2 **ESHB 2521** - S COMM AMD

3 By Committee on Natural Resources

- 5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 6 following:
- 7 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. It is in the best interests of the citizens 8 state of Washington to insure the highest degree of environmental protection while allowing the proper development and use 9 of its natural resources, including its mineral resources. 10 mining can have significant positive and adverse impacts on the state 11 12 and on local communities. The purpose of this chapter is to assure 13 that metals mineral mining or milling operations are designed, 14 constructed, and operated in a manner that promotes both economic opportunities and environmental and public health safeguards for the 15 16 citizens of the state. It is the intent of the legislature to create 17 a regulatory framework which yields, to the greatest extent possible, a metals mining industry that is compatible with these policies. 18
- 19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** The definitions set forth in this section 20 apply throughout this chapter.
- 21 (1) "Metals mining and milling operation" means a mining operation 22 extracting from the earth precious or base metal ore and processing the 23 ore by treatment or concentration in a milling facility. refers to an expansion of an existing operation or any new metals 24 25 mining operation if the expansion or new mining operation is likely to 26 result in a significant, adverse environmental impact pursuant to the provisions of chapter 43.21C RCW. The extraction of dolomite, sand, 27 gravel, aggregate, limestone, magnesite, silica rock, and zeolite or 28 29 other nonmetallic minerals; and placer mining; and the smelting of aluminum are not metals mining and milling operations regulated under 30 31 this chapter.
- 32 (2) "Milling" means the process of grinding or crushing ore and 33 extracting the base or precious metal by chemical solution, electro 34 winning, or flotation processes.

- 1 (3) "Heap leach extraction process" means the process of extracting 2 base or precious metal ore by percolating solutions through ore in an 3 open system and includes reprocessing of previously milled ore. The 4 heap leach extraction process does not include leaching in a vat or 5 tank.
- 6 (4) "In situ extraction" means the process of dissolving base or 7 precious metals from their natural place in the geological setting and 8 retrieving the solutions from which metals can be recovered.
- 9 (5) "Regulated substances" means any materials regulated under a 10 waste discharge permit pursuant to the requirements of chapter 90.48 11 RCW and/or a permit issued pursuant to chapter 70.94 RCW.
- 12 (6) "To mitigate" means: (a) To avoid the adverse impact 13 altogether by not taking a certain action or parts of an action; (b) to minimize adverse impacts by limiting the degree or magnitude of the 14 15 action and its implementation, by using appropriate technology or by 16 taking affirmative steps to avoid or reduce impacts; (c) to rectify 17 adverse impacts by repairing, rehabilitating, or restoring the affected environment; (d) to reduce or eliminate adverse impacts over time by 18 19 preservation and maintenance operations during the life of the action; 20 (e) to compensate for the impact by replacing, enhancing, or providing substitute resources or environments; or (f) to monitor the adverse 21 22 impact and take appropriate corrective measures.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. Metals mining and milling operations are subject to the requirements of this chapter in addition to the requirements established in other statutes and rules.
- 26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** The department of ecology shall require each applicant submitting a checklist pursuant to chapter 43.21C RCW for a 27 28 metals mining and milling operation to disclose the ownership and each 29 controlling interest in the proposed operation. The applicant shall also disclose all other mining operations within the United States 30 which the applicant operates or in which the applicant has an ownership 31 32 or controlling interest. In addition, the applicant shall disclose and may enumerate and describe the circumstances of: (1) Any past or 33 present bankruptcies involving the ownerships and their subsidiaries, 34 35 (2) any abandonment of sites regulated by the model toxics control act, chapter 70.105D RCW, or other similar state remedial cleanup programs, 36 37 or the federal comprehensive environmental response, compensation, and

- liability act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9601 et seq., as amended, (3) any 1 penalties in excess of ten thousand dollars assessed for violations of 2 the provisions of 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq. or 42 U.S.C. Sec. 7401 et 3 4 seq., and (4) any previous forfeitures of financial assurance due to noncompliance with reclamation or remediation requirements. 5 information shall be available for public inspection and copying at the 6 7 department of ecology. Ownership or control of less than ten percent 8 of the stock of a corporation shall not by itself constitute ownership or a controlling interest under this section. 9
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) An environmental impact statement must be prepared for any proposed metals mining and milling operation. The department of ecology shall be the lead agency in coordinating the environmental review process under chapter 43.21C RCW and in preparing the environmental impact statement, except for uranium and thorium operations regulated under Title 70 RCW.
- (2) As part of the environmental review of metals mining and milling operations regulated under this chapter, the applicant shall provide baseline data adequate to document the premining conditions at the proposed site of the metals mining and milling operation. The baseline data shall contain information on the elements of the natural environment identified in rules adopted pursuant to chapter 43.21C RCW.
- 22 (3) The department of ecology, after consultation with the 23 department of fish and wildlife, shall incorporate measures to mitigate 24 significant probable adverse impacts to fish and wildlife as part of 25 the department of ecology's permit requirements for the proposed 26 operation.
- 27 (4) In conducting the environmental review and preparing the 28 environmental impact statement, the department of ecology shall 29 cooperate with all affected local governments to the fullest extent 30 practicable.
- Sec. 6. The department of ecology will appoint a 31 NEW SECTION. 32 metals mining coordinator. The coordinator will maintain current 33 information on the status of any metals mining and milling operation regulated under this chapter from the preparation of the environmental 34 35 impact statement through the permitting, construction, operation, and reclamation phases of the project or until the proposal is no longer 36 37 The coordinator shall also maintain current information on active.

