
- 15 section.
- 16 (3) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of subsection
- 17 (1)(a) of this section which the defendant must prove by a
- 18 preponderance of the evidence that the defendant consumed a sufficient
- 19 quantity of alcohol after the time of driving and before the
- 20 administration of an analysis of the person's breath or blood to cause
- 21 the defendant's alcohol concentration to be 0.10 or more within two
- 22 hours after driving. The court shall not admit evidence of this
- 23 defense unless the defendant notifies the prosecution prior to the
- 24 omnibus or pretrial hearing in the case of the defendant's intent to
- 25 assert the affirmative defense.
- 26 (4) Analyses of blood or breath samples obtained more than two
- 27 hours after the alleged driving may be used as evidence that within two
- 28 hours of the alleged driving, a person had an alcohol concentration of
- 29 <u>0.10 or more in violation of subsection (1)(a) of this section, and in</u>
- 30 any case in which the analysis shows an alcohol concentration above
- 31 0.00 may be used as evidence that a person was under the influence of
- 32 or affected by intoxicating liquor or any drug in violation of
- 33 subsection (1) (b) or (c) of this section.
- 34 (5) A violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor.
- 35 **Sec. 3.** RCW 46.61.504 and 1993 c 328 s 2 are each amended to read
- 36 as follows:
- 37 (1) ((A person is guilty of being in actual physical control of a
- 38 motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any

1 drug if the person has actual physical control of a vehicle within this 2 state:

- (a) And the person has 0.10 grams or more of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of breath within two hours after being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle, as shown by analysis of the person's breath made under RCW 46.61.506; or
- (b) And the person has 0.10 percent or more by weight of alcohol in the person's blood within two hours after being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle, as shown by analysis of the person's blood made under RCW 46.61.506; or
- 11 (c) While the person is under the influence of or affected by 12 intoxicating liquor or any drug; or
- (d) While the person is under the combined influence of or affected by intoxicating liquor and any drug.
 - (2) The fact that any person charged with a violation of this section is or has been entitled to use such drug under the laws of this state shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this section. No person may be convicted under this section if, prior to being pursued by a law enforcement officer, the person has moved the vehicle safely off the roadway.
 - (3) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of subsection (1) (a) and (b) of this section which the defendant must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant consumed a sufficient quantity of alcohol after the time of being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle and before the administration of an analysis of the person's breath or blood to cause the defendant's alcohol concentration to be 0.10 or more within two hours after being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle. The court shall not admit evidence of this defense unless the defendant notifies the prosecution prior to the omnibus or pretrial hearing in the case of the defendant's intent to assert the affirmative defense.
 - (4) Analyses of blood or breath samples obtained more than two hours after the alleged actual physical control of a motor vehicle may be used as evidence that within two hours of the alleged actual physical control of a motor vehicle, a person had 0.10 grams or more of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of breath or 0.10 percent or more of alcohol in the person's blood, pursuant to subsection (1) (a) and (b) of this section, and may be used as evidence that a person was under the influence of or affected by intoxicating liquors or any drug

- 1 pursuant to subsection (1) (c) and (d) of this section.)) A person is
- 2 guilty of being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while
- 3 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug if the person
- 4 has actual physical control of a vehicle within this state:
- 5 (a) And the person has, within two hours after being in actual
- 6 physical control of the vehicle, an alcohol concentration of 0.10 or
- 7 higher as shown by analysis of the person's breath or blood made under
- 8 RCW 46.61.506; or
- 9 (b) While the person is under the influence of or affected by
- 10 <u>intoxicating liquor or any drug; or</u>
- 11 (c) While the person is under the combined influence of or affected
- 12 by intoxicating liquor and any drug.
- 13 (2) The fact that a person charged with a violation of this section
- 14 is or has been entitled to use a drug under the laws of this state does
- 15 not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this section.
- 16 No person may be convicted under this section if, prior to being
- 17 pursued by a law enforcement officer, the person has moved the vehicle
- 18 safely off the roadway.
- 19 <u>(3) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of subsection</u>
- 20 (1)(a) of this section which the defendant must prove by a
- 21 preponderance of the evidence that the defendant consumed a sufficient
- 22 quantity of alcohol after the time of being in actual physical control
- 23 of the vehicle and before the administration of an analysis of the
- 24 person's breath or blood to cause the defendant's alcohol concentration
- 25 to be 0.10 or more within two hours after being in such control. The
- 26 court shall not admit evidence of this defense unless the defendant
- 27 notifies the prosecution prior to the omnibus or pretrial hearing in
- 28 the case of the defendant's intent to assert the affirmative defense.
- 29 (4) Analyses of blood or breath samples obtained more than two
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- 30 hours after the alleged being in actual physical control of a vehicle
- 31 may be used as evidence that within two hours of the alleged being in
- 32 <u>such control</u>, a person had an alcohol concentration of 0.10 or more in
- 33 violation of subsection (1)(a) of this section, and in any case in
- 34 which the analysis shows an alcohol concentration above 0.00 may be
- 35 used as evidence that a person was under the influence of or affected
- 36 by intoxicating liquor or any drug in violation of subsection (1) (b)
- 37 or (c) of this section.
- 38 (5) A violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor.

- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW to read as follows:
- 3 (1) A person whose driver's license is not in a probationary, 4 suspended, or revoked status, and who has not been convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 that was committed within five 5 years before the commission of the current violation, and who violates 6 7 46.61.502(1)(a) or 46.61.504(1)(a) because of an 8 concentration of at least 0.10 but less than 0.15, or a person who 9 violates RCW 46.61.502(1)(b) or (c) or 46.61.504(1)(b) or (c) and for 10 any reason other than the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 the person's alcohol concentration is not 11 proved, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor and shall be punished as 12 13 follows:
- 14 (a) By imprisonment for not less than one day nor more than one 15 Twenty-four consecutive hours of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of 16 this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the 17 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory 18 19 minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the 20 facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and 21
- (b) By a fine of not less than three hundred fifty dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Three hundred fifty dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; and
- 26 (c) By suspension of the offender's license or permit to drive, or 27 suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of 28 ninety days. The court may suspend all or part of the ninety-day 29 period of suspension upon a plea agreement executed by the defendant 30 and the prosecutor. The court shall notify the department of licensing 31 of the conviction and of any period of suspension and shall notify the department of the person's completion of any period of suspension. 32 Upon receiving notification of the conviction, or if applicable, upon 33 34 receiving notification of the completion of any period of suspension, 35 the department shall issue the offender a probationary license in accordance with section 8 of this act. 36
- 37 (2) A person whose driver's license is not in a probationary, 38 suspended, or revoked status, and who has not been convicted of a

- violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 that was committed within five years before the commission of the current violation, and who either:
- 3 (a) Violates RCW 46.61.502(1)(a) or 46.61.504(1)(a) because of an 4 alcohol concentration of 0.15 or more; or
- (b) Violates RCW 46.61.502(1) (b) or (c) or 46.61.504(1) (b) or (c) and, because of the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308, there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor and shall be punished as follows:
- 10 (i) By imprisonment for not less than two days nor more than one year. Forty-eight consecutive hours of the imprisonment may not be 11 suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of 12 this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the 13 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory 14 15 minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in 16 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and 17
- (ii) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; and

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- (iii) By suspension by the department of the offender's license or permit to drive, or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of one hundred twenty days. The court shall notify the department of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction the department shall suspend the offender's license and shall issue the offender a probationary license in accordance with section 8 of this act.
- 29 (3) In exercising its discretion in setting penalties within the 30 limits allowed by this section, the court shall particularly consider 31 whether the person's driving at the time of the offense was responsible 32 for injury or damage to another or another's property.
- 33 (4) Upon conviction under this section, the offender's driver's 34 license is deemed to be in a probationary status for five years from 35 the date of the issuance of a probationary license under section 8 of 36 this act. Being on probationary status does not authorize a person to 37 drive during any period of license suspension imposed as a penalty for 38 the infraction.

- 1 (5) An offender punishable under this section is subject to the 2 alcohol assessment and treatment provisions of section 9 of this act.
- 3 (6)(a) In addition to any nonsuspendable and nondeferrable jail 4 sentence required by this section, whenever the court imposes less than 5 one year in jail, the court shall also suspend but shall not defer a period of confinement for a period not exceeding two years. The court 6 7 shall impose conditions of probation that include: (i) Not driving a 8 motor vehicle within this state without a valid license to drive and 9 proof of financial responsibility for the future; (ii) not driving a 10 motor vehicle within this state while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more within two hours after driving; and (iii) not refusing 11 to submit to a test of his or her breath or blood to determine alcohol 12 concentration upon request of a law enforcement officer who has 13 reasonable grounds to believe the person was driving or was in actual 14 15 physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the 16 influence of intoxicating liquor. The court may impose conditions of probation that include nonrepetition, alcohol or drug treatment, 17 supervised probation, or other conditions that may be appropriate. The 18 19 sentence may be imposed in whole or in part upon violation of a 20 condition of probation during the suspension period.
- (b) For each violation of mandatory conditions of probation under (a) (i) and (ii) or (a) (i) and (iii) of this subsection, the court shall order the convicted person to be confined for thirty days, which shall not be suspended or deferred.
- 25 (c) For each incident involving a violation of a mandatory 26 condition of probation imposed under this subsection, the license, permit, or privilege to drive of the person shall be suspended by the 27 court for thirty days or, if such license, permit, or privilege to 28 drive already is suspended, revoked, or denied at the time the finding 29 30 of probation violation is made, the suspension, revocation, or denial then in effect shall be extended by thirty days. The court shall 31 notify the department of any suspension, revocation, or denial or any 32 extension of a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under this 33 34 subsection.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW to read as follows:
- 37 (1) A person whose driver's license is in a probationary status and 38 who violates RCW 46.61.502(1)(a) or 46.61.504(1)(a) because of an

- 1 alcohol concentration of at least 0.10 but less than 0.15 is guilty of 2 a gross misdemeanor and shall be punished as follows:
- (a) By imprisonment for not less than seven days nor more than one 3 4 year. Seven consecutive days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this 5 mandatory minimum sentence would pose a substantial risk to the 6 7 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory 8 minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in 9 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the 10 facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and
- 11 (b) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than 12 five thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be 13 suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be 14 indigent; and
- 15 (c) By suspension of the offender's license or permit to drive, or 16 suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of one 17 year. The court shall notify the department of the conviction, and 18 upon receiving notification the department shall suspend the offender's 19 license and shall issue the offender a probationary license in 20 accordance with section 8 of this act.
- 21 (2) A person whose driver's license is in a probationary status and 22 who either:
- 23 (a) Violates RCW 46.61.502(1)(a) or 46.61.504(1)(a) because of an 24 alcohol concentration of 0.15 or more; or
- (b) Violates RCW 46.61.502(1) (b) or (c) or 46.61.504(1) (b) or (c) and, because of the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308, there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor and shall be punished as follows:
- 30 (i) By imprisonment for not less than ten days nor more than one year. Ten consecutive days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or 31 deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory 32 minimum sentence would pose a substantial risk to the offender's 33 34 physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason 35 for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the 36 37 suspension or deferral is based; and
- 38 (ii) By a fine of not less than seven hundred fifty dollars nor 39 more than five thousand dollars. Seven hundred fifty dollars of the

fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the 1 2 offender to be indigent; and

