2 <u>E2SSB 6255</u> - H COMM AMD TO HS COMM AMD (H4391.1) **ADOPTED 3-3-94**3 By Committee on Appropriations

- 5 On page 2, after line 33 of the amendment, strike all material 6 through "guardian." on page 15, line 34, and insert the following:
- 7 "(9) "Preventive services" means family preservation services, as 8 defined in RCW 74.14C.010, and other reasonably available services 9 capable of preventing the need for out-of-home placement while 10 protecting the child.
- 11 **Sec. 2.** RCW 13.34.120 and 1993 c 412 s 8 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
- 13 (1) To aid the court in its decision on disposition, a social study, consisting of a written evaluation of matters relevant to the 14 15 disposition of the case, shall be made by the person or agency filing 16 the petition. The study shall include all social records and may also 17 include facts relating to the child's cultural heritage, and shall be made available to the court. The court shall consider the social file, 18 social study, guardian ad litem report, the court-appointed special 19 20 advocates report, if any, and any reports filed by a party at the disposition hearing in addition to evidence produced at the fact-21 22 finding hearing. At least ten working days before the disposition 23 hearing, the department shall mail to the parent and his or her attorney a copy of the agency's social study and proposed service plan, 24 25 which shall be in writing or in a form understandable to the parents or custodians. In addition, the department shall provide an opportunity 26 27 for parents to review and comment on the plan at the community service If the parents disagree with the agency's plan or any part 28 thereof, the parents shall submit to the court at least twenty-four 29 30 hours before the hearing, in writing, or signed oral statement, an alternative plan to correct the problems which led to the finding of 31 32 dependency. This section shall not interfere with the right of the parents or custodians to submit oral arguments regarding the 33 disposition plan at the hearing. 34
- 35 (2) In addition to the requirements set forth in subsection (1) of 36 this section, a predisposition study to the court in cases of

- 1 dependency alleged pursuant to RCW 13.34.030(2) (b) or (c) shall 2 contain the following information:
- 3 (a) A statement of the specific harm or harms to the child that 4 intervention is designed to alleviate;
- (b) A description of the specific programs, for both the parents and child, that are needed in order to prevent serious harm to the child; the reasons why such programs are likely to be useful; the availability of any proposed services; and the agency's overall plan for ensuring that the services will be delivered;
- 10 (c) If removal is recommended, a full description of the reasons why the child cannot be protected adequately in the home, including a 11 12 description of any previous efforts to work with the parents and the 13 child in the home; the in-home treatment programs which have been considered and rejected; the preventive services that have been offered 14 or provided and have failed to prevent the need for out-of-home 15 placement, unless the health, safety, and welfare of the child cannot 16 17 be protected adequately in the home; and the parents' attitude toward placement of the child; 18
- 19 (d) A statement of the likely harms the child will suffer as a 20 result of removal. This section should include an exploration of the 21 nature of the parent-child attachment and the meaning of separation and 22 loss to both the parents and the child;
- (e) A description of the steps that will be taken to minimize harm to the child that may result if separation occurs; and
- 25 (f) Behavior that will be expected before determination that 26 supervision of the family or placement is no longer necessary.
- 27 **Sec. 3.** RCW 74.14C.070 and 1992 c 214 s 9 are each amended to read 28 as follows:
- 29 After July 1, 1993, the secretary of social and health services, or 30 the secretary's regional designee, may transfer funds appropriated for foster care services to purchase family preservation services and other 31 preventive services for children at imminent risk of foster care 32 33 placement. The secretary shall notify the appropriate committees of 34 the senate and house of representatives of any transfers under this The secretary shall include caseload, expenditure, cost 35 section. 36 avoidance, identified improvements to the foster care system, and outcome data related to the transfer in the notification. 37