- 1 postclosure activities. The coordinator will act as a contact person
- 2 for the applicant, the operator, and interested members of the public.
- 3 The coordinator may also assist agencies with coordination of their
- 4 inspection and monitoring responsibilities.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** (1) State agencies with the responsibility
- 6 for inspecting metals mining and milling operations regulated under
- 7 this chapter shall conduct such inspections at least quarterly:
- 8 PROVIDED, That the inspections are not prevented by inclement weather
- 9 conditions.
- 10 (2) The legislature encourages state agencies with inspection
- 11 responsibilities for metals mining and milling operations regulated
- 12 under this chapter to explore opportunities for cross-training of
- 13 inspectors among state agencies and programs. This cross-training
- 14 would be for the purpose of meeting the inspection responsibilities of
- 15 these agencies in a more efficient and cost-effective manner. If doing
- 16 so would be more efficient and cost-effective, state agency inspectors
- 17 are also encouraged to coordinate inspections with federal and local
- 18 government inspectors as well as with one another.
- 19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** (1) The metals mining account is created in
- 20 the state treasury. Expenditures from this account are subject to
- 21 appropriation. Expenditures from this account may only be used for:
- 22 (a) The additional inspections of metals mining and milling operations
- 23 required by section 7 of this act and (b) the metals mining coordinator
- 24 established in section 6 of this act.
- 25 (2) (a) As part of its normal budget development process and in
- 26 consultation with the metals mining industry, the department of ecology
- 27 shall estimate the costs required for the department to meet its
- 28 obligations for the additional inspections of metals mining and milling
- 29 operations required by chapter . . ., Laws of 1994 (this act). The
- 30 department shall also estimate the cost of employing the metals mining
- 31 coordinator established in section 6 of this act.
- 32 (b) As part of its normal budget development process and in
- 33 consultation with the metals mining industry, the department of natural
- 34 resources shall estimate the costs required for the department to meet
- 35 its obligations for the additional inspections of metals mining and
- 36 milling operations required by chapter . . ., Laws of 1994 (this act).

- (3) Based on the cost estimates generated by the department of 1 ecology and the department of natural resources, the department of 2 3 revenue shall establish the amount of a fee to be paid by each active 4 metals mining and milling operation regulated under this chapter. fee shall be established at a level to fully recover the direct and 5 indirect costs of the agency responsibilities identified in subsection 6 7 (2) of this section. The amount of the fee for each operation shall be 8 proportional to the number of visits required per site. Each applicant 9 for a metals mining and milling operation shall also be assessed the fee based on the same criterion. The department of revenue may adjust 10 the fees established in this subsection if unanticipated activity in 11 the industry increases or decreases the amount of funding necessary to 12 13 meet agencies' inspection responsibilities.
- 14 (4) The department of revenue shall collect the fees established in 15 subsection (3) of this section. All moneys paid to the department of 16 revenue from these fees shall be deposited into the metals mining 17 account.
- (5) This section shall take effect July 1, 1995, unless the 18 19 legislature adopts an alternative approach based on the recommendations 20 of the metals mining advisory group established in section 26 of this 21 act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. (1) In the processing of an application for 22 23 an initial waste discharge permit for a tailings facility pursuant to 24 the requirements of chapter 90.48 RCW, the department of ecology shall 25 consider site-specific criteria in determining a preferred location of tailings facilities of metals mining and milling operations and 26 incorporate the requirements of all known available and reasonable 27 methods in order to maintain the highest possible standards to insure 28 29 the purity of all waters of the state in accordance with the public policy identified by RCW 90.48.010. 30
- In implementing the siting criteria, the department shall take into 31 account the objectives of the proponent's application relating to mining and milling operations. These objectives shall consist of, but 33 34 not be limited to (a) operational feasibility, (b) compatibility with optimum tailings placement methods, (c) adequate volume capacity, (d) 35 36 availability of construction materials, and (e) an optimized embankment 37 volume.