- 3 (iii) By revocation of the offender's license or permit to drive or 4 of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of four hundred 5 fifty days. The court shall notify the department of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction the department shall 6 7 revoke the offender's license, and upon determining that the offender 8 is otherwise qualified in accordance with RCW 46.20.311, the department 9 shall issue the offender a probationary license in accordance with 10 section 8 of this act.
- (3) In exercising its discretion in setting penalties within the 11 limits allowed by this section, the court shall particularly consider 12 13 whether the person's driving at the time of the offense was responsible for injury or damage to another or another's property. 14
- 15 (4) An offender punishable under this section is subject to the 16 alcohol assessment and treatment provisions of section 9 of this act. 17 An offender punishable under subsection (1) or (2) of this section is subject to the vehicle seizure and forfeiture provisions of RCW 18 19 46.61.511. No offender punishable under this section is eligible for an occupational license under RCW 46.20.391. 20

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(5)(a) In addition to any nonsuspendable and nondeferrable jail sentence required by this section, whenever the court imposes less than one year in jail, the court shall also suspend but shall not defer a period of confinement for a period not exceeding two years. The court shall impose conditions of probation that include: (i) Not driving a motor vehicle within this state without a valid license to drive and proof of financial responsibility for the future; (ii) not driving a motor vehicle within this state while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more within two hours after driving; and (iii) not refusing to submit to a test of his or her breath or blood to determine alcohol concentration upon request of a law enforcement officer who has reasonable grounds to believe the person was driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor. The court may impose conditions of probation that include nonrepetition, alcohol or drug treatment, supervised probation, or other conditions that may be appropriate. The sentence may be imposed in whole or in part upon violation of a 38 condition of probation during the suspension period.

- (b) For each violation of mandatory conditions of probation under (a) (i) and (ii) or (a) (i) and (iii) of this subsection, the court shall order the convicted person to be confined for thirty days, which shall not be suspended or deferred.
- (c) For each incident involving a violation of a mandatory 5 condition of probation imposed under this subsection, the license, 6 7 permit, or privilege to drive of the person shall be suspended by the 8 court for thirty days or, if such license, permit, or privilege to 9 drive already is suspended, revoked, or denied at the time the finding 10 of probation violation is made, the suspension, revocation, or denial then in effect shall be extended by thirty days. 11 The court shall notify the department of any suspension, revocation, or denial or any 12 13 extension of a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under this subsection. 14
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW to read as follows:

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- (1) A person who violates RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 and who either has a driver's license in a suspended or revoked status or who has been convicted under section 5 of this act or RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 of an offense that was committed within five years before the commission of the current violation, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor and shall be punished as follows:
- (a) By imprisonment for not less than ninety days nor more than one year. Ninety consecutive days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory minimum sentence would pose a substantial risk to the offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and
- 31 (b) By a fine of not less than seven hundred fifty dollars nor more 32 than five thousand dollars. Seven hundred fifty dollars of the fine 33 may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to 34 be indigent; and
- 35 (c) By revocation by the department of licensing of the offender's 36 license or permit to drive or of any nonresident privilege to drive, 37 for a period of two years. The court shall notify the department of 38 the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction the

- department shall revoke the offender's license. Following the revocation and upon determining that the offender is otherwise qualified in accordance with RCW 46.20.311, the department shall issue the offender a probationary license in accordance with section 8 of this act.
 - (2) In exercising its discretion in setting penalties within the limits allowed by this section, the court shall particularly consider whether the person's driving at the time of the offense was responsible for injury or damage to another or another's property.

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- (3) An offender punishable under this section is subject to the alcohol assessment and treatment provisions of section 9 of this act. An offender punishable under this section is subject to the vehicle seizure and forfeiture provisions of RCW 46.61.511. No offender punishable under this section is eligible for an occupational license under RCW 46.20.391.
- 16 (4)(a) In addition to any nonsuspendable and nondeferrable jail sentence required by this section, whenever the court imposes less than 17 one year in jail, the court shall also suspend but shall not defer a 18 19 period of confinement for a period not exceeding two years. The court 20 shall impose conditions of probation that include: (i) Not driving a motor vehicle within this state without a valid license to drive and 21 proof of financial responsibility for the future; (ii) not driving a 22 motor vehicle within this state while having an alcohol concentration 23 24 of 0.08 or more within two hours after driving; and (iii) not refusing 25 to submit to a test of his or her breath or blood to determine alcohol 26 concentration upon request of a law enforcement officer who has reasonable grounds to believe the person was driving or was in actual 27 physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the 28 29 influence of intoxicating liquor. The court may impose conditions of 30 probation that include nonrepetition, alcohol or drug treatment, supervised probation, or other conditions that may be appropriate. The 31 sentence may be imposed in whole or in part upon violation of a 32 condition of probation during the suspension period. 33
- (b) For each violation of mandatory conditions of probation under (a) (i) and (ii) or (a) (i) and (iii) of this subsection, the court shall order the convicted person to be confined for thirty days, which shall not be suspended or deferred.
- 38 (c) For each incident involving a violation of a mandatory 39 condition of probation imposed under this subsection, the license,

- permit, or privilege to drive of the person shall be suspended by the court for thirty days or, if such license, permit, or privilege to drive already is suspended, revoked, or denied at the time the finding of probation violation is made, the suspension, revocation, or denial then in effect shall be extended by thirty days. The court shall notify the department of any suspension, revocation, or denial or any extension of a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under this subsection.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW 10 to read as follows:
- (1)(a) In addition to penalties set forth in sections 4 through 6 of this act, a one hundred twenty-five dollar fee shall be assessed to a person who is either convicted, sentenced to a lesser charge, or given deferred prosecution, as a result of an arrest for violating RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 46.61.520, or 46.61.522. This fee is for the purpose of funding the Washington state toxicology laboratory and the Washington state patrol breath test program.
- (b) Upon a verified petition by the person assessed the fee, the court may suspend payment of all or part of the fee if it finds that the person does not have the ability to pay.
- (c) When a minor has been adjudicated a juvenile offender for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a violation of RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 46.61.520, or 46.61.522, the court shall assess the one hundred twenty-five dollar fee under (a) of this subsection. Upon a verified petition by a minor assessed the fee, the court may suspend payment of all or part of the fee if it finds that the minor does not have the ability to pay the fee.
- 28 (2) The fee assessed under subsection (1) of this section shall be 29 collected by the clerk of the court and distributed as follows:
- 30 (a) Forty percent shall be subject to distribution under RCW 31 3.46.120, 3.50.100, 35.20.220, 3.62.020, 3.62.040, or 10.82.070.
- 32 (b) If the case involves a blood test by the state toxicology 33 laboratory, the remainder of the fee shall be forwarded to the state 34 treasurer for deposit in the death investigations account to be used 35 solely for funding the state toxicology laboratory blood testing 36 program.
- 37 (c) Otherwise, the remainder of the fee shall be forwarded to the 38 state treasurer for deposit in the state patrol highway account to be

1 used solely for funding the Washington state patrol breath test

2 program.

3 PART II - PROBATIONARY LICENSES

4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW 5 to read as follows:

- (1) Upon notification of a conviction under RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 for which the issuance of a probationary driver's license is required, or upon receipt of an abstract indicating a deferred prosecution has been granted under RCW 10.05.060, the department of licensing shall order the person to surrender his or her license. The department shall revoke the license of any person who fails to surrender it as required by this section.
- 13 (2) Upon receipt of the surrendered license, and following the expiration of any period of license suspension or revocation, or 14 15 following receipt of a sworn statement under section 12 of this act that requires issuance of a probationary license, the department shall 16 17 issue the person a probationary license if otherwise qualified. 18 probationary license shall be renewed on the same cycle as the person's regular license would have been renewed until five years after the date 19 20 of its issuance.
- (3) For each issue or reissue of a license under this section, the department may charge the fee authorized under RCW 46.20.311 for the reissuance of a license following a revocation for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504.
- 25 (4) A probationary license shall enable the department and law 26 enforcement personnel to determine that the person is on probationary 27 status, including the period of that status, for a violation of RCW 28 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or section 12 of this act. That fact that a 29 person has been issued a probationary license shall not be a part of 30 the person's record that is available to insurance companies.

31 PART III - ASSESSMENT AND TREATMENT

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW to read as follows:
- 34 (1) A person subject to alcohol assessment and treatment under 35 section 4, 5, or 6 of this act shall be required by the court to

complete a course in an alcohol information school approved by the 1 department of social and health services or to complete more intensive 2 treatment in a program approved by the department of social and health 3 4 services, as determined by the court. The court shall notify the 5 department of licensing whenever it orders a person to complete a course or treatment program under this section. 6

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- 7 (2) A diagnostic evaluation and treatment recommendation shall be prepared under the direction of the court by an alcoholism agency approved by the department of social and health services or a qualified probation department approved by the department of social and health services. A copy of the report shall be forwarded to the department of Based on the diagnostic evaluation, the court shall licensing. determine whether the person shall be required to complete a course in an alcohol information school approved by the department of social and health services or more intensive treatment in a program approved by the department of social and health services.
- 17 (3) Standards for approval for alcohol treatment programs shall be prescribed by the department of social and health services. 18 19 department of social and health services shall periodically review the costs of alcohol information schools and treatment programs. 20
 - (4) Any agency that provides treatment ordered under section 4, 5, or 6 of this act, shall immediately report to the appropriate probation department where applicable, otherwise to the court, and to the department of licensing any noncompliance by a person with the conditions of his or her ordered treatment. The court shall notify the department of licensing and the department of social and health services of any failure by an agency to so report noncompliance. Any agency with knowledge of noncompliance that fails to so report shall be fined two hundred fifty dollars by the department of social and health Upon three such failures by an agency within one year, the department of social and health services shall revoke the agency's approval under this section.
- (5) The department of licensing and the department of social and 33 34 health services may adopt such rules as are necessary to carry out this 35 section.