- 1 **Sec. 4.** RCW 13.34.130 and 1992 c 145 s 14 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- If, after a fact-finding hearing pursuant to RCW 13.34.110, ((as now or hereafter amended,)) it has been proven by a preponderance of the evidence that the child is dependent within the meaning of RCW 13.34.030(((2))); after consideration of the predisposition report prepared pursuant to RCW 13.34.110 and after a disposition hearing has been held pursuant to RCW 13.34.110, the court shall enter an order of disposition pursuant to this section.
- 10 (1) The court shall order one of the following dispositions of the 11 case:
- (a) Order a disposition other than removal of the child from his or her home, which shall provide a program designed to alleviate the immediate danger to the child, to mitigate or cure any damage the child has already suffered, and to aid the parents so that the child will not be endangered in the future. In selecting a program, the court should choose those services that least interfere with family autonomy, provided that the services are adequate to protect the child.
- 19 (b) Order that the child be removed from his or her home and ordered into the custody, control, and care of a relative or the 20 department of social and health services or a licensed child placing 21 agency for placement in a foster family home or group care facility 22 licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or in a home not required to be 23 24 licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW. Unless there is reasonable cause to believe that the safety or welfare of the child would be 25 26 jeopardized or that efforts to reunite the parent and child will be hindered, such child shall be placed with a grandparent, brother, 27 sister, stepbrother, stepsister, uncle, aunt, or first cousin with whom 28 29 the child has a relationship and is comfortable, and who is willing and 30 available to care for the child. An order for out-of-home placement may be made only if the court finds that reasonable efforts have been 31 made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the 32 child's home and to make it possible for the child to return home, 33 34 specifying the services that have been provided to the child and the 35 child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian, and that preventive services have been offered or provided and have failed to prevent the 36 37 need for out-of-home placement, unless the health, safety, and welfare 38 of the child cannot be protected adequately in the home, and that:

- 1 (i) There is no parent or guardian available to care for such 2 child;
- 3 (ii) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian is not willing to 4 take custody of the child;
- 5 (iii) A manifest danger exists that the child will suffer serious 6 abuse or neglect if the child is not removed from the home and an order 7 under RCW 26.44.063 would not protect the child from danger; or
- 8 (iv) The extent of the child's disability is such that the parent, 9 guardian, or legal custodian is unable to provide the necessary care 10 for the child and the parent, guardian, or legal custodian has 11 determined that the child would benefit from placement outside of the 12 home.
- (2) If the court has ordered a child removed from his or her home 13 pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section, the court may order that 14 15 a petition seeking termination of the parent and child relationship be 16 filed if the court finds it is recommended by the supervising agency, that it is in the best interests of the child and that it is not 17 reasonable to provide further services to reunify the family because 18 19 the existence of aggravated circumstances make it unlikely that services will effectuate the return of the child to the child's parents 20 in the near future. In determining whether aggravated circumstances 21 exist, the court shall consider one or more of the following: 22
- (a) Conviction of the parent of rape of the child in the first, second, or third degree as defined in RCW 9A.44.073, 9A.44.076, and 9A.44.079;
- (b) Conviction of the parent of criminal mistreatment of the child in the first or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.42.020 and 9A.42.030;
- (c) Conviction of the parent of one of the following assault crimes, when the child is the victim: Assault in the first or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.011 and 9A.36.021 or assault of a child in the first or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.120 or 9A.36.130;
- (d) Conviction of the parent of murder, manslaughter, or homicide by abuse of the child's other parent, sibling, or another child;
- 35 (e) A finding by a court that a parent is a sexually violent 36 predator as defined in RCW 71.09.020;
- 37 (f) Failure of the parent to complete available treatment ordered 38 under this chapter or the equivalent laws of another state, where such 39 failure has resulted in a prior termination of parental rights to

1 another child and the parent has failed to effect significant change in 2 the interim.