- 1 (2) To meet the mandate of subsection (1) of this section, siting 2 of tailings facilities shall be accomplished through a two-stage 3 process that consists of a primary alternatives screening phase, and a 4 secondary technical site investigation phase.
- 5 (3) The primary screening phase will consist of, but not be limited 6 to, siting criteria based on considerations as to location as follows:
- 7 (a) Proximity to the one hundred year flood plain, as indicated in 8 the most recent federal emergency management agency maps;
 - (b) Proximity to surface and ground water;
- 10 (c) Topographic setting;

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- 11 (d) Identifiable adverse geologic conditions, such as landslides 12 and active faults; and
- 13 (e) Visibility impacts of the public generally and residents more 14 particularly.
- 15 (4) The department of ecology, through the primary screening process, shall reduce the available tailings facility sites to one or more feasible locations whereupon a technical site investigation phase shall be conducted by the department for the purpose of verifying the adequacy of the remaining potential sites. The technical site investigations phase shall consist of, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (a) Soil characteristics;
- 23 (b) Hydrologic characteristics;
- (c) A local and structural geology evaluation, including seismic conditions and related geotechnical investigations;
 - (d) A surface water control analysis; and
- 27 (e) A slope stability analysis.
- (5) Upon completion of the two phase evaluation process set forth 28 in this section, the department of ecology shall issue a site selection 29 30 report on the preferred location. This report shall address the above 31 criteria as well as analyze the feasibility of reclamation and stabilization of the tailings facility. The siting report may 32 recommend mitigation or engineering factors to address siting concerns. 33 34 The report shall be developed in conjunction with the preparation of 35 and contained in an environmental impact statement prepared pursuant to chapter 43.21C RCW. The report may be utilized by the department of 36 37 ecology for the purpose of providing information related to the suitability of the site and for ruling on an application for a waste 38 39 discharge permit.

- 1 (6) The department of ecology may, at its discretion, require the 2 applicant to provide the information required in either phase one or 3 phase two as described in subsections (3) and (4) of this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. (1) In order to receive a waste discharge permit from the department of ecology pursuant to the requirements of chapter 90.48 RCW or in order to operate a metals mining and milling tailing facility, an applicant proposing a metals mining and milling operation regulated under this chapter must meet the following additional requirements:
- 10 (a) Any tailings facility shall be designed and operated to prevent 11 the release of pollution and must meet the following standards:
- (i) Operators shall apply all known available and reasonable technology to limit the concentration of potentially toxic materials in the tailings facility to assure the protection of wildlife and human health;
- (ii) The tailings facility shall have a containment system that 16 includes an engineered liner system, leak detection and leak collection 17 18 elements, and a seepage collection impoundment to assure that a leak of any regulated substance under chapter 90.48 RCW will be detected before 19 escaping from the containment system. The design and management of the 20 facility must ensure that any leaks from the tailings facility are 21 detected in a manner which allows for remediation pursuant to chapter 22 23 90.48 RCW. The applicant shall prepare a detailed engineering report 24 setting forth the facility design and construction. The applicant 25 shall submit the report to the department of ecology for its review and approval of a design as determined by the department. 26 conditions, such as depth to ground water or net rainfall, shall be 27 taken into account in the facility design, but not in lieu of the 28 29 protection required by the engineered liner system;
- (iii) The toxicity of mine or mill tailings and the potential for long-term release of regulated substances from mine or mill tailings shall be reduced to the greatest extent practicable through stabilization, removal, or reuse of the substances; and
- (iv) The closure of the tailings facility shall provide for isolation or containment of potentially toxic materials and shall be designed to prevent future release of regulated substances contained in the impoundment;

- 1 (b) The applicant must develop a waste rock management plan 2 approved by the department of ecology and the department of natural 3 resources which emphasizes pollution prevention. At a minimum, the 4 plan must contain the following elements:
- 5 (i) An accurate identification of the acid generating properties of 6 the waste rock;
- 7 (ii) A strategy for encapsulating potentially toxic material from 8 the environment, when appropriate, in order to prevent the release of 9 heavy metals and acidic drainage; and
- (iii) A plan for reclaiming and closing waste rock sites which minimizes infiltration of precipitation and runoff into the waste rock and which is designed to prevent future releases of regulated substances contained within the waste rock;
- 14 (c) If an interested citizen or citizen group so requests of the 15 department of ecology, the metals mining and milling operator or 16 applicant shall work with the department of ecology and the interested 17 party to make arrangements for citizen observation and verification in the taking of required water samples. While it is the intent of this 18 19 subsection to provide for citizen observation and verification of water 20 sampling activities, it is not the intent of this subsection to require additional water sampling and analysis on the part of the mining and 21 milling operation or the department. The citizen observation and 22 23 verification program shall be incorporated into the applicant's, 24 operator's, or department's normal sampling regimen and shall occur at 25 least once every six months. The results from these and all other 26 relevant water sampling activities shall be kept on file with the 27 relevant county and shall be available for public inspection during normal working hours; and 28
- 29 (d) An operator or applicant for a metals mining and milling 30 operation must complete a voluntary reduction plan in accordance with 31 RCW 70.95C.200.
- 32 (2) Only those tailings facilities constructed after the effective 33 date of this section must meet the requirement established in 34 subsection (1) (a) of this section. Only those waste rock holdings 35 constructed after the effective date of this section must meet the 36 requirement established in subsection (1) (b) of this section.
- NEW SECTION. **sec. 11.** (1) The department of ecology and the department of natural resources shall not issue necessary permits to an