PART IV - ADMINISTRATIVE REVOCATION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 46.20 RCW to read as follows:

- 3 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a person 4 under the age of twenty-one may not drive, operate, or be in physical 5 control of a motor vehicle while having alcohol in his or her system in 6 a concentration of 0.02 or above.
 - (2) A person under the age of twenty-one who drives or is in physical control of a motor vehicle within this state is deemed to have given consent, subject to the relevant portions of RCW 46.61.506, to be detained long enough, and be transported if necessary, to take a test or tests of that person's blood or breath for the purpose of determining the alcohol concentration in his or her system.
- (3) A test or tests may be administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer, who after stopping or detaining the driver, has reasonable grounds to believe that the driver was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while having alcohol in his or her system.
- (4) The law enforcement officer requesting the test or tests under subsection (2) of this section shall warn the person requested to submit to the test that a refusal to submit will result in that person's driver's license or driving privilege being revoked.
- 22 (5) If the person refuses testing, or submits to a test that 23 discloses an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or more, the law enforcement 24 officer shall:
- 25 (a) Serve the person notice in writing on behalf of the department 26 of licensing of its intention to suspend, revoke, or deny the person's 27 license, permit, or privilege to drive;
- (b) Serve the person notice in writing on behalf of the department of licensing of the person's right to a hearing, specifying the steps required to obtain a hearing;
- 31 (c) Confiscate the person's Washington state license or permit to 32 drive, if any, and issue a temporary license to replace any confiscated 33 license or permit. The temporary license shall be valid for thirty 34 days from the date of the traffic stop or until the suspension or 35 revocation of the person's license or permit is sustained at a hearing 36 as provided by subsection (7) of this section, whichever occurs first. 37 No temporary license is valid to any greater degree than the license or
- 37 No temporary license is valid to any greater degree than the license or
- 38 permit it replaces;

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1 (d) Notify the department of licensing of the traffic stop, and 2 transmit to the department any confiscated license or permit and a 3 sworn report stating:

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- (i) That the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state with alcohol in his or her system;
- (ii) That pursuant to this section a test of the person's alcohol concentration was administered or that the person refused to be tested;
- 9 (iii) If administered, that the test indicated the person's alcohol concentration was 0.02 or higher; and
- 11 (iv) Any other information that the department may require by rule.
- (6) Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law enforcement officer 12 under subsection (5) of this section, the department shall suspend or 13 14 revoke the driver's license or driving privilege beginning thirty days 15 from the date of the traffic stop or beginning when the suspension, 16 revocation, or denial is sustained at a hearing as provided by subsection (7) of this section. Within fifteen days after notice of a 17 suspension or revocation has been given, the person may, in writing, 18 19 request a formal hearing. If such a request is not made within the prescribed time the right to a hearing is waived. Upon receipt of such 20 request, the department shall afford the person an opportunity for a 21 hearing as provided in RCW 46.20.329 and 46.20.332. The hearing shall 22 be conducted in the county of the arrest. For the purposes of this 23 24 section, the hearing shall cover the issues of whether a law 25 enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had 26 been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while having alcohol in his or her system, whether 27 the person refused to submit to the test or tests upon request of the 28 29 officer after having been informed that the refusal would result in the 30 revocation of the person's driver's license or driving privilege, and, 31 if the test or tests of the person's breath or blood was administered, whether the results indicated an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or more. 32 The department shall order that the suspension or revocation of the 33 34 person's driver's license or driving privilege either be rescinded or 35 sustained. Any decision by the department suspending or revoking a person's driver's license or driving privilege is stayed and does not 36 37 take effect while a formal hearing is pending under this section or during the pendency of a subsequent appeal to superior court so long as 38 39 there is no conviction for a moving violation or no finding that the

- person has committed a traffic infraction that is a moving violation during the pendency of the hearing and appeal. If the suspension or revocation of the person's driver's license or driving privilege is sustained after the hearing, the person may file a petition in the superior court of the county of arrest to review the final order of suspension or revocation by the department in the manner provided in RCW 46.20.334.
- 8 (7) The department shall suspend or revoke the driver's license or 9 driving privilege of a person as required by this section as follows:
 - (a) In the case of a person who has refused a test or tests:

- 11 (i) For a first refusal within five years, revocation for one year;
- 12 (ii) For a second or subsequent refusal within five years, 13 revocation or denial for two years.
- 14 (b) In the case of an incident where a person has submitted to a 15 test or tests indicating an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or more:
- 16 (i) For a first incident within five years, suspension for ninety 17 days;
- 18 (ii) For a second or subsequent incident within five years, 19 revocation for one year or until the person reaches age twenty-one 20 whichever occurs later.
- (8) For purposes of this section, "alcohol concentration" means (a) grams of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of a person's breath, or (b) the percent by weight of alcohol in a person's blood.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 11.** A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW to read as follows:
- 26 (1) Any person requested or signaled to stop by a law enforcement 27 officer pursuant to section 10 of this act has a duty to stop.
- (2) Whenever any person is stopped pursuant to section 10 of this act, the officer may detain that person for a reasonable period of time necessary to: Identify the person; check the status of the person's license, insurance identification card, and the vehicle's registration; and transport the person, if necessary, to and administer a test or tests to determine the alcohol concentration in the person's system.
- 34 (3) Any person requested to identify himself or herself to a law 35 enforcement officer pursuant to an investigation under section 10 of 36 this act has a duty to identify himself or herself, give his or her 37 current address, and sign an acknowledgement of receipt of the warning

- 1 required by section 10(4) of this act and receipt of the notice and
- 2 temporary license issued under section 10(5) of this act.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW 4 to read as follows:
- 5 (1) This section applies to any person arrested for a violation of 6 RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 who has an alcohol concentration of 0.10 or 7 higher as shown by a test administered under RCW 46.20.308.
- 8 (2) The arresting officer or other law enforcement officer at whose 9 direction the test was given shall:
- 10 (a) Serve the person notice in writing on behalf of the department 11 of licensing of its intention to suspend, revoke, or deny the person's 12 license, permit, or privilege to drive or to issue a probationary 13 license;
- (b) Serve the person notice in writing on behalf of the department of the person's right to a hearing, specifying the steps required to obtain a hearing;
- 17 (c) Confiscate the person's Washington state license or permit to 18 drive, if any, and issue a temporary license to replace any confiscated 19 license or permit. The temporary license shall be valid for thirty days from the date of arrest or until the suspension or revocation of 20 the person's license or permit, or the issuance of a probationary 21 license, is sustained at a hearing pursuant to subsection (5) of this 22 23 section, whichever occurs first. If the person has not within the 24 previous five years committed an offense for which he or she was 25 granted a deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW, and within thirty days of the arrest the person petitions a court for a deferred 26 prosecution on criminal charges arising out of the arrest, the court 27 shall direct the department to extend the period of the temporary 28 29 license by at least an additional thirty days but not more than an 30 additional sixty days. If a deferred prosecution treatment plan is not recommended in the report made under RCW 10.05.050, or if treatment is 31 rejected by the court, or if the person declines to accept an offered 32 treatment plan, then the court shall immediately direct the department 33 34 to cancel any period of extension of the temporary license. No temporary license is valid to any greater degree than the license or 35 36 permit it replaces;

- 1 (d) Notify the department of the arrest, and transmit to the 2 department any confiscated license or permit and a sworn report 3 stating:
- 4 (i) That the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the arrested 5 person was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle 6 within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 7 drug, or both;
- 8 (ii) That pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 a test of the person's alcohol concentration was administered;
- 10 (iii) That the test indicated that the person's alcohol 11 concentration was 0.10 or higher; and
- 12 (iv) Any other information that the department may require by rule.
- 13 (3) Upon receipt of a sworn statement under subsection (2) of this section, the department shall suspend, revoke, or deny the person's 14 15 license, permit, or driving privilege, or shall issue a probationary 16 license, effective beginning thirty days from the date of the arrest or beginning when the suspension, revocation, denial, or issuance is 17 sustained at a hearing pursuant to subsection (5) of this section, 18 19 whichever occurs first. The suspension, revocation, or denial, or issuance of a probationary license, shall be as follows: 20
- 21 (a) Upon receipt of a first sworn statement, issuance of a 22 probationary license under section 8 of this act;
- (b) Upon receipt of a second or subsequent statement indicating an arrest date that is within five years of the arrest date indicated by a previous statement, revocation for two years.
- (4) A person receiving notification under subsection (2) of this section may, within five days after his or her arrest, request a hearing before the department under subsection (5) of this section. The request shall be in writing. The person shall pay a fee of one hundred dollars as part of the request. If the request is mailed, it must be postmarked within five days after the arrest.
- (5) Upon timely receipt of a request and a one hundred dollar fee 32 under subsection (4) of this section, the department shall afford the 33 person an opportunity for a hearing. Except as otherwise provided in 34 35 this section, the hearing is subject to and shall be scheduled and conducted in accordance with RCW 46.20.329 and 46.20.332. The hearing 36 shall be conducted in the county of arrest, except that all or part of 37 the hearing may, at the discretion of the department, be conducted by 38 telephone or other electronic means. The hearing shall be held within 39

1 thirty days following the arrest, unless otherwise agreed to by the 2 department and the person. The hearing shall cover the issues of:

- 3 (a) Whether the law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to 4 believe the person was driving or in actual physical control of a motor 5 vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating 6 liquor;
- 7 (b) Whether the test of the person's alcohol concentration was 8 administered in accordance with RCW 46.20.308; and
- 9 (c) Whether the test indicated that the person's alcohol 10 concentration was 0.10 or higher.
- (6) The period of any suspension, revocation, or denial imposed 11 under this section shall run consecutively to the period of any 12 13 suspension, revocation, or denial imposed pursuant to a criminal conviction arising out of the same incident. A suspension, revocation, 14 15 or denial imposed under this section shall be stayed if the person is 16 accepted for deferred prosecution as provided in chapter 10.05 RCW for 17 the incident upon which the suspension, revocation, or denial is based. If the deferred prosecution is terminated, the stay shall be lifted and 18 19 the suspension, revocation, or denial reinstated. If the deferred 20 prosecution is completed, the stay shall be lifted and the suspension, revocation, or denial canceled. 21

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- (7) If the suspension, revocation, denial, or issuance is sustained after such a hearing, the person whose license, privilege, or permit is suspended, revoked, or denied, or who has been issued a probationary license, has the right to file a petition in the superior court of the county of arrest in the same manner as an appeal from a decision of a court of limited jurisdiction. The appellant must pay the costs associated with obtaining the record of the hearing before the hearing officer. A court may stay the suspension, revocation, or denial if it finds that the appellant is likely to prevail in the appeal and that without a stay the appellant will suffer irreparable injury. If the court stays the suspension, revocation, or denial, it may impose conditions on such stay.
- 34 (8) When it has been finally determined under the procedures of 35 this section that a nonresident's privilege to operate a motor vehicle 36 in this state has been suspended, revoked, or denied, the department 37 shall give information in writing of the action taken to the motor 38 vehicle administrator of the state of the person's residence and of any 39 state in which he or she has a license.