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- (3) Whenever a child is ordered removed from the child's home, the agency charged with his or her care shall provide the court with:
- 5 (a) ((A permanent plan of care that may include one of the following: Return of the child to the home of the child's parent, 6 7 adoption, guardianship, or long-term placement with a relative or in 8 foster care with a written agreement.)) A permanency plan of care that 9 shall identify one of the following outcomes as a primary goal and may 10 identify additional outcomes as alternative goals: Return of the child to the home of the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian; 11 adoption; quardianship; or long-term relative or foster care, until the 12 13 child is age eighteen, with a written agreement between the parties and the care provider. 14
 - (b) Unless the court has ordered, pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, that a termination petition be filed, a specific plan as to where the child will be placed, what steps will be taken to return the child home, and what actions the agency will take to maintain parent-child ties. All aspects of the plan shall include the goal of achieving permanence for the child.
- (i) The agency plan shall specify what services the parents will be offered in order to enable them to resume custody, what requirements the parents must meet in order to resume custody, and a time limit for each service plan and parental requirement.
 - (ii) The agency shall be required to encourage the maximum parent-child contact possible, including regular visitation and participation by the parents in the care of the child while the child is in placement. Visitation may be limited or denied only if the court determines that such limitation or denial is necessary to protect the child's health, safety, or welfare.
- (iii) A child shall be placed as close to the child's home as possible, preferably in the child's own neighborhood, unless the court finds that placement at a greater distance is necessary to promote the child's or parents' well-being.
- (iv) The agency charged with supervising a child in placement shall provide all reasonable services that are available within the agency, or within the community, or those services which the department of social and health services has existing contracts to purchase. It shall report to the court if it is unable to provide such services.

(c) If the court has ordered, pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, that a termination petition be filed, a specific plan as to where the child will be placed, what steps will be taken to achieve 4 permanency for the child, services to be offered or provided to the child, and, if visitation would be in the best interests of the child, a recommendation to the court regarding visitation between parent and child pending a fact-finding hearing on the termination petition. agency shall not be required to develop a plan of services for the parents or provide services to the parents.

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- 10 (4) If there is insufficient information at the time of the disposition hearing upon which to base a determination regarding the 11 suitability of a proposed placement with a relative, the child shall 12 13 remain in foster care and the court shall direct the supervising agency to conduct necessary background investigations as provided in chapter 14 15 74.15 RCW and report the results of such investigation to the court within thirty days. However, if such relative appears otherwise 16 17 suitable and competent to provide care and treatment, the criminal history background check need not be completed before placement, but as 18 19 soon as possible after placement. Any placements with relatives, 20 pursuant to this section, shall be contingent upon cooperation by the relative with the agency case plan and compliance with court orders 21 related to the care and supervision of the child including, but not 22 23 limited to, court orders regarding parent-child contacts and any other 24 conditions imposed by the court. Noncompliance with the case plan or 25 court order shall be grounds for removal of the child from the 26 relative's home, subject to review by the court.
 - (5) Except for children whose cases are reviewed by a citizen review board under chapter 13.70 RCW, the status of all children found to be dependent shall be reviewed by the court at least every six months from the beginning date of the placement episode or the date dependency is established, whichever is first, at a hearing in which it shall be determined whether court supervision should continue. review shall include findings regarding the agency and parental completion of disposition plan requirements, and if necessary, revised permanency time limits.
- (a) A child shall not be returned home at the review hearing unless 36 37 the court finds that a reason for removal as set forth in this section 38 no longer exists. The parents, guardian, or legal custodian shall 39 report to the court the efforts they have made to correct the

- 1 conditions which led to removal. If a child is returned, casework 2 supervision shall continue for a period of six months, at which time 3 there shall be a hearing on the need for continued intervention.
- 4 (b) If the child is not returned home, the court shall establish in 5 writing:
- 6 (i) Whether reasonable services have been provided to or offered to 7 the parties to facilitate reunion, specifying the services provided or 8 offered;
- 9 (ii) Whether the child has been placed in the least-restrictive 10 setting appropriate to the child's needs, including whether 11 consideration has been given to placement with the child's relatives;
- 12 (iii) Whether there is a continuing need for placement and whether 13 the placement is appropriate;
- (iv) Whether there has been compliance with the case plan by the child, the child's parents, and the agency supervising the placement;
- 16 (v) Whether progress has been made toward correcting the problems 17 that necessitated the child's placement in out-of-home care;
- 18 (vi) Whether the parents have visited the child and any reasons why
 19 visitation has not occurred or has been infrequent;
- (vii) Whether additional services are needed to facilitate the return of the child to the child's parents; if so, the court shall order that reasonable services be offered specifying such services; and (viii) The projected date by which the child will be returned home
- (c) The court at the review hearing may order that a petition

or other permanent plan of care will be implemented.