- 1 applicant for a metals mining and milling operation until the applicant
- 2 has deposited with the department of ecology a performance security
- 3 which is acceptable to both agencies based on the requirements of
- 4 subsection (2) of this section. This performance security may be:
 - (a) Bank letters of credit acceptable to both agencies;
- 6 (b) A cash deposit;

- (c) Negotiable securities acceptable to both agencies;
- 8 (d) An assignment of a savings account;
- 9 (e) A savings certificate in a Washington bank; or
- (f) A corporate surety bond executed in favor of the department of ecology by a corporation authorized to do business in the state of Washington under Title 48 RCW and acceptable to both agencies.
- The agencies may, for any reason, refuse any performance security not deemed adequate.
- 15 (2) The performance security shall be conditioned on the faithful 16 performance of the applicant or operator in meeting the following 17 obligations:
- (a) Compliance with the laws of the state of Washington pertaining to metals mining and milling operations and with the related rules and permit conditions established by state and local government with respect to those operations as defined in RCW 78.44.031(17) and the construction, operation, reclamation, and closure of a metals mining and milling operation;
- 24 (b) Postclosure environmental monitoring as determined by the 25 department of ecology and the department of natural resources; and
- 26 (c) Provision of sufficient funding for cleanup of potential 27 problems revealed during or after closure.
- 28 (3) The department of ecology and the department of natural 29 resources shall jointly adopt rules for determining the amount of the 30 performance security, requirements for the performance security, 31 requirements for the issuer of the performance security, and any other 32 requirements necessary for the implementation of this section.
- 33 (4) The department of ecology and the department of natural 34 resources, acting jointly, may increase or decrease the amount of the 35 performance security at any time to compensate for any alteration in 36 the operation that affects meeting the obligations in subsection (2) of 37 this section. At a minimum, the agencies shall jointly review the 38 adequacy of the performance security every two years.

- 1 (5) Liability under the performance security shall be maintained 2 until the obligations in subsection (2) of this section are met to the 3 satisfaction of the department of ecology and the department of natural 4 resources. Liability under the performance security may be released 5 only upon written notification by the department of ecology, with the 6 concurrence of the department of natural resources.
- 7 (6) Any interest or appreciation on the performance security shall 8 be held by the department of ecology until the obligations in 9 subsection (2) of this section have been met to the satisfaction of the 10 department of ecology and the department of natural resources. At such time, the interest shall be remitted to the operator. However, if the 11 12 applicant or operator fails to comply with the obligations of subsection (2) of this section, the interest or appreciation may be 13 used by either agency to comply with the obligations. 14
 - NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. The department of ecology may, with staff, equipment, and material under its control, or by contract with others, remediate or mitigate any impact of a metals mining and milling operation when it finds that the operator or permit holder has failed to comply with relevant statutes, rules, or permits, and the operator or permit holder has failed to take adequate or timely action to rectify these impacts.
 - If the department intends to remediate or mitigate such impacts, the department shall issue an order to submit performance security requiring the permit holder or surety to submit to the department the amount of moneys posted pursuant to chapter . . ., Laws of 1994 (this act). If the amount specified in the order to submit performance security is not paid within twenty days after issuance of the notice, the attorney general upon request of the department shall bring an action on behalf of the state in a superior court to recover the amount specified and associated legal fees.
- The department may proceed at any time after issuing the order to submit performance security to remediate or mitigate adverse impacts.
- The department shall keep a record of all expenses incurred in carrying out any remediation or mitigation activities authorized under this section, including:
 - (1) Remediation or mitigation;

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37 (2) A reasonable charge for the services performed by the state's gersonnel and the state's equipment and materials utilized; and

1 (3) Administrative and legal expenses related to remediation or 2 mitigation.

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The department shall refund to the surety or permit holder all amounts received in excess of the amount of expenses incurred. If the amount received is less than the expenses incurred, the attorney general, upon request of the department of ecology, may bring an action against the permit holder on behalf of the state in the superior court to recover the remaining costs listed in this section.