- 2 **Sec. 13.** RCW 46.20.308 and 1989 c 337 s 8 are each amended to read 3 as follows:
- 4 (1) Any person who operates a motor vehicle within this state is deemed to have given consent, subject to the provisions of RCW 5 46.61.506, to a test or tests of his or her breath or blood for the 6 7 purpose of determining the alcoholic content of his or her breath or blood if arrested for any offense where, at the time of the arrest, the 8 9 arresting officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person had been 10 driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor. 11
- 12 (2) The test or tests of breath shall be administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer having reasonable grounds to 13 14 believe the person to have been driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of 15 intoxicating liquor. However, in those instances where: 16 person is incapable due to physical injury, physical incapacity, or 17 18 other physical limitation, of providing a breath sample; or (b) as a 19 result of a traffic accident the person is being treated for a medical condition in a hospital, clinic, doctor's office, or other similar 20 21 facility in which a breath testing instrument is not present, a blood 22 test shall be administered by a qualified person as provided in RCW 23 46.61.506(4). The officer shall inform the person of his or her right 24 to refuse the breath or blood test, and of his or her right to have 25 additional tests administered by any qualified person of his or her choosing as provided in RCW 46.61.506. The officer shall warn the 26 driver that (a) his or her privilege to drive will be revoked or denied 27 if he or she refuses to submit to the test, and (b) that his or her 28 29 refusal to take the test may be used in a criminal trial.
- (3) Except as provided in this section, the test administered shall 30 If an individual is unconscious or is under 31 be of the breath only. arrest for the crime of vehicular homicide as provided in RCW 46.61.520 32 or vehicular assault as provided in RCW 46.61.522, or if an individual 33 34 is under arrest for the crime of driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs as provided in RCW 46.61.502, which arrest 35 36 results from an accident in which another person has been injured and there is a reasonable likelihood that such other person may die as a 37

result of injuries sustained in the accident, a breath or blood test may be administered without the consent of the individual so arrested.

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- (4) Any person who is dead, unconscious, or who is otherwise in a condition rendering him or her incapable of refusal, shall be deemed not to have withdrawn the consent provided by subsection (1) of this section and the test or tests may be administered, subject to the provisions of RCW 46.61.506, and the person shall be deemed to have received the warnings required under subsection (2) of this section.
- 9 (5) If, following his or her arrest and receipt of warnings under 10 subsection (2) of this section, the person arrested refuses upon the 11 request of a law enforcement officer to submit to a test or tests of 12 his or her breath or blood, no test shall be given except as authorized 13 under subsection (3) or (4) of this section.
 - (6) The department of licensing, upon the receipt of a sworn report of the law enforcement officer that the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the arrested person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor and that the person had refused to submit to the test or tests upon the request of the law enforcement officer after being informed that refusal would result in the revocation of the person's privilege to drive, shall revoke the person's license or permit to drive or any nonresident operating privilege.
- 24 (7) Upon revoking the license or permit to drive or the nonresident 25 operating privilege of any person, the department shall immediately 26 notify the person involved in writing by personal service or by certified mail of its decision and the grounds therefor, and of the 27 person's right to a hearing, specifying the steps he or she must take 28 29 to obtain a hearing. Within fifteen days after the notice has been 30 given, the person may, in writing, request a formal hearing. 31 person shall pay a fee of one hundred dollars as part of the request. Upon receipt of such request and such fee, the department shall afford 32 the person an opportunity for a hearing as provided in RCW 46.20.329 33 34 and 46.20.332. The hearing shall be conducted in the county of the arrest. For the purposes of this section, the scope of such hearing 35 36 shall cover the issues of whether a law enforcement officer had 37 reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while 38 under the influence of intoxicating liquor, whether the person was 39

- placed under arrest, and whether the person refused to submit to the test or tests upon request of the officer after having been informed 2 that such refusal would result in the revocation of the person's 3 4 privilege to drive. The department shall order that the revocation either be rescinded or sustained. Any decision by the department 5 revoking a person's driving privilege shall be stayed and shall not 6 7 take effect while a formal hearing is pending as provided in this 8 section or during the pendency of a subsequent appeal to superior court 9 so long as there is no conviction for a moving violation or no finding that the person has committed a traffic infraction that is a moving 10 violation during pendency of the hearing and appeal. 11
- 12 (8) If the revocation is sustained after such a hearing, the person 13 whose license, privilege, or permit is revoked has the right to file a 14 petition in the superior court of the county of arrest to review the 15 final order of revocation by the department in the manner provided in 16 RCW 46.20.334.
- (9) When it has been finally determined under the procedures of this section that a nonresident's privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been revoked, the department shall give information in writing of the action taken to the motor vehicle administrator of the state of the person's residence and of any state in which he or she has a license.

23 PART VI - DRIVING RECORDS

- 24 **Sec. 14.** RCW 46.01.260 and 1984 c 241 s 1 are each amended to read 25 as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the 26 27 director, in his or her discretion, may destroy applications for 28 vehicle licenses, copies of vehicle licenses issued, applications for 29 drivers' licenses, copies of issued drivers' licenses, certificates of title and registration or other documents, records or supporting papers 30 on file in his or her office which have been microfilmed or 31 photographed or are more than five years old. If the applications for 32 33 vehicle licenses are renewal applications, the director may destroy such applications when the computer record thereof has been updated. 34
- 35 (2)(a) The director shall not, within ten years from the date of 36 conviction, adjudication, or entry of deferred prosecution, destroy
- 37 records of the following:

- 1 (i) Convictions or adjudications of the following offenses: RCW 2 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 46.61.520(1)(a), or 46.61.522(1)(b);
- (ii) If the offense was originally charged as one of the offenses

 designated in (a)(i) of this subsection, convictions or adjudications

 of the following offenses: RCW 46.61.500 or 46.61.525, or any other
- 6 violation that was originally charged as one of the offenses designated
- 7 <u>in (a)(i) of this subsection; or</u>
- 8 (iii) Deferred prosecutions granted under RCW 10.05.120.
- 9 <u>(b) For purposes of RCW 46.52.100 and 46.52.130, offenses subject</u>
 10 to this subsection shall be considered "alcohol-related" offenses.
- 11 **Sec. 15.** RCW 46.52.100 and 1991 c 363 s 123 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
- Every district court, municipal court, and clerk of superior court shall keep or cause to be kept a record of every traffic complaint,
- 15 traffic citation, notice of infraction, or other legal form of traffic
- 16 charge deposited with or presented to the court or a traffic violations
- 17 bureau, and shall keep a record of every official action by ((said))
- 18 the court or its traffic violations bureau in reference thereto,
- 19 including but not limited to a record of every conviction, forfeiture
- 20 of bail, judgment of acquittal, finding that a traffic infraction has
- 21 been committed, dismissal of a notice of infraction, and the amount of
- 22 fine, forfeiture, or penalty resulting from every ((said)) traffic
- 23 complaint, citation, or notice of infraction deposited with or
- 24 presented to the district court, municipal court, superior court, or
- 25 traffic violations bureau.
- The Monday following the conviction, forfeiture of bail, or finding
- 27 that a traffic infraction was committed for violation of any provisions
- 28 of this chapter or other law regulating the operating of vehicles on
- 29 highways, every ((said)) magistrate of the court or clerk of the court
- 30 of record in which such conviction was had, bail was forfeited, or the
- 31 finding made shall prepare and immediately forward to the director of
- 32 licensing at Olympia an abstract of the record of ((said)) the court
- 33 covering the case, which abstract must be certified by the person so
- 34 required to prepare the same to be true and correct. Report need not
- 35 be made of any finding involving the illegal parking or standing of a
- 36 vehicle.
- ((Said)) The abstract must be made upon a form furnished by the
- 38 director and shall include the name and address of the party charged,

- 1 the number, if any, of the party's driver's or chauffeur's license, the
- 2 registration number of the vehicle involved, the nature of the offense,
- 3 the date of hearing, the plea, the judgment, whether the offense was an
- 4 alcohol-related offense as defined in RCW 46.01.260(2), whether bail
- 5 forfeited, whether the determination that a traffic infraction was
- 6 committed was contested, and the amount of the fine, forfeiture, or
- 7 penalty as the case may be.
- 8 Every court of record shall also forward a like report to the
- 9 director upon the conviction of any person of manslaughter or other
- 10 felony in the commission of which a vehicle was used.
- 11 The failure of any such judicial officer to comply with any of the
- 12 requirements of this section shall constitute misconduct in office and
- 13 shall be grounds for removal therefrom.
- 14 The director shall keep all abstracts received hereunder at the
- 15 director's office in Olympia and the same shall be open to public
- 16 inspection during reasonable business hours.
- 17 Venue in all district courts shall be before one of the two nearest
- 18 district judges in incorporated cities and towns nearest to the point
- 19 the violation allegedly occurred: PROVIDED, That in counties with
- 20 populations of one hundred twenty-five thousand or more such cases may
- 21 be tried in the county seat at the request of the defendant.
- It shall be the duty of the officer, prosecuting attorney, or city
- 23 attorney signing the charge or information in any case involving a
- 24 charge of driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any
- 25 drug immediately to make request to the director for an abstract of
- 26 convictions and forfeitures which the director shall furnish.
- 27 **Sec. 16.** RCW 46.52.130 and 1991 c 243 s 1 are each amended to read
- 28 as follows:
- 29 A certified abstract of the driving record shall be furnished only
- 30 to the individual named in the abstract, an employer, the insurance
- 31 carrier that has insurance in effect covering the employer or a
- 32 prospective employer, the insurance carrier that has insurance in
- 33 effect covering the named individual, the insurance carrier to which
- 34 the named individual has applied, ((or)) an alcohol/drug assessment or
- 35 treatment agency approved by the department of social and health
- 36 services, to which the named individual has applied or been assigned
- 37 for evaluation or treatment, or city and county prosecuting attorneys.
- 38 City attorneys and county prosecuting attorneys may provide the driving

record to alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agencies approved by the 1 department of social and health services to which the named individual 2 has applied or been assigned for evaluation or treatment. 3 4 director, upon proper request, shall furnish a certified abstract 5 covering the period of not more than the last three years to insurance companies((, and)). Upon proper request, the director shall furnish a 6 7 <u>certified abstract</u> covering a period of not more than the last five 8 years to state approved alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agencies, 9 except that the certified abstract shall also include records of alcohol-related offenses as defined in RCW 46.01.260(2) covering a 10 period of not more than the last ten years. Upon proper request, a 11 certified abstract of the full driving record maintained by the 12 department shall be furnished to a city or county prosecuting attorney, 13 to the individual((s and)) named in the abstract or to an employer((s)) 14 15 or prospective employer((s)) of the named individual. The abstract, 16 whenever possible, shall include an enumeration of motor vehicle 17 accidents in which the person was driving; the total number of vehicles involved; whether the vehicles were legally parked or moving; whether 18 19 the vehicles were occupied at the time of the accident; any reported convictions, forfeitures of bail, or findings that an infraction was 20 committed based upon a violation of any motor vehicle law; and the 21 status of the person's driving privilege in this state. 22 23 enumeration shall include any reports of failure to appear in response 24 to a traffic citation or failure to respond to a notice of infraction 25 served upon the named individual by an arresting officer. Certified 26 abstracts furnished to prosecutors and alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agencies shall also indicate whether a recorded violation is 27 an alcohol-related offense as defined in RCW 46.01.260(2) that was 28 29 originally charged as one of the alcohol-related offenses designated in 30 RCW 46.01.260(2)(a)(i).