- 26 seeking termination of the parent and child relationship be filed.
- 27 **Sec. 5.** RCW 13.34.145 and 1993 c 412 s 1 are each amended to read 28 as follows:
- (1) ((In all cases where a child has been placed in substitute care for at least fifteen months, the agency having custody of the child shall prepare a permanency plan and present it in a hearing held before the court no later than eighteen months following commencement of the placement episode.
- (2) At the permanency planning hearing, the court shall enter findings as required by RCW 13.34.130(5). In addition the court shall:

 (a) Approve a permanency plan which shall include one of the following:

 Adoption, guardianship, placement of the child in the home of the child's parent, relative placement with written permanency plan, or

family foster care with written permanency agreement; (b) require 1 filing of a petition for termination of parental rights; or (c) dismiss 2 the dependency, unless the court finds, based on clear, cogent, and 3 4 convincing evidence, that it is in the best interest of the child to 5 continue the dependency beyond eighteen months, based on the permanency plan. Extensions may only be granted in increments of twelve months or 6 less.)) A permanency plan shall be developed no later than sixty days 7 from the time the supervising agency assumes responsibility for 8 providing services, including placing the child, or at the time of a 9 hearing under RCW 13.34.130, whichever occurs first. The permanency 10 planning process continues until a permanency planning goal is achieved 11 or dependency is dismissed. The planning process shall include 12 reasonable efforts to return the child to the parent's home. 13

14 (a) Whenever a child is placed in out-of-home care pursuant to RCW 13.34.130, the agency that has custody of the child shall provide the 15 court with a written permanency plan of care directed towards securing 16 a safe, stable, and permanent home for the child as soon as possible. 17 The plan shall identify one of the following outcomes as the primary 18 19 goal and may also identify additional outcomes as alternative goals: Return of the child to the home of the child's parent, guardian, or 20 legal custodian; adoption; quardianship; or long-term relative or 21 foster care, until the child is age eighteen, with a written agreement 22 23 between the parties and the care provider.

24 <u>(b) The identified outcomes and goals of the permanency plan may</u> 25 <u>change over time based upon the circumstances of the particular case.</u>

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38 39 (c) Permanency planning goals should be achieved at the earliest possible date, preferably before the child has been in out-of-home care for fifteen months.

(2) A permanency planning hearing shall be held in all cases where a child has remained in out-of-home care for at least fifteen months and an adoption decree or guardianship order has not previously been entered. The hearing shall take place no later than eighteen months following commencement of the current placement episode.

(3) Whenever a child is removed from the home of a dependency guardian or long-term relative or foster care provider, and the child is not returned to the home of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian but is placed in out-of-home care, a permanency planning hearing shall take place no later than eighteen months following the date of removal unless, prior to the hearing, the child returns to the home of the