9 If the department of natural resources finds that reclamation has 10 not occurred according to the standards required under chapter 78.44 RCW in a metals mining and milling operation, then the department of 11 natural resources may cause reclamation to occur pursuant to RCW 12 13 78.44.240. Upon approval of the department of ecology, the department of natural resources may reclaim part or all of the metals mining and 14 15 milling operation using that portion of the surety posted pursuant to 16 chapter . . ., Laws of 1994 (this act) that has been identified for 17 reclamation.

18 NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. (1) The legislature finds that the construction and operation of large-scale metals mining and milling 19 facilities may create new job opportunities and enhance local tax 20 revenues. However, the legislature also finds that such operations may 21 also result in new demands on public facilities owned and operated by 22 23 local government entities, such as public streets and roads; publicly 24 owned parks, open space, and recreation facilities; school facilities; 25 and fire protection facilities in jurisdictions that are not part of a fire district. It is important for these economic impacts to be 26 27 identified as part of any proposal for a large-scale metals mining and milling operation. It is then appropriate for the county legislative 28 29 authority to balance expected revenues, including revenues derived from 30 taxes paid by the owner of such an operation, and costs associated with the operation to determine to what degree any new costs require 31 mitigation by the metals mining applicant. 32

(2) An applicant for a large-scale metals mining and milling operation regulated under this chapter must submit to the relevant county legislative authority an impact analysis describing the economic impact of the proposed mining operation on local governmental units. For the purposes of this section, a metals mining operation is large-scale if, in the construction or operation of the mine and the

- associated milling facility, the applicant and contractors at the site 1 2 employ more than thirty-five persons during any consecutive six-month The relevant county is the county in which the mine and mill 3 4 are to be sited, unless the economic impacts to local governmental 5 units are projected to substantially affect more than one county. that case, the impact plan must be submitted to the legislative 6 7 authority of all affected counties. Local governmental units include 8 counties, cities, towns, school districts, and special purpose 9 districts.
- 10 (3) The economic impact analysis shall include at least the 11 following information:
- 12 (a) A timetable for development of the mining operation, including 13 the opening date of the operation and the estimated closing date;
- 14 (b) The estimated number of persons coming into the impacted area 15 as a result of the development of the mining operation;
- 16 (c) An estimate of the increased capital and operating costs to 17 local governmental units for providing services necessary as a result 18 of the development of the mining operation; and
- 19 (d) An estimate of the increased tax or other revenues accruing to 20 local governmental units as a result of development of the mining and 21 milling operation.
- 22 (4) The county legislative authority of a county planning under 23 chapter 36.70A RCW may assess impact fees under chapter 82.02 RCW to 24 address economic impacts associated with development of the mining 25 operation. The county legislative authority shall hold at least one 26 public hearing on the economic impact analysis and any proposed 27 mitigation measures.
 - (5) The county legislative authority of a county which is not planning under chapter 36.70A RCW may negotiate with the applicant on a strategy to address economic impacts associated with development of the mining operation. The county legislative authority shall hold at least one public hearing on the economic impact analysis and any proposed mitigation measures.

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34 (6) The county legislative authority must approve or disapprove the 35 impact analysis and any associated proposals from the applicant to 36 address economic impacts to local governmental units resulting from 37 development of the mining operation. If the applicant does not submit 38 an adequate impact analysis to the relevant county legislative 39 authority or if the county legislative authority does not find the

- applicant's proposals to be acceptable because of their failure to adequately mitigate adverse economic impacts, the county legislative authority shall refuse to issue any permits under its jurisdiction
- 4 necessary for the construction or operation of the mine and associated 5 mill.
- 6 (7) The requirements established in this section apply to metals 7 mining operations under construction or constructed after the effective 8 date of this section.
- 9 (8) The provisions of chapter 82.02 RCW shall apply to new mining 10 and milling operations.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (5) of this section, any aggrieved person may commence a civil action on his or her own behalf:
- 14 (a) Against any person, including any state agency or local 15 government agency, who is alleged to be in violation of a law, rule, 16 order, or permit pertaining to metals mining and milling operations 17 regulated under chapter . . ., Laws of 1994 (this act);
- (b) Against a state agency if there is alleged a failure of the agency to perform any nondiscretionary act or duty under state laws pertaining to metals mining and milling operations; or
- 21 (c) Against any person who constructs a metals mining and milling 22 operation without the permits and authorizations required by state law.
 - The superior courts shall have jurisdiction to enforce metals mining laws, rules, orders, and permit conditions, or to order the state to perform such act or duty, as the case may be. In addition to injunctive relief, a superior court may award a civil penalty when deemed appropriate in an amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars per violation per day, payable to the state of Washington.
 - (2) No action may be commenced:

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- 30 (a) Under subsection (1)(a) of this section:
- (i) Prior to sixty days after the plaintiff has given notice of the alleged violation to the state, and to any alleged violator of a metals mining and milling law, rule, order, or permit condition; or
- (ii) If the state has commenced and is diligently prosecuting a civil action in a court of the state or of the United States or is diligently pursuing authorized administrative enforcement action to require compliance with the law, rule, order, or permit. To preclude a civil action, the enforcement action must contain specific,

- 1 aggressive, and enforceable timelines for compliance and must provide
- 2 for public notice of and reasonable opportunity for public comment on
- 3 the enforcement action. In any such court action, any aggrieved person
- 4 may intervene as a matter of right; or
- 5 (b) Under subsection (1)(b) of this section prior to sixty days 6 after the plaintiff has given notice of such action to the state.
- 7 (3)(a) Any action respecting a violation of a law, rule, order, or 8 permit condition pertaining to metals mining and milling operations may 9 be brought in the judicial district in which such operation is located
- 10 or proposed.
- 11 (b) In such action under this section, the state, if not a party, 12 may intervene as a matter of right.
- (4) The court, in issuing any final order in any action brought pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, may award costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney and expert witness fees, to any prevailing party, wherever the court determines such award is appropriate. The court may, if a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction is sought, require the filing of a bond or equivalent security in accordance with the rules of civil procedure.
- 20 (5) A civil action to enforce compliance with a law, rule, order, or permit may not be brought under this section if any other statute, 21 or the common law, provides authority for the plaintiff to bring a 22 23 civil action and, in such action, obtain the same relief, as authorized 24 under this section, for enforcement of such law, rule, order, or 25 permit. Nothing in this section restricts any right which any person, 26 or class of persons, may have under any statute or common law to seek any relief, including relief against the state or a state agency. 27
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** A milling facility which is not adjacent to 28 29 or in the vicinity of the metals mining operation producing the ore to be milled and which processes precious or base metal ore by treatment 30 or concentration is subject to the provisions of sections 1 through 9, 31 10(1) (a), (c) and (d), 11 through 14, 18, and 19 of this act and 32 chapters 70.94, 70.105, 90.03, and 90.48 RCW and all other applicable 33 34 The smelting of aluminum does not constitute a metals milling operation under this section. 35
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. (1) Until June 30, 1996, there shall be a moratorium on metals mining and milling operations using the heap leach

- 1 extraction process. The department of natural resources and the
- 2 department of ecology shall jointly review the existing laws and
- 3 regulations pertaining to the heap leach extraction process for their
- 4 adequacy in safeguarding the environment and shall report their
- 5 findings to the legislature by December 30, 1994.
- 6 (2) Metals mining using the process of in situ extraction is
- 7 permanently prohibited in the state of Washington.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 17.** The department of ecology will work with
- 9 the metals mining industry and relevant federal, state, and local
- 10 governmental agencies to identify areas of regulatory overlap among
- 11 regulators of mining and milling operations. The department will also
- 12 identify possible solutions for eliminating or reducing regulatory
- 13 overlap. The department will report back to the legislature on its
- 14 findings and possible solutions by January 1, 1995.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. A new section is added to chapter 70.94 RCW
- 16 to read as follows:
- 17 If a metals mining and milling operation is issued a permit
- 18 pursuant to this chapter, then it will be subject to special inspection
- 19 requirements. The department of ecology shall inspect these mining
- 20 operations at least quarterly in order to ensure that the operation is
- 21 in compliance with the conditions of any permit issued to it pursuant
- 22 to this chapter. The department shall conduct additional inspections
- 23 during the construction phase of the mining and milling operation in
- 24 order to ensure compliance with this chapter.
- 25 <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **Sec. 19.** A new section is added to chapter 70.105
- 26 RCW to read as follows:
- 27 If a metals mining and milling operation is issued a permit
- 28 pursuant to this chapter, then it will be subject to special inspection
- 29 requirements. The department of ecology shall inspect these mining
- 30 operations at least quarterly in order to ensure that the operation is
- 31 in compliance with the conditions of any permit issued to it pursuant
- 32 to this chapter. The department shall conduct additional inspections
- 33 during the construction phase of the mining operation in order to
- 34 ensure compliance with this chapter.