The abstract provided to the insurance company shall exclude any information, except that related to the commission of misdemeanors or felonies by the individual, pertaining to law enforcement officers or fire fighters as defined in RCW 41.26.030, or any officer of the Washington state patrol, while driving official vehicles in the performance of occupational duty. The abstract provided to the insurance company shall exclude any deferred prosecution under RCW 10.05.060, except that if a person is removed from a deferred

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prosecution under RCW 10.05.090, the abstract shall show the deferred prosecution as well as the removal.

The director shall collect for each abstract the sum of four dollars and fifty cents which shall be deposited in the highway safety fund.

Any insurance company or its agent receiving the certified abstract shall use it exclusively for its own underwriting purposes and shall not divulge any of the information contained in it to a third party. No policy of insurance may be canceled, nonrenewed, denied, or have the rate increased on the basis of such information unless the policyholder was determined to be at fault. No insurance company or its agent for underwriting purposes relating to the operation of commercial motor vehicles may use any information contained in the abstract relative to any person's operation of motor vehicles while not engaged in such employment, nor may any insurance company or its agent for underwriting purposes relating to the operation of noncommercial motor vehicles use any information contained in the abstract relative to any person's operation of commercial motor vehicles.

Any employer or prospective employer receiving the certified abstract shall use it exclusively for his <u>or her</u> own purpose to determine whether the licensee should be permitted to operate a commercial vehicle or school bus upon the public highways of this state and shall not divulge any information contained in it to a third party.

Any alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency approved by the department of social and health services receiving the certified abstract shall use it exclusively for the purpose of assisting its employees in making a determination as to what level of treatment, if any, is appropriate. The agency, or any of its employees, shall not divulge any information contained in the abstract to a third party.

Any violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor.

PART VII - DEFERRED PROSECUTION

Sec. 17. RCW 10.05.060 and 1990 c 250 s 13 are each amended to 33 read as follows:

If the report recommends treatment, the court shall examine the treatment plan. If it approves the plan and the petitioner agrees to comply with its terms and conditions and agrees to pay the cost thereof, if able to do so, or arrange for the treatment, an entry shall

be made upon the person's court docket showing that the person has been 1 2 accepted for deferred prosecution. A copy of the treatment plan shall be attached to the docket, which shall then be removed from the regular 3 4 court dockets and filed in a special court deferred prosecution file. 5 If the charge be one that an abstract of the docket showing the charge, the date of the violation for which the charge was made, and the date 6 7 of petitioner's acceptance is required to be sent to the department of 8 licensing, an abstract shall be sent, and the department of licensing 9 shall make an entry of the charge and of the petitioner's acceptance 10 for deferred prosecution on the department's driving record of the The entry is not a conviction for purposes of Title 46 11 RCW. Upon receipt of the abstract of the docket, the department shall 12 issue the petitioner a probationary license in accordance with section 13 8 of this act, and the petitioner's driver's license shall be on 14 15 probationary status for five years from the date of the violation that gave rise to the charge. The department shall maintain the record for 16 17 ((five)) ten years from date of entry of the order granting deferred 18 prosecution.

19 **Sec. 18.** RCW 10.05.090 and 1985 c 352 s 12 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

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If a petitioner, who has been accepted for a deferred prosecution, fails or neglects to carry out and fulfill any term or condition of the petitioner's treatment plan, the facility, center, institution, or agency administering the treatment shall immediately report such breach to the court, the prosecutor, and the petitioner or petitioner's attorney of record, together with its recommendation. The court upon receiving such a report shall hold a hearing to determine whether the petitioner should be removed from the deferred prosecution program. At the hearing, evidence shall be taken of the petitioner's alleged failure to comply with the treatment plan and the petitioner shall have the right to present evidence on his or her own behalf. shall either order that the petitioner continue on the treatment plan or be removed from deferred prosecution. If removed from deferred prosecution, the court shall enter judgment pursuant to RCW 10.05.020 and, if the charge for which the deferred prosecution was granted was a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor under Title 46 RCW, shall notify the department of licensing of the removal and entry of judgment.

- 1 **Sec. 19.** RCW 10.05.120 and 1985 c 352 s 15 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- 3 Upon proof of successful completion of the two-year treatment 4 program, the court shall dismiss the charges pending against the 5 petitioner.
- 6 ((Five years from the date of the court's approval of a deferred
 7 prosecution program for an individual petitioner, those entries that
 8 remain in the department of licensing records relating to such
 9 petitioner shall be removed. A deferred prosecution may be considered
 10 for enhancement purposes when imposing mandatory penalties and
 11 suspensions under RCW 46.61.515 for subsequent offenses within a five-

13 PART VIII - VEHICULAR HOMICIDE

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year period.))

- 14 **Sec. 20.** RCW 9.94A.320 and 1992 c 145 s 4 and 1992 c 75 s 3 are 15 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 16 TABLE 2 17 CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL 18 XV Aggravated Murder 1 (RCW 10.95.020) 19 Murder 1 (RCW 9A.32.030) XIV Homicide by abuse (RCW 9A.32.055) 20 Murder 2 (RCW 9A.32.050) 21 XIII 22 Assault 1 (RCW 9A.36.011) XII 23 Assault of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120) Rape 1 (RCW 9A.44.040) 24 XΙ 25 Rape of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.44.073) 26 Χ Kidnapping 1 (RCW 9A.40.020) 27 Rape 2 (RCW 9A.44.050) Rape of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.44.076) 28 Child Molestation 1 (RCW 9A.44.083) 29 Damaging building, etc., by explosion with 30 31 threat to human being (RCW

70.74.280(1))

1 2		Over 18 and deliver heroin or narcotic from Schedule I or II to someone
3		under 18 (RCW 69.50.406)
4		Leading Organized Crime (RCW
5		9A.82.060(1)(a))
6	IX	Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130)
7		Robbery 1 (RCW 9A.56.200)
8		Manslaughter 1 (RCW 9A.32.060)
9		Explosive devices prohibited (RCW
10		70.74.180)
11		Indecent Liberties (with forcible
12		compulsion) (RCW 9A.44.100(1)(a))
13		Endangering life and property by
14		explosives with threat to human being
15		(RCW 70.74.270)
16		Over 18 and deliver narcotic from Schedule
17		III, IV, or V or a nonnarcotic from
18		Schedule I-V to someone under 18 and
19		3 years junior (RCW 69.50.406)
20		Controlled Substance Homicide (RCW
21		69.50.415)
22		Sexual Exploitation (RCW 9.68A.040)
23		Inciting Criminal Profiteering (RCW
24		9A.82.060(1)(b) <u>)</u>
25		Vehicular Homicide, by being under the
26		influence of intoxicating liquor or
27		any drug (RCW 46.61.520)
28	VIII	Arson 1 (RCW 9A.48.020)
29		Promoting Prostitution 1 (RCW 9A.88.070)
30		Selling for profit (controlled or
31		counterfeit) any controlled substance
32		(RCW 69.50.410)
33		Manufacture, deliver, or possess with
34		intent to deliver heroin or cocaine
35		(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i))
36		Manufacture, deliver, or possess with
37		intent to deliver methamphetamine
38		(RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))

1 2 3 4 5		Vehicular Homicide, ((by being under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or)) by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner (RCW 46.61.520)
6	VII	Burglary 1 (RCW 9A.52.020)
7		Vehicular Homicide, by disregard for the
8		safety of others (RCW 46.61.520)
9		Introducing Contraband 1 (RCW 9A.76.140)
10		Indecent Liberties (without forcible
11		compulsion) (RCW $9A.44.100(1)$ (b) and
12		(c))
13		Child Molestation 2 (RCW 9A.44.086)
14		Dealing in depictions of minor engaged in
15		sexually explicit conduct (RCW
16		9.68A.050)
17		Sending, bringing into state depictions of
18		minor engaged in sexually explicit
19		conduct (RCW 9.68A.060)
20		Involving a minor in drug dealing (RCW
21		69.50.401(f))
22	VI	Bribery (RCW 9A.68.010)
23		Manslaughter 2 (RCW 9A.32.070)
24		Rape of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.44.079)
25		Intimidating a Juror/Witness (RCW
26		9A.72.110, 9A.72.130)
27		Damaging building, etc., by explosion with
28		no threat to human being (RCW
29		70.74.280(2))
30		Endangering life and property by
31		explosives with no threat to human
32		being (RCW 70.74.270)
33		Incest 1 (RCW 9A.64.020(1))
34		Manufacture, deliver, or possess with
35		intent to deliver narcotics from
36		Schedule I or II (except heroin or
37		cocaine) (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i))

1		Intimidating a Judge (RCW 9A.72.160)
2		Bail Jumping with Murder 1 (RCW
3		9A.76.170(2)(a))
4	V	Criminal Mistreatment 1 (RCW 9A.42.020)
5		Rape 3 (RCW 9A.44.060)
6		Sexual Misconduct with a Minor 1 (RCW
7		9A.44.093)
8		Child Molestation 3 (RCW 9A.44.089)
9		Kidnapping 2 (RCW 9A.40.030)
10		Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120)
11		Incest 2 (RCW 9A.64.020(2))
12		Perjury 1 (RCW 9A.72.020)
13		Extortionate Extension of Credit (RCW
14		9A.82.020)
15		Advancing money or property for
16		extortionate extension of credit (RCW
17		9A.82.030)
18		Extortionate Means to Collect Extensions
19		of Credit (RCW 9A.82.040)
20		Rendering Criminal Assistance 1 (RCW
21		9A.76.070)
22		Bail Jumping with class A Felony (RCW
23		9A.76.170(2)(b))
24		Delivery of imitation controlled substance
25		by person eighteen or over to person
26		under eighteen (RCW 69.52.030(2))
27	IV	Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025)
28		Theft of Livestock 1 (RCW 9A.56.080)
29		Robbery 2 (RCW 9A.56.210)
30		Assault 2 (RCW 9A.36.021)
31		Escape 1 (RCW 9A.76.110)
32		Arson 2 (RCW 9A.48.030)
33		Bribing a Witness/Bribe Received by
34		Witness (RCW 9A.72.090, 9A.72.100)
35		Malicious Harassment (RCW 9A.36.080)
36		Threats to Bomb (RCW 9.61.160)
37		Willful Failure to Return from Furlough
38		(RCW 72.66.060)

