2 SSB 5407 - H COMM AMD ADOPTED 4-6-93

3 By Committee on Environmental Affairs

4

36

- Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 5 6 following:
- 7 "Sec. 1. RCW 70.94.650 and 1991 c 199 s 408 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 (1) Any person who proposes to set fires in the course of
- (a) weed abatement, 10
- (b) instruction in methods of fire fighting ((except forest 11 12 fires))), except forest fire training, or
- 13 (c) agricultural activities((7)) shall((7 prior to carrying out the 14 same,)) obtain a permit from an air pollution control authority ((or)), 15 the department of ecology, ((as appropriate. Each such authority and 16 the department of ecology shall, by rule or ordinance, establish a 17 permit system to carry out the provisions of this section except as provided in RCW 70.94.660)) or a local entity delegated permitting 18 authority under RCW 70.94.654. General permit criteria of state-wide 19 20 applicability ((for ruling on such permits)) shall be established by 21 the department, by rule, after consultation with the various air 22 pollution control authorities. Permits shall be issued under this 23 section based on seasonal operations or by individual operations, or both. All permits ((so issued)) shall be conditioned to insure that 24 the public interest in air, water, and land pollution and safety to 25 life and property is fully considered. In addition to any other 26 27 requirements established by the department to protect air quality pursuant to other laws, applicants for permits must show that the 28 setting of fires as requested is the most reasonable procedure to 29 30 follow in safeguarding life or property under all circumstances or is otherwise reasonably necessary to successfully carry out the enterprise 31 32 in which the applicant is engaged, or both. All burning permits will be designed to minimize air pollution insofar as practical. Nothing in 33 34 this section shall relieve the applicant from obtaining permits, licenses, or other approvals required by any other law. An application 35

for a permit to set fires in the course of agricultural burning for

- controlling diseases, insects, weed abatement or development of 1 physiological conditions conducive to increased crop yield, shall be 2 acted upon within seven days from the date such application is filed. 3 4 The department of ecology and local air authorities shall provide convenient methods for issuance and oversight of agricultural burning 5 permits. The department and local air authorities shall, through 6 agreement, work with counties and cities to provide convenient methods 7 8 for granting permission for agricultural burning, including telephone, 9 facsimile transmission, issuance from local city or county offices, or 10 other methods.
- (2) ((Except as provided in RCW 70.94.780)) Permit fees shall be 11 assessed for ((outdoor)) burning under this section and shall be 12 13 collected by the department of ecology ((or)), the appropriate local air authority, or a local entity delegated permitting authority 14 pursuant to RCW 70.94.654 at the time the permit is issued. All fees 15 collected shall be deposited in the air pollution control account 16 created in RCW 70.94.015, except for that portion of the fee necessary 17 to cover local costs of administering a permit issued under this 18 19 section. Fees shall be set by rule by the permitting agency at the 20 level determined by the task force created by subsection (4) of this section, but shall not exceed two dollars and fifty cents per acre to 21 22 be burned. After fees are established by rule, any increases in such fees shall be limited to annual inflation adjustments as determined by 23 24 the state office of the economic and revenue forecast council.
- (3) Conservation districts and the Washington State University agricultural extension program in conjunction with the department shall develop public education material for the agricultural community identifying the health and environmental ((affects [effects])) effects of agricultural outdoor burning and providing technical assistance in alternatives to agricultural outdoor burning.
- 31 (4) An agricultural burning practices and research task force shall be established under the direction of the department. The task force 32 shall be composed of a representative from the department who shall 33 34 serve as chair; one representative of eastern Washington local air 35 authorities; three representatives of the agricultural community from different agricultural pursuits; one representative of the department 36 37 of agriculture; two representatives from universities or colleges knowledgeable in agricultural issues; one representative of the public 38 39 health or medical community; and one representative of the conservation

districts. The task force shall identify best management practices for reducing air contaminant emissions from agricultural activities and provide such information to the department and local air authorities. The task force shall determine the level of fees to be assessed by the permitting agency pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, based upon the level necessary to cover the costs of administering and enforcing the permit programs, to provide funds for research into alternative methods to reduce emissions from such burning, and to the extent possible be consistent with fees charged for such burning permits in neighboring states. The fee level shall provide, to the extent possible, for lesser fees for permittees who use best management practices to minimize air contaminant emissions. The task force shall identify research needs related to minimizing emissions from agricultural burning and alternatives to such burning. Further, the task force shall make recommendations to the department on priorities for spending funds provided through this chapter for research into alternative methods to reduce emissions from agricultural burning.

Sec. 2. RCW 70.94.654 and 1991 c 199 s 409 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

Whenever an air pollution control authority, or the department of ecology for areas outside the jurisdictional boundaries of an activated air pollution control authority, shall find that any fire protection agency, county, or conservation district ((which is outside the jurisdictional boundaries of an activated air pollution control authority)) is capable of effectively administering the issuance and enforcement of permits for any or all of the kinds of burning identified in RCW 70.94.650 and desirous of doing so, the authority or the department of ecology, as appropriate, may delegate powers necessary for the issuance or enforcement, or both, of permits for any or all of the kinds of burning to the fire protection agency, county, or conservation district. Such delegation may be withdrawn by the authority or the department of ecology upon ((its)) finding that the fire protection agency, county, or conservation district is not effectively administering the permit program.

--- END ---