1 **Sec. 20.** RCW 90.03.350 and 1987 c 109 s 91 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 Any person, corporation or association intending to construct or 4 modify any dam or controlling works for the storage of ten acre feet or water, 5 more of shall before beginning said construction modification, submit plans and specifications of the same to the 6 7 department for examination and approval as to its safety. Such plans 8 and specifications shall be submitted in duplicate, one copy of which 9 shall be retained as a public record, by the department, and the other 10 returned with its approval or rejection endorsed thereon. No such dam or controlling works shall be constructed or modified until the same or 11 any modification thereof shall have been approved as to its safety by 12 Any such dam or controlling works constructed or 13 the department. 14 modified in any manner other than in accordance with plans and 15 specifications approved by the department or which shall not be maintained in accordance with the order of the department shall be 16 presumed to be a public nuisance and may be abated in the manner 17 provided by law, and it shall be the duty of the attorney general or 18 19 prosecuting attorney of the county wherein such dam or controlling works, or the major portion thereof, is situated to institute abatement 20 proceedings against the owner or owners of such dam or controlling 21 works, whenever he or she is requested to do so by the department. 22

A metals mining and milling operation regulated under chapter Laws of 1994 (this act) is subject to additional dam safety inspection requirements due to the special hazards associated with failure of a tailings pond impoundment. The department shall inspect these impoundments at least quarterly during the project's operation and at least annually thereafter for the postclosure monitoring period in order to ensure the safety of the dam or controlling works. The department shall conduct additional inspections as needed during the construction phase of the mining operation in order to ensure the safe construction of the tailings impoundment.

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33 **Sec. 21.** RCW 90.48.090 and 1987 c 109 s 127 are each amended to 34 read as follows:

The department or its duly appointed agent shall have the right to enter at all reasonable times in or upon any property, public or private, for the purpose of inspecting and investigating conditions

- 1 relating to the pollution of or the possible pollution of any of the 2 waters of this state.
- 3 The department shall have special inspection requirements for
- 4 metals mining and milling operations regulated under chapter . . .,
- 5 Laws of 1994 (this act). The department shall inspect these mining and
- 6 milling operations at least quarterly in order to ensure compliance
- 7 with the intent and any permit issued pursuant to this chapter. The
- 8 <u>department shall conduct additional inspections as needed during the</u>
- 9 construction phase of these mining operations in order to ensure
- 10 compliance with this chapter.
- 11 **Sec. 22.** RCW 78.44.161 and 1993 c 518 s 25 are each amended to
- 12 read as follows:
- The department may order at any time an inspection of the disturbed
- 14 area to determine if the miner or permit holder has complied with the
- 15 reclamation permit, rules, and this chapter.
- 16 <u>The department shall have special inspection requirements for</u>
- 17 metals mining and milling operations regulated under chapter
- 18 Laws of 1994 (this act). The department shall inspect these mining
- 19 operations at least quarterly, unless prevented by inclement weather
- 20 conditions, in order to ensure that the permit holder is in compliance
- 21 with the reclamation permit, rules, and this chapter. The department
- 22 shall conduct additional inspections as needed during the construction
- 23 phase of these mining operations in order to ensure compliance with the
- 24 reclamation permit, rules, and this chapter.
- 25 **Sec. 23.** RCW 78.44.087 and 1993 c 518 s 15 are each amended to
- 26 read as follows:
- 27 The department shall not issue a reclamation permit until the
- 28 applicant has deposited with the department an acceptable performance
- 29 security on forms prescribed and furnished by the department. A public
- 30 or governmental agency shall not be required to post performance
- 31 security nor shall a permit holder be required to post surface mining
- 32 performance security with more than one state((, local, or federal)) or
- 33 <u>local</u> agency.
- 34 This performance security may be:
- 35 (1) Bank letters of credit acceptable to the department;
- 36 (2) A cash deposit;
- 37 (3) Negotiable securities acceptable to the department;

(4) An assignment of a savings account;

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- 2 (5) A savings certificate in a Washington bank on an assignment 3 form prescribed by the department;
- 4 (6) Assignments of interests in real property within the state of 5 Washington; or
 - (7) A corporate surety bond executed in favor of the department by a corporation authorized to do business in the state of Washington under Title 48 RCW and authorized by the department.

9 The performance security shall be conditioned upon the faithful 10 performance of the requirements set forth in this chapter and of the 11 rules adopted under it.

The department shall have the authority to determine the amount of 12 the performance security using a standardized performance security 13 formula developed by the department. The amount of the security shall 14 15 be determined by the department and based on the estimated costs of 16 completing reclamation according to the approved reclamation plan or 17 minimum standards and related administrative overhead for the area to be surface mined during (a) the next twelve-month period, (b) the 18 19 following twenty-four months, and (c) any previously disturbed areas on 20 which the reclamation has not been satisfactorily completed and 21 approved.

The department may increase or decrease the amount of the performance security at any time to compensate for a change in the disturbed area, the depth of excavation, a modification of the reclamation plan, or any other alteration in the conditions of the mine that affects the cost of reclamation. The department may, for any reason, refuse any performance security not deemed adequate.