1		Hit and Run « Injury Accident (RCW
2		46.52.020(4))
3		Vehicular Assault (RCW 46.61.522)
4		Manufacture, deliver, or possess with
5		intent to deliver narcotics from
6		Schedule III, IV, or V or
7		nonnarcotics from Schedule I-V
8		(except marijuana or
9		methamphetamines) (RCW
10		69.50.401(a)(1)(ii) through (iv))
11		Influencing Outcome of Sporting Event (RCW
12		9A.82.070)
13		Use of Proceeds of Criminal Profiteering
14		(RCW 9A.82.080 (1) and (2))
15		Knowingly Trafficking in Stolen Property
16		(RCW 9A.82.050(2))
17	III	Criminal mistreatment 2 (RCW 9A.42.030)
18		Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130)
19		Unlawful Imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040)
20		Assault 3 (RCW 9A.36.031)
21		Assault of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.36.140)
22		Custodial Assault (RCW 9A.36.100)
23		Unlawful possession of firearm or pistol by felon (RCW
24		9.41.040)
25		Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020)
26		Promoting Prostitution 2 (RCW 9A.88.080)
27		Willful Failure to Return from Work
28		Release (RCW 72.65.070)
29		Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030)
30		Introducing Contraband 2 (RCW 9A.76.150)
31		Communication with a Minor for Immoral
2.0		Communication with a Minor for immoral
32		Purposes (RCW 9.68A.090)
32		
		Purposes (RCW 9.68A.090)
33		Purposes (RCW 9.68A.090) Patronizing a Juvenile Prostitute (RCW
33 34		Purposes (RCW 9.68A.090) Patronizing a Juvenile Prostitute (RCW 9.68A.100)
33 34 35		Purposes (RCW 9.68A.090) Patronizing a Juvenile Prostitute (RCW 9.68A.100) Escape 2 (RCW 9A.76.120)

1		Intimidating a Public Servant (RCW
2		9A.76.180)
3		Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120)
4		Manufacture, deliver, or possess with
5		intent to deliver marijuana (RCW
6		69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))
7		Delivery of a material in lieu of a
8		controlled substance (RCW
9		69.50.401(c))
10		Manufacture, distribute, or possess with
11		intent to distribute an imitation
12		controlled substance (RCW
13		69.52.030(1))
14		Recklessly Trafficking in Stolen Property
15		(RCW 9A.82.050(1))
16		Theft of livestock 2 (RCW 9A.56.080)
17		Securities Act violation (RCW 21.20.400)
18	II	Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW 9A.48.070)
19		Possession of Stolen Property 1 (RCW
20		9A.56.150)
21		Theft 1 (RCW 9A.56.030)
22		Possession of controlled substance that is
23		either heroin or narcotics from
24		Schedule I or II (RCW 69.50.401(d))
25		Possession of phencyclidine (PCP) (RCW
26		69.50.401(d))
27		Create, deliver, or possess a counterfeit
28		controlled substance (RCW
29		69.50.401(b))
30		Computer Trespass 1 (RCW 9A.52.110)
31		Reckless Endangerment 1 (RCW 9A.36.045)
32		Escape from Community Custody (RCW
33		72.09.310)
34	I	Theft 2 (RCW 9A.56.040)
35		Possession of Stolen Property 2 (RCW
36		9A.56.160)
37		Forgery (RCW 9A.60.020)

1	Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission
2	(RCW 9A.56.070)
3	Vehicle Prowl 1 (RCW 9A.52.095)
4	Attempting to Elude a Pursuing Police
5	Vehicle (RCW 46.61.024)
6	Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080)
7	Reckless Burning 1 (RCW 9A.48.040)
8	Unlawful Issuance of Checks or Drafts (RCW
9	9A.56.060)
10	Unlawful Use of Food Stamps (RCW 9.91.140
11	(2) and (3))
12	False Verification for Welfare (RCW
13	74.08.055)
14	Forged Prescription (RCW 69.41.020)
15	Forged Prescription for a Controlled
16	Substance (RCW 69.50.403)
17	Possess Controlled Substance that is a
18	Narcotic from Schedule III, IV, or V
19	or Non-narcotic from Schedule I-V
20	(except phencyclidine) (RCW
21	69.50.401(d))

22 PART IX - INTERLOCK

23 **Sec. 21.** RCW 46.20.710 and 1987 c 247 s 1 are each amended to read 24 as follows:

25 The legislature finds and declares:

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- (1) There is a need to reduce the incidence of drivers on the highways and roads of this state who, because of their use, consumption, or possession of alcohol, pose a danger to the health and safety of other drivers;
- 30 (2) One method of dealing with the problem of drinking drivers is 31 to discourage the use of motor vehicles by persons who possess or have 32 consumed alcoholic beverages;
- 33 (3) The installation of an ignition interlock breath alcohol device 34 <u>or other biological or technical device</u> will provide a means of 35 deterring the use of motor vehicles by persons who have consumed 36 alcoholic beverages;

- 1 (4) Ignition interlock <u>and other biological and technical</u> devices 2 are designed to supplement other methods of punishment that prevent 3 drivers from using a motor vehicle after using, possessing, or 4 consuming alcohol;
- 5 (5) It is economically and technically feasible to have an ignition 6 interlock <u>or other biological or technical</u> device installed in a motor 7 vehicle in such a manner that the vehicle will not start if the 8 operator has recently consumed alcohol.
- 9 **Sec. 22.** RCW 46.20.720 and 1987 c 247 s 2 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
- The court may order any person convicted of any offense involving the use, consumption, or possession of alcohol while operating a motor vehicle to drive only a motor vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition interlock or other biological or technical device, and the restriction shall be for a period of not less than six months.
- The court shall establish a specific calibration setting at which the ignition interlock <u>or other biological or technical</u> device will prevent the motor vehicle from being started and the period of time that the person shall be subject to the restriction.
- For purposes of this section, "convicted" means being found guilty of an offense or being placed on a deferred prosecution program under chapter 10.05 RCW.
- 23 **Sec. 23.** RCW 46.20.730 and 1987 c 247 s 3 are each amended to read 24 as follows:
- For the purposes of RCW 46.20.720, 46.20.740, and 46.20.750, 25 26 "ignition interlock device" means breath alcohol analyzed ignition 27 equipment, certified by the state commission on equipment, designed to 28 prevent a motor vehicle from being operated by a person who has 29 consumed an alcoholic beverage, and "other biological or technical device" means any device meeting the standards of the national highway 30 traffic safety administration or the state commission on equipment, 31 32 designed to prevent the operation of a motor vehicle by a person who is impaired by alcohol or drugs. The commission shall by rule provide 33 34 standards for the certification, installation, repair, and removal of

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the devices.

- 1 **Sec. 24.** RCW 46.20.740 and 1987 c 247 s 4 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 The department shall attach or imprint a notation on the driver's
- 4 license of any person restricted under RCW 46.20.720 stating that the
- 5 person may operate only a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition
- 6 interlock or other biological or technical device.
- 7 **Sec. 25.** RCW 46.20.750 and 1987 c 247 s 5 are each amended to read
- 8 as follows:
- 9 A person who knowingly assists another person who is restricted to
- 10 the use of an ignition interlock or other biological or technical
- 11 device to start and operate that vehicle in violation of a court order
- 12 is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 13 The provisions of this section do not apply if the starting of a
- 14 motor vehicle, or the request to start a motor vehicle, equipped with
- 15 an ignition interlock or other biological or technical device is done
- 16 for the purpose of safety or mechanical repair of the device or the
- 17 vehicle and the person subject to the court order does not operate the
- 18 vehicle.

19 PART X - MISCELLANEOUS

- 20 **Sec. 26.** RCW 46.61.506 and 1987 c 373 s 4 are each amended to read 21 as follows:
- 22 (1) Upon the trial of any civil or criminal action or proceeding
- 23 arising out of acts alleged to have been committed by any person while
- 24 driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the
- 25 influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, if the ((amount of
- 26 alcohol in the person's blood or breath at the time alleged as shown by
- 27 analysis of his blood or breath is less than 0.10 percent by weight of
- 28 alcohol in his blood or 0.10 grams of alcohol per two hundred ten
- 29 liters of the person's breath)) person's alcohol concentration is less
- 30 than 0.10, it is evidence that may be considered with other competent
- 31 evidence in determining whether the person was under the influence of
- 32 intoxicating liquor or any drug.
- 33 (2) The breath analysis shall be based upon grams of alcohol per
- 34 two hundred ten liters of breath. The foregoing provisions of this
- 35 section shall not be construed as limiting the introduction of any

- other competent evidence bearing upon the question whether the person was under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug.
- (3) Analysis of the person's blood or breath to be considered valid 3 4 under the provisions of this section or RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 5 shall have been performed according to methods approved by the state toxicologist and by an individual possessing a valid permit issued by 6 the state toxicologist for this purpose. The state toxicologist is 7 8 directed to approve satisfactory techniques or methods, to supervise 9 the examination of individuals to ascertain their qualifications and 10 competence to conduct such analyses, and to issue permits which shall be subject to termination or revocation at the discretion of the state 11 12 toxicologist.
- 13 (4) When a blood test is administered under the provisions of RCW 46.20.308, the withdrawal of blood for the purpose of determining its alcoholic content may be performed only by a physician, a registered nurse, or a qualified technician. This limitation shall not apply to the taking of breath specimens.
- 18 (5) The person tested may have a physician, or a qualified 19 technician, chemist, registered nurse, or other qualified person of his 20 <u>or her</u> own choosing administer one or more tests in addition to any 21 administered at the direction of a law enforcement officer. The 22 failure or inability to obtain an additional test by a person shall not 23 preclude the admission of evidence relating to the test or tests taken 24 at the direction of a law enforcement officer.
- 25 (6) Upon the request of the person who shall submit to a test or 26 tests at the request of a law enforcement officer, full information 27 concerning the test or tests shall be made available to him <u>or her</u> or 28 his <u>or her</u> attorney.
- 29 **Sec. 27.** RCW 46.20.311 and 1993 c 501 s 5 are each amended to read 30 as follows:
- (1) The department shall not suspend a driver's license or 31 privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways for a fixed 32 period of more than one year, except as specifically permitted under 33 34 RCW 46.20.342 or ((46.61.515)) other provision of law. Except for a suspension under RCW 46.20.289 and 46.20.291(5), whenever the license 35 36 or driving privilege of any person is suspended by reason of a conviction, a finding that a traffic infraction has been committed, 37 pursuant to chapter 46.29 RCW, or pursuant to RCW 46.20.291, the 38

suspension shall remain in effect until the person gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility for the future as provided in chapter 46.29 RCW. The department shall not issue to the person a new, duplicate, or renewal license until the person pays a reissue fee of twenty dollars. If the suspension is the result of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, the reissue fee shall be fifty dollars.

