2 **EHB 2236** - S COMM AMD

3 By Committee on Law & Justice

- 5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 6 following:
- 7 "Sec. 1. RCW 9A.46.110 and 1992 c 186 s 1 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
- 9 (1) A person commits the crime of stalking if, without lawful 10 authority and under circumstances not amounting to a felony attempt of 11 another crime:
- (a) He or she intentionally and repeatedly harasses or repeatedly follows another person ((to that person's home, school, place of employment, business, or any other location, or follows the person while the person is in transit between locations)); and
- (b) The person being <u>harassed or</u> followed is ((intimidated, harassed, or)) placed in fear that the stalker intends to injure the person, another person, or property of the person ((being followed)) or of another person. The feeling of fear((, intimidation, or harassment)) must be one that a reasonable person in the same situation would experience under all the circumstances; and
- 22 (c) The stalker either:
- (i) Intends to frighten, intimidate, or harass the person ((being followed)); or
- (ii) Knows or reasonably should know that the person ((being followed)) is afraid, intimidated, or harassed even if the stalker did not intend to place the person in fear or intimidate or harass the person.
- (2)(a) It is not a defense to the crime of stalking under subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section that the stalker was not given actual notice that the person ((being followed)) did not want the stalker to contact or follow the person; and
- (b) It is not a defense to the crime of stalking under subsection (1)(c)(ii) of this section that the stalker did not intend to frighten, intimidate, or harass the person ((being followed)).

- 1 (3) It shall be a defense to the crime of stalking that the 2 defendant is a licensed private detective acting within the capacity of 3 his or her license as provided by chapter 18.165 RCW.
- 4 (4) Attempts to contact or follow the person after being given 5 actual notice that the person does not want to be contacted or followed 6 constitutes prima facie evidence that the stalker intends to intimidate 7 or harass the person.
- 8 (5) A person who stalks another person is guilty of a gross 9 misdemeanor except that the person is guilty of a class C felony if any 10 of the following applies: (a) The stalker has previously been convicted in this state or any other state of any crime of harassment, 11 as defined in RCW 9A.46.060, of the same victim or members of the 12 victim's family or household or any person specifically named in a 13 14 ((no-contact order or no-harassment)) protective order; (b) the 15 ((person)) stalking violates ((a court)) any protective order ((issued pursuant to RCW 9A.46.040)) protecting the person being stalked; ((or)) 16 17 (c) the stalker has previously been convicted of a gross misdemeanor or felony stalking offense under this section for stalking another person: 18 19 (d) the stalker was armed with a deadly weapon, as defined in RCW 9.94A.125, while stalking the person; (e) the stalker's victim is or 20 was a law enforcement officer, judge, juror, attorney, victim advocate, 21 legislator, or community correction's officer, and the stalker stalked 22 the victim to retaliate against the victim for an act the victim 23 24 performed during the course of official duties or to influence the victim's performance of official duties; or (f) the stalker's victim is 25 a current, former, or prospective witness in an adjudicative 26 proceeding, and the stalker stalked the victim to retaliate against the 27 victim as a result of the victim's testimony or potential testimony. 28
 - (6) As used in this section:

- 30 (a) "Follows" means deliberately maintaining visual or physical proximity to a specific person over a period of time. A finding that 31 the alleged stalker repeatedly and deliberately appears at the person's 32 home, school, place of employment, business, or any other location to 33 34 maintain visual or physical proximity to the person is sufficient to find that the alleged stalker follows the person. It is not necessary 35 to establish that the alleged stalker follows the person while in 36 37 transit from one location to another.
- 38 <u>(b) "Harasses" means unlawful harassment as defined in RCW</u>
 39 <u>10.14.020.</u>