Liability under the performance security shall be maintained until reclamation is completed according to the approved reclamation plan to the satisfaction of the department unless released as hereinafter provided. Liability under the performance security may be released only upon written notification by the department. Notification shall be given upon completion of compliance or acceptance by the department of a substitute performance security. The liability of the surety shall not exceed the amount of security required by this section and the department's reasonable legal fees to recover the security.

Any interest or appreciation on the performance security shall be held by the department until reclamation is completed to its satisfaction. At such time, the interest shall be remitted to the permit holder; except that such interest or appreciation may be used by the department to effect reclamation in the event that the permit holder fails to comply with the provisions of this chapter and the costs of reclamation exceed the face value of the performance security.

Except as provided in this section, no other state agency or local government shall require performance security for the purposes of surface mine reclamation and only one agency of government shall require and hold the performance security. The department may enter into written agreements with federal agencies in order to avoid redundant bonding of surface mines straddling boundaries between federally controlled and other lands within Washington state.

((Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, nothing shall preclude the department of ecology from requiring a separate performance security for metallic minerals or uranium surface mines under any authority if any that may be presently vested in the department of ecology relating to such mines.)) The department and the department of ecology shall jointly require performance security for metals mining and milling operations regulated under chapter . . ., Laws of 1994 (this act).

Sec. 24. RCW 78.44.131 and 1993 c 518 s 20 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

The need for, and the practicability of, reclamation shall control the type and degree of reclamation in any specific instance. However, the basic objective of reclamation is to reestablish on a continuing basis the vegetative cover, slope stability, water conditions, and safety conditions suitable to the proposed subsequent use consistent with local land use plans for the surface mine site.

Each permit holder shall comply with the minimum reclamation standards in effect on the date the permit was issued and any additional reclamation standards set forth in the approved reclamation plan. The department may modify, on a site specific basis, the minimum reclamation standards for metals mining and milling operations regulated under chapter . . ., Laws of 1994 (this act) in order to achieve the reclamation and closure objectives of that chapter. The basic objective of reclamation for these operations is the reestablishment on a continuing basis of vegetative cover, slope stability, water conditions, and safety conditions.

- 1 Reclamation activities, particularly those relating to control of
- 2 erosion and mitigation of impacts of mining to adjacent areas, shall,
- 3 to the extent feasible, be conducted simultaneously with surface
- 4 mining, and in any case shall be initiated at the earliest possible
- 5 time after completion of surface mining on any segment of the permit
- 6 area.
- 7 All reclamation activities shall be completed not more than two
- 8 years after completion or abandonment of surface mining on each segment
- 9 of the area for which a reclamation permit is in force.
- 10 The department may by contract delegate enforcement of provisions
- 11 of reclamation plans to counties, cities, and towns. A county, city,
- 12 or town performing enforcement functions may not impose any additional
- 13 fees on permit holders.
- 14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 25.** Sections 1 through 16 of this act shall
- 15 constitute a new chapter in Title 78 RCW.
- 16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 26.** (1) The department of ecology shall
- 17 establish a metals mining advisory group, to be comprised of members
- 18 representing the metals mining industry, the environmental community,
- 19 the department of ecology, the department of fish and wildlife, and the
- 20 department of natural resources.
- 21 (2) The metals mining advisory group will focus on the following
- 22 tasks:
- 23 (a) A review of the adequacy of the cost-accounting methods of the
- 24 departments of ecology and natural resources in accurately identifying
- 25 the costs associated with the requirements established in this act;
- 26 (b) Establishing a set of success measures to be used to evaluate
- 27 the implementation of the new coordinator role established in this act;
- 28 (c) Examination of possible new inspection requirements for the
- 29 department of fish and wildlife and a means to fund any new
- 30 requirements; and
- 31 (d) Identification and evaluation of the alternative bases for
- 32 allocating the costs that may be necessitated by this act.
- 33 (3) The advisory group shall report its findings and its preferred
- 34 alternative among the options identified in subsection (2)(d) of this
- 35 section to the legislature by January 1, 1995.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 27. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 28. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and, with the exception of sections 6 through 8 and 18 through 22 of this act, shall take effect immediately.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 29. Sections 6 through 8 and 18 through 22 of this act shall take effect July 1, 1995."
- 12 **ESHB 2521** S COMM AMD
- 13 By Committee on Natural Resources

- On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "operations;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 90.03.350, 90.48.090, 78.44.161, 78.44.087, and 78.44.131; adding a new section to chapter 70.94 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.105 RCW; adding a new
- 19 chapter to Title 78 RCW; creating new sections; prescribing penalties;
- 20 providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency."

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