7 (2) Any person whose license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle 8 on the public highways has been revoked, unless the revocation was for 9 a cause which has been removed, is not entitled to have the license or 10 privilege renewed or restored until: (a) After the expiration of one year from the date the license or privilege to drive was revoked; (b) 11 after the expiration of the applicable revocation period provided by 12 13 RCW ((46.61.515(3) (b) or (c))) 46.20.308 or section 5, 6, or 12 of this act; (c) after the expiration of two years for persons convicted 14 15 of vehicular homicide; or (d) ((after the expiration of one year in 16 cases of revocation for the first refusal within five years to submit to a chemical test under RCW 46.20.308; (e) after the expiration of two 17 years in cases of revocation for the second or subsequent refusal 18 19 within five years to submit to a chemical test under RCW 46.20.308; or 20 (f))) after the expiration of the applicable revocation period provided by RCW 46.20.265. After the expiration of the appropriate period, the 21 22 person may make application for a new license as provided by law together with a reissue fee in the amount of twenty dollars, but if the 23 24 revocation is the result of a violation of RCW 46.20.308, 46.61.502, or 25 46.61.504 or is the result of administrative action under section 12 of 26 this act, the reissue fee shall be fifty dollars. Except for a revocation under RCW 46.20.265, the department shall not then issue a 27 new license unless it is satisfied after investigation of the driving 28 ability of the person that it will be safe to grant the privilege of 29 30 driving a motor vehicle on the public highways, and until the person gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility for 31 the future as provided in chapter 46.29 RCW. For a revocation under 32 RCW 46.20.265, the department shall not issue a new license unless it 33 34 is satisfied after investigation of the driving ability of the person 35 that it will be safe to grant that person the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the public highways. 36

(3) Whenever the driver's license of any person is suspended pursuant to Article IV of the nonresident violators compact or RCW 46.23.020 or 46.20.289 or 46.20.291(5), the department shall not issue

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- to the person any new or renewal license until the person pays a 1 reissue fee of twenty dollars. If the suspension is the result of a 2 violation of the laws of this or any other state, province, or other 3 jurisdiction involving (a) the operation or physical control of a motor 4 5 vehicle upon the public highways while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or (b) the refusal to submit to a 6 7 chemical test of the driver's blood alcohol content, the reissue fee 8 shall be fifty dollars.
- 9 **Sec. 28.** RCW 46.04.580 and 1990 c 250 s 22 are each amended to 10 read as follows:
- "Suspend," in all its forms <u>and unless a different period is</u>
 specified, means invalidation for any period less than one calendar
 year and thereafter until reinstatement. ((However, under RCW
 46.61.515 the invalidation may last for more than one calendar year.))
- 15 **Sec. 29.** RCW 46.20.391 and 1985 c 407 s 5 are each amended to read 16 as follows:
- 17 (1) Any person licensed under this chapter who is convicted of an offense relating to motor vehicles for which suspension or revocation 18 of the driver's license is mandatory, other than vehicular homicide or 19 vehicular assault, may submit to the department an application for an 20 21 occupational driver's license. The department, upon receipt of the 22 prescribed fee and upon determining that the petitioner is engaged in 23 an occupation or trade that makes it essential that the petitioner 24 operate a motor vehicle, may issue an occupational driver's license and 25 may set definite restrictions as provided in RCW 46.20.394. No person may petition for, and the department shall not issue, an occupational 26 27 driver's license that is effective during the first thirty days of any 28 suspension or revocation imposed ((under RCW 46.61.515)) for a 29 violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504. No person may petition for, and the department shall not issue, an occupational driver's license if 30 the person is ineligible for such a license under section 5 or 6 of 31 32 this act. A person aggrieved by the decision of the department on the 33 application for an occupational driver's license may request a hearing as provided by rule of the department. 34
- 35 (2) An applicant for an occupational driver's license is eligible 36 to receive such license only if:

- 1 (a) Within one year immediately preceding the <u>date of the offense</u>
 2 <u>that gave rise to the present conviction</u>, the applicant has not ((been
 3 <u>convicted</u>)) <u>committed</u> of any offense relating to motor vehicles for
 4 which suspension or revocation of a driver's license is mandatory; and
 5 (b) Within five years immediately preceding the <u>date of the offense</u>
 6 <u>that gave rise to the present conviction</u>, the applicant has not ((been
 7 <u>convicted of</u>)) <u>committed any of the following offenses: (i) Driving or</u>
- 8 being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the 9 influence of intoxicating liquor ((under RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504,
- 10 of)); (ii) vehicular homicide under RCW 46.61.520((, or of)); or (iii)
- 11 vehicular assault under RCW 46.61.522; and
- 12 (c) The applicant is engaged in an occupation or trade that makes 13 it essential that he or she operate a motor vehicle; and
- 14 (d) The applicant files satisfactory proof of financial 15 responsibility pursuant to chapter 46.29 RCW.
- 16 (3) The director shall cancel an occupational driver's license upon 17 receipt of notice that the holder thereof has been convicted of 18 operating a motor vehicle in violation of its restrictions, or of an 19 offense that pursuant to chapter 46.20 RCW would warrant suspension or 20 revocation of a regular driver's license. The cancellation is 21 effective as of the date of the conviction, and continues with the same 22 force and effect as any suspension or revocation under this title.
- 23 **Sec. 30.** RCW 5.40.060 and 1987 c 212 s 1001 are each amended to 24 read as follows:
- 25 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, it is a complete defense to an action for damages for personal injury or 26 27 wrongful death that the person injured or killed was under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug at the time of the 28 29 occurrence causing the injury or death and that such condition was a proximate cause of the injury or death and the trier of fact finds such 30 person to have been more than fifty percent at fault. The standard for 31 determining whether a person was under the influence of intoxicating 32 33 liquor or drugs shall be the same standard established for criminal convictions under RCW 46.61.502, and evidence that a person was under 34 the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs under the standard 35 36 established by RCW 46.61.502 shall be conclusive proof that such person 37 was under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.

- (2) In an action for damages for personal injury or wrongful death 1 that is brought against the driver of a motor vehicle who was under the 2 3 influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug at the time of the 4 occurrence causing the injury or death and whose condition was a proximate cause of the injury or death, subsection (1) of this section 5 does not create a defense against the action notwithstanding that the 6 7 person injured or killed was also under the influence so long as such 8 person's condition was not a proximate cause of the occurrence causing 9 the injury or death.
- 10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 31.** Section 30 of this act is remedial in 11 nature and shall apply retroactively.
- 12 **Sec. 32.** RCW 46.55.113 and 1987 c 311 s 10 are each amended to 13 read as follows:
- Whenever the driver of a vehicle is arrested for a violation of RCW
 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, the arresting officer may take custody of the
 vehicle and provide for its prompt removal to a place of safety. In
 addition, a police officer may take custody of a vehicle and provide
 for its prompt removal to a place of safety under any of the following
 circumstances:
- 20 (1) Whenever a police officer finds a vehicle standing upon the 21 roadway in violation of any of the provisions of RCW 46.61.560, the 22 officer may provide for the removal of the vehicle or require the 23 driver or other person in charge of the vehicle to move the vehicle to 24 a position off the roadway;
- (2) Whenever a police officer finds a vehicle unattended upon a highway where the vehicle constitutes an obstruction to traffic or jeopardizes public safety;
- (3) Whenever a police officer finds an unattended vehicle at the scene of an accident or when the driver of a vehicle involved in an accident is physically or mentally incapable((, or too intoxicated, to decide)) of deciding upon steps to be taken to protect his or her property;
- (4) Whenever the driver of a vehicle is arrested and taken into custody by a police officer((, and the driver, because of intoxication or otherwise, is mentally incapable of deciding upon steps to be taken to safeguard his or her property));

- 1 (5) Whenever a police officer discovers a vehicle that the officer determines to be a stolen vehicle;
- 3 (6) Whenever a vehicle without a special license plate, card, or 4 decal indicating that the vehicle is being used to transport a disabled 5 person under RCW 46.16.381 is parked in a stall or space clearly and 6 conspicuously marked under RCW 46.61.581 which space is provided on 7 private property without charge or on public property.
- Nothing in this section may derogate from the powers of police officers under the common law. For the purposes of this section, a place of safety may include the business location of a registered tow truck operator.

12 PART XI - TECHNICAL

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- 13 **Sec. 33.** RCW 46.63.020 and 1993 c 501 s 8 are each amended to read 14 as follows:
- 15 Failure to perform any act required or the performance of any act prohibited by this title or an equivalent administrative regulation or 16 17 local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution relating to traffic including parking, standing, stopping, and pedestrian offenses, is 18 designated as a traffic infraction and may not be classified as a 19 criminal offense, except for an offense contained in the following 20 provisions of this title or a violation of an equivalent administrative 21 22 regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution:
- (1) RCW 46.09.120(2) relating to the operation of a nonhighway vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance;
 - (2) RCW 46.09.130 relating to operation of nonhighway vehicles;
- 27 (3) RCW 46.10.090(2) relating to the operation of a snowmobile 28 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or narcotics or habit-29 forming drugs or in a manner endangering the person of another;
 - (4) RCW 46.10.130 relating to the operation of snowmobiles;
- 31 (5) Chapter 46.12 RCW relating to certificates of ownership and 32 registration;
- 33 (6) RCW 46.16.010 relating to initial registration of motor 34 vehicles;
- 35 (7) RCW 46.16.011 relating to permitting unauthorized persons to drive;
- 37 (8) RCW 46.16.160 relating to vehicle trip permits;