- 1 (c) "Protective order" means any temporary or permanent court order
- 2 prohibiting or limiting violence against, harassment of, contact or
- 3 communication with, or physical proximity to another person.
- 4 (d) "Repeatedly" means on two or more separate occasions.
- 5 **Sec. 2.** RCW 9A.46.060 and 1992 c 186 s 4 and 1992 c 145 s 12 are 6 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- As used in this chapter, "harassment" may include but is not limited to any of the following crimes:
- 9 (1) Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020);
- 10 (2) Malicious harassment (RCW 9A.36.080);
- 11 (3) Telephone harassment (RCW 9.61.230);
- 12 (4) Assault in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.011);
- 13 (5) Assault of a child in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.120);
- 14 (6) Assault in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.021);
- 15 (7) Assault of a child in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.130);
- 16 (8) Assault in the fourth degree (RCW 9A.36.041);
- 17 (9) Reckless endangerment in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.050);
- 18 (10) Extortion in the first degree (RCW 9A.56.120);
- 19 (11) Extortion in the second degree (RCW 9A.56.130);
- 20 (12) Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070);
- 21 (13) Burglary in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.020);
- 22 (14) Burglary in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.030);
- 23 (15) Criminal trespass in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.070);
- 24 (16) Criminal trespass in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.080);
- 25 (17) Malicious mischief in the first degree (RCW 9A.48.070);
- 26 (18) Malicious mischief in the second degree (RCW 9A.48.080);
- 27 (19) Malicious mischief in the third degree (RCW 9A.48.090);
- 28 (20) Kidnapping in the first degree (RCW 9A.40.020);
- 29 (21) Kidnapping in the second degree (RCW 9A.40.030);
- 30 (22) Unlawful imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040);
- 31 (23) Rape in the first degree (RCW 9A.44.040);
- 32 (24) Rape in the second degree (RCW 9A.44.050);
- 33 (25) Rape in the third degree (RCW 9A.44.060);
- 34 (26) Indecent liberties (RCW 9A.44.100);
- 35 (27) Rape of a child in the first degree (RCW 9A.44.073);
- 36 (28) Rape of a child in the second degree (RCW 9A.44.076);
- 37 (29) Rape of a child in the third degree (RCW 9A.44.079);
- 38 (30) Child molestation in the first degree (RCW 9A.44.083);

- 1 (31) Child molestation in the second degree (RCW 9A.44.086);
- 2 (32) Child molestation in the third degree (RCW 9A.44.089); ((and))
- 3 (33) Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110); and
- 4 (34) Violation of a temporary or permanent protective order issued
- 5 pursuant to chapter 9A.46, 10.14, 10.99, 26.09, or 26.50 RCW.
- 6 **Sec. 3.** RCW 13.40.020 and 1993 c 373 s 1 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
- 8 For the purposes of this chapter:
- 9 (1) "Serious offender" means a person fifteen years of age or older 10 who has committed an offense which if committed by an adult would be:
- 11 (a) A class A felony, or an attempt to commit a class A felony;
- 12 (b) Manslaughter in the first degree; or
- 13 (c) Assault in the second degree, extortion in the first degree,
- 14 child molestation in the second degree, kidnapping in the second
- 15 degree, robbery in the second degree, residential burglary, or burglary
- 16 in the second degree, where such offenses include the infliction of
- 17 bodily harm upon another or where during the commission of or immediate
- 18 withdrawal from such an offense the perpetrator is armed with a deadly
- 19 weapon or firearm as defined in RCW 9A.04.110;
- 20 (2) "Community service" means compulsory service, without
- 21 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the
- 22 offender as punishment for committing an offense. Community service
- 23 may be performed through public or private organizations or through
- 24 work crews;
- 25 (3) "Community supervision" means an order of disposition by the
- 26 court of an adjudicated youth not committed to the department. A
- 27 community supervision order for a single offense may be for a period of
- 28 up to two years for a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 and up to
- 29 one year for other offenses. Community supervision is an
- 30 individualized program comprised of one or more of the following:
- 31 (a) Community-based sanctions;
- 32 (b) Community-based rehabilitation;
 - (c) Monitoring and reporting requirements;
- 34 (4) Community-based sanctions may include one or more of the 35 following:
- 36 (a) A fine, not to exceed one hundred dollars;
- 37 (b) Community service not to exceed one hundred fifty hours of
- 38 service;

(5) "Community-based rehabilitation" means one or more of the following: Attendance of information classes; counseling, outpatient substance abuse treatment programs, outpatient mental health programs, anger management classes, or other services; or attendance at school or other educational programs appropriate for the juvenile as determined by the school district. Placement in community-based rehabilitation programs is subject to available funds;

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- 8 (6) "Monitoring and reporting requirements" means one or more of 9 the following: Curfews; requirements to remain at home, school, work, 10 court-ordered treatment programs during specified restrictions from leaving or entering specified geographical areas; 11 requirements to report to the probation officer as directed and to 12 remain under the probation officer's supervision; and other conditions 13 14 or limitations as the court may require which may not include 15 confinement;
- (7) "Confinement" means physical custody by the department of 16 17 social and health services in a facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with the state, or physical custody in a detention facility 18 19 operated by or pursuant to a contract with any county. The county may operate or contract with vendors to operate county detention 20 The department may operate or contract to operate 21 facilities. detention facilities for juveniles committed to the department. 22 Pretrial confinement or confinement of less than thirty-one days 23 24 imposed as part of a disposition or modification order may be served 25 consecutively or intermittently, in the discretion of the court and may 26 be served in a detention group home, detention foster home, or with electronic monitoring. Detention group homes and detention foster 27 homes used for confinement shall not also be used for the placement of 28 29 dependent children. Confinement in detention group homes and detention 30 foster homes and electronic monitoring are subject to available funds;
- 31 (8) "Court", when used without further qualification, means the 32 juvenile court judge(s) or commissioner(s);
- 33 (9) "Criminal history" includes all criminal complaints against the 34 respondent for which, prior to the commission of a current offense:
- 35 (a) The allegations were found correct by a court. If a respondent 36 is convicted of two or more charges arising out of the same course of 37 conduct, only the highest charge from among these shall count as an 38 offense for the purposes of this chapter; or