- 1 (9) RCW 46.16.381 (6) or $((\frac{(8)}{8}))$ relating to unauthorized use
- 2 or acquisition of a special placard or license plate for disabled
- 3 persons' parking;
- 4 (10) RCW 46.20.021 relating to driving without a valid driver's
- 5 license;
- 6 (11) RCW 46.20.336 relating to the unlawful possession and use of
- 7 a driver's license;
- 8 (12) RCW 46.20.342 relating to driving with a suspended or revoked
- 9 license or status;
- 10 (13) RCW 46.20.410 relating to the violation of restrictions of an
- 11 occupational driver's license;
- 12 (14) RCW 46.20.420 relating to the operation of a motor vehicle
- 13 with a suspended or revoked license;
- 14 (15) RCW 46.20.750 relating to assisting another person to start a
- 15 vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device;
- 16 (16) RCW 46.25.170 relating to commercial driver's licenses;
- 17 (17) Chapter 46.29 RCW relating to financial responsibility;
- 18 (18) RCW 46.30.040 relating to providing false evidence of
- 19 financial responsibility;
- 20 (19) RCW 46.37.435 relating to wrongful installation of
- 21 sunscreening material;
- 22 (20) RCW 46.44.180 relating to operation of mobile home pilot
- 23 vehicles;
- 24 (21) RCW 46.48.175 relating to the transportation of dangerous
- 25 articles;
- 26 (22) RCW 46.52.010 relating to duty on striking an unattended car
- 27 or other property;
- 28 (23) RCW 46.52.020 relating to duty in case of injury to or death
- 29 of a person or damage to an attended vehicle;
- 30 (24) RCW 46.52.090 relating to reports by repairmen, storagemen,
- 31 and appraisers;
- 32 (25) RCW 46.52.100 relating to driving under the influence of
- 33 liquor or drugs;
- 34 (26) RCW 46.52.130 relating to confidentiality of the driving
- 35 record to be furnished to an insurance company, an employer, and an
- 36 alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency;
- 37 (27) RCW 46.55.020 relating to engaging in the activities of a
- 38 registered tow truck operator without a registration certificate;

- 1 (28) RCW 46.55.035 relating to prohibited practices by tow truck 2 operators;
- 3 (29) RCW 46.61.015 relating to obedience to police officers, 4 flagmen, or fire fighters;
- 5 (30) RCW 46.61.020 relating to refusal to give information to or 6 cooperate with an officer;
- 7 (31) RCW 46.61.022 relating to failure to stop and give 8 identification to an officer;
- 9 (32) RCW 46.61.024 relating to attempting to elude pursuing police vehicles;
- 11 (33) RCW 46.61.500 relating to reckless driving;
- 12 (34) RCW 46.61.502 and 46.61.504 <u>and sections 4, 5, and 6 of this</u>
- 13 <u>act</u> relating to persons under the influence of intoxicating liquor or
- 14 drugs;
- 15 (35) RCW 46.61.520 relating to vehicular homicide by motor vehicle;
- 16 (36) RCW 46.61.522 relating to vehicular assault;
- 17 (37) RCW 46.61.525 relating to negligent driving;
- 18 (38) RCW 46.61.530 relating to racing of vehicles on highways;
- 19 (39) RCW 46.61.685 relating to leaving children in an unattended 20 vehicle with the motor running;
- 21 (40) RCW 46.64.010 relating to unlawful cancellation of or attempt 22 to cancel a traffic citation;
- 23 (41) RCW 46.64.048 relating to attempting, aiding, abetting, 24 coercing, and committing crimes;
- 25 (42) Chapter 46.65 RCW relating to habitual traffic offenders;
- 26 (43) Chapter 46.70 RCW relating to unfair motor vehicle business 27 practices, except where that chapter provides for the assessment of 28 monetary penalties of a civil nature;
- 29 (44) Chapter 46.72 RCW relating to the transportation of passengers 30 in for hire vehicles;
- 31 (45) Chapter 46.80 RCW relating to motor vehicle wreckers;
- 32 (46) Chapter 46.82 RCW relating to driver's training schools;
- 33 (47) RCW 46.87.260 relating to alteration or forgery of a cab card,
- 34 letter of authority, or other temporary authority issued under chapter
- 35 46.87 RCW;
- 36 (48) RCW 46.87.290 relating to operation of an unregistered or 37 unlicensed vehicle under chapter 46.87 RCW.

- 1 **Sec. 34.** RCW 3.62.090 and 1986 c 98 s 4 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 (1) There shall be assessed and collected in addition to any fines,
- 4 forfeitures, or penalties assessed, other than for parking infractions,
- 5 by all courts organized under Title 3 or 35 RCW a public safety and
- 6 education assessment equal to sixty percent of such fines, forfeitures,
- 7 or penalties, which shall be remitted as provided in chapters 3.46,
- 8 3.50, 3.62, and 35.20 RCW. The assessment required by this section
- 9 shall not be suspended or waived by the court.
- 10 (2) There shall be assessed and collected in addition to any fines,
- 11 forfeitures, or penalties assessed, other than for parking infractions
- 12 and for fines levied under ((RCW 46.61.515)) sections 4, 5, and 6 of
- 13 this act, and in addition to the public safety and education assessment
- 14 required under subsection (1) of this section, by all courts organized
- 15 under Title 3 or 35 RCW, an additional public safety and education
- 16 assessment equal to fifty percent of the public safety and education
- 17 assessment required under subsection (1) of this section, which shall
- 18 be remitted to the state treasurer and deposited as provided in RCW
- 19 43.08.250. The additional assessment required by this subsection shall
- 20 not be suspended or waived by the court.
- 21 **Sec. 35.** RCW 10.05.120 and 1985 c 352 s 15 are each amended to
- 22 read as follows:
- 23 Upon proof of successful completion of the two-year treatment
- 24 program, the court shall dismiss the charges pending against the
- 25 petitioner.
- 26 Five years from the date of the court's approval of a deferred
- 27 prosecution program for an individual petitioner, those entries that
- 28 remain in the department of licensing records relating to such
- 29 petitioner shall be removed. A deferred prosecution may be considered
- 30 for enhancement purposes when imposing mandatory penalties and
- 31 suspensions under ((RCW 46.61.515)) sections 4, 5, and 6 of this act
- 32 for subsequent offenses within a five-year period.
- 33 **Sec. 36.** RCW 35.21.165 and 1983 c 165 s 40 are each amended to
- 34 read as follows:
- 35 Except as limited by the maximum penalties authorized by law, no
- 36 city or town may establish a penalty for an act that constitutes the
- 37 crime of driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or

- 1 any drug, as provided in RCW 46.61.502, or the crime of being in actual
- 2 physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of
- 3 intoxicating liquor or any drug, as provided in RCW 46.61.504, that is
- 4 less than the penalties prescribed for those crimes in ((RCW
- 5 46.61.515)) sections 4, 5, and 6 of this act.
- 6 **Sec. 37.** RCW 36.32.127 and 1983 c 165 s 41 are each amended to 7 read as follows:
- 8 No county may establish a penalty for an act that constitutes the
- 9 crime of driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or
- 10 any drug, as provided for in RCW 46.61.502, or the crime of being in
- 11 actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of
- 12 intoxicating liquor or any drug, as provided in RCW 46.61.504, that is
- 13 less than the penalties prescribed for those crimes in ((RCW
- 14 46.61.515)) sections 4, 5, and 6 of this act.
- 15 **Sec. 38.** RCW 46.04.480 and 1988 c 148 s 8 are each amended to read 16 as follows:
- 17 "Revoke," in all its forms, means the invalidation for a period of
- 18 one calendar year and thereafter until reissue: PROVIDED, That under
- 19 the provisions of RCW 46.20.285, 46.20.311, 46.20.265, ((or 46.61.515))
- 20 section 4, 5, or 6 of this act, and chapter 46.65 RCW the invalidation
- 21 may last for a period other than one calendar year.
- 22 **Sec. 39.** RCW 46.61.5151 and 1983 c 165 s 33 are each amended to 23 read as follows:
- 24 A sentencing court may allow persons convicted of violating RCW
- 25 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 to fulfill the terms of the sentence provided in
- 26 ((RCW 46.61.515 (1) or (2))) section 4, 5, or 6 of this act in
- 27 nonconsecutive or intermittent time periods. However, ((the first
- 28 twenty-four hours of any sentence under RCW 46.61.515(1) and the first
- 29 forty-eight hours of any sentence under RCW 46.61.515(2))) any
- 30 <u>mandatory minimum sentence under section 4, 5, or 6 of this act</u> shall
- 31 be served consecutively unless suspended or deferred as otherwise
- 32 provided by law.
- 33 **Sec. 40.** RCW 46.61.5152 and 1992 c 64 s 1 are each amended to read
- 34 as follows:

- In addition to penalties that may be imposed under ((RCW
- 2 46.61.515)) section 4, 5, or 6 of this act, the court may require a
- 3 person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or
- 4 who enters a deferred prosecution program under RCW 10.05.020 based on
- 5 a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, to attend an educational
- 6 program focusing on the emotional, physical, and financial suffering of
- 7 victims who were injured by persons convicted of driving while under
- 8 the influence of intoxicants.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 41.** The sum of one million five hundred sixty-
- 10 three thousand five hundred eighty-nine dollars, or as much thereof as
- 11 may be necessary, is appropriated for the biennium ending June 30,
- 12 1995, from the highway safety fund to the department of licensing for
- 13 the purposes of implementing this act.
- 14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 42.** The following acts or parts of acts are
- 15 each repealed:
- 16 (1) RCW 46.61.515 and 1993 c 501 s 7, 1993 c 239 s 1, 1985 c 352 s
- 17 1, 1984 c 258 s 328, 1983 c 165 s 21, 1983 c 150 s 1, 1982 1st ex.s. c
- 18 47 s 27, 1979 ex.s. c 176 s 6, 1977 ex.s. c 3 s 3, 1975 1st ex.s. c 287
- 19 s 2, 1974 ex.s. c 130 s 1, 1971 ex.s. c 284 s 1, 1967 c 32 s 68, & 1965
- 20 ex.s. c 155 s 62; and
- 21 (2) 1993 c 239 s 3 (uncodified).
- 22 NEW SECTION. Sec. 43. This act shall be known as the "1994
- 23 Omnibus Drunk Driving Act."
- 24 NEW SECTION. Sec. 44. Section 7 of this act shall expire June 30,
- 25 1995.
- 26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 45.** Part headings and the table of contents as
- 27 used in this act do not constitute any part of the law.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 46. This act shall take effect July 1, 1994."

1 <u>SSB 6047</u> - CONF REPT 2 By Conference Committee

3 ADOPTED 3/10/94

4 On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "problems;" strike the 5 remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 10.05.060, 46.20.308, 46.01.260, 46.52.100, 46.52.130, 6 10.05.090, 7 10.05.120, 46.20.710, 46.20.720, 46.20.730, 46.20.740, 46.20.750, 46.61.506, 46.20.311, 46.04.580, 46.20.391, 5.40.060, 46.55.113, 8 46.63.020, 3.62.090, 10.05.120, 35.21.165, 36.32.127, 46.04.480, 9 46.61.5151, and 46.61.5152; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.320; 10 11 adding a new section to chapter 46.04 RCW; adding new sections to 12 chapter 46.61 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 46.20 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 46.61.515; repealing 1993 c 239 s 3 13 14 (uncodified); prescribing penalties; making an appropriation; providing 15 an effective date; and providing an expiration date."

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