- 1 (b) The criminal complaint was diverted by a prosecutor pursuant to 2 the provisions of this chapter on agreement of the respondent and after 3 an advisement to the respondent that the criminal complaint would be 4 considered as part of the respondent's criminal history;
- 5 (10) "Department" means the department of social and health 6 services;
- 7 (11) "Detention facility" means a county facility for the physical 8 confinement of a juvenile alleged to have committed an offense or an 9 adjudicated offender subject to a disposition or modification order;
- 10 (12) "Diversion unit" means any probation counselor who enters into a diversion agreement with an alleged youthful offender, or any other 11 person or entity except a law enforcement official or entity, with whom 12 13 the juvenile court administrator has contracted to arrange and supervise such agreements pursuant to RCW 13.40.080, or any person or 14 15 entity specially funded by the legislature to arrange and supervise 16 diversion agreements in accordance with the requirements of this 17 chapter;
- 18 (13) "Institution" means a juvenile facility established pursuant 19 to chapters 72.05 and 72.16 through 72.20 RCW;
- 20 (14) "Juvenile," "youth," and "child" mean any individual who is 21 under the chronological age of eighteen years and who has not been 22 previously transferred to adult court;
- (15) "Juvenile offender" means any juvenile who has been found by the juvenile court to have committed an offense, including a person eighteen years of age or older over whom jurisdiction has been extended under RCW 13.40.300;
- 27 (16) "Manifest injustice" means a disposition that would either 28 impose an excessive penalty on the juvenile or would impose a serious, 29 and clear danger to society in light of the purposes of this chapter;
- 30 (17) "Middle offender" means a person who has committed an offense 31 and who is neither a minor or first offender nor a serious offender;
- 32 (18) "Minor or first offender" means a person sixteen years of age 33 or younger whose current offense(s) and criminal history fall entirely 34 within one of the following categories:
 - (a) Four misdemeanors;

- 36 (b) Two misdemeanors and one gross misdemeanor;
- 37 (c) One misdemeanor and two gross misdemeanors;
- 38 (d) Three gross misdemeanors;

- 1 (e) One class C felony except: (i)(A) Manslaughter in the second 2 degree; or (B) felony stalking; and (ii) one misdemeanor or gross 3 misdemeanor;
- (f) One class B felony except: Any felony which constitutes an attempt to commit a class A felony; manslaughter in the first degree; assault in the second degree; extortion in the first degree; indecent liberties; kidnapping in the second degree; robbery in the second degree; burglary in the second degree; residential burglary; vehicular homicide; or arson in the second degree.
- 10 For purposes of this definition, current violations shall be 11 counted as misdemeanors;
- (19) "Offense" means an act designated a violation or a crime if committed by an adult under the law of this state, under any ordinance of any city or county of this state, under any federal law, or under the law of another state if the act occurred in that state;
- 16 (20) "Respondent" means a juvenile who is alleged or proven to have 17 committed an offense;
- (21) "Restitution" means financial reimbursement by the offender to 18 19 the victim, and shall be limited to easily ascertainable damages for 20 injury to or loss of property, actual expenses incurred for medical treatment for physical injury to persons, lost wages resulting from 21 physical injury, and costs of the victim's counseling reasonably 22 related to the offense if the offense is a sex offense. Restitution 23 24 shall not include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain 25 and suffering, or other intangible losses. Nothing in this chapter 26 shall limit or replace civil remedies or defenses available to the victim or offender; 27
- 28 (22) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social 29 and health services;
- 30 (23) "Services" mean services which provide alternatives to 31 incarceration for those juveniles who have pleaded or been adjudicated 32 guilty of an offense or have signed a diversion agreement pursuant to 33 this chapter;
- 34 (24) "Sex offense" means an offense defined as a sex offense in RCW 35 9.94A.030;
- 36 (25) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 37 the respondent committed the offense was for the purpose of his or her 38 sexual gratification;

- 1 (26) "Foster care" means temporary physical care in a foster family 2 home or group care facility as defined in RCW 74.15.020 and licensed by 3 the department, or other legally authorized care;
- 4 (27) "Violation" means an act or omission, which if committed by an 5 adult, must be proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and is punishable by 6 sanctions which do not include incarceration.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."
- 11 **EHB 2236** S COMM AMD
- 12 By Committee on Law & Justice

- On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "stalking;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 9A.46.110 and
- 16 13.40.020; and reenacting and amending RCW 9A.46.060."

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