- 1 dependency guardian or long-term care provider, the child is placed in
- 2 the home of the parent, quardian, or legal custodian, an adoption
- 3 <u>decree</u> or <u>guardianship</u> order is <u>entered</u>, or the <u>dependency</u> is
- 4 dismissed.
- 5 (4) No later than ten working days prior to the permanency planning
- 6 hearing, the agency having custody of the child shall submit a written
- 7 permanency plan to the court and shall mail a copy of the plan to all
- 8 parties and their legal counsel, if any.
- 9 (5) At the permanency planning hearing, the court shall enter
- 10 findings as required by RCW 13.34.130(5) and shall review the
- 11 permanency plan prepared by the agency. If a goal of long-term foster
- 12 or relative care has been achieved prior to the permanency planning
- 13 hearing, the court shall review the child's status to determine whether
- 14 the placement and the plan for the child's care remain appropriate. In
- 15 cases where the primary permanency planning goal has not yet been
- 16 achieved, the court shall inquire regarding the reasons why the primary
- 17 goal has not been achieved and determine what needs to be done to make
- 18 it possible to achieve the primary goal. In all cases, the court
- 19 <u>shall:</u>
- 20 (a)(i) Order the permanency plan prepared by the agency to be
- 21 implemented; or
- 22 (ii) Modify the permanency plan, and order implementation of the
- 23 modified plan; and
- 24 (b)(i) Order the child returned home only if the court finds that
- 25 <u>a reason for removal as set forth in RCW 13.34.130 no longer exists; or</u>
- 26 (ii) Order the child to remain in out-of-home care for a limited
- 27 specified time period while efforts are made to implement the
- 28 permanency plan.
- 29 (6) If the court orders the child returned home, casework
- 30 supervision shall continue for at least six months, at which time a
- 31 review hearing shall be held pursuant to RCW 13.34.130(5), and the
- 32 court shall determine the need for continued intervention.
- 33 (7) Following the first permanency planning hearing, the court
- 34 shall hold a further permanency planning hearing in accordance with
- 35 this section at least once every twelve months until a permanency
- 36 planning goal is achieved or the dependency is dismissed, whichever
- 37 <u>occurs first.</u>
- 38 (8) Except as otherwise provided in RCW 13.34.235, the status of
- 39 all dependent children shall continue to be reviewed by the court at

- 1 least once every six months, in accordance with RCW 13.34.130(5), until
- 2 the dependency is dismissed. Prior to the second permanency planning
- 3 hearing, the agency that has custody of the child shall consider
- 4 whether to file a petition for termination of parental rights.
- 5 (9) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit the ability
- 6 of the agency that has custody of the child to file a petition for
- 7 termination of parental rights or a quardianship petition at any time
- 8 following the establishment of dependency. Upon the filing of such a
- 9 petition, a fact-finding hearing shall be scheduled and held in
- 10 accordance with this chapter unless the agency requests dismissal of
- 11 the petition prior to the hearing or unless the parties enter an agreed
- 12 order terminating parental rights, establishing guardianship, or
- 13 otherwise resolving the matter.
- 14 (10) The approval of a permanency plan that does not contemplate
- 15 return of the child to the parent does not relieve the supervising
- 16 agency of its obligation to provide reasonable services, under this
- 17 chapter, intended to effectuate the return of the child to the parent,
- 18 <u>including but not limited to, visitation rights.</u>
- 19 (11) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit the
- 20 procedural due process rights of any party in a termination or
- 21 guardianship proceeding filed under this chapter.
- 22 **Sec. 6.** RCW 13.34.231 and 1981 c 195 s 2 are each amended to read
- 23 as follows:
- 24 At the hearing on a <u>dependency</u> guardianship petition, all parties
- 25 have the right to present evidence and cross examine witnesses. The
- 26 rules of evidence apply to the conduct of the hearing. A guardianship
- 27 ((may)) shall be established if the court finds by a preponderance of
- 28 the evidence that:
- 29 (1) The child has been found to be a dependent child under RCW
- 30 $13.34.030((\frac{2}{2}));$
- 31 (2) A dispositional order has been entered pursuant to RCW
- 32 13.34.130;
- 33 (3) The child has been removed or will, at the time of the hearing,
- 34 have been removed from the custody of the parent for a period of at
- 35 least six months pursuant to a finding of dependency under RCW
- 36 $13.34.030((\frac{2}{2}));$
- 37 (4) The services ordered under RCW 13.34.130 have been offered or
- 38 provided and all necessary services, reasonably available, capable of

- 1 correcting the parental deficiencies within the foreseeable future have 2 been offered or provided;
- 3 (5) There is little likelihood that conditions will be remedied so 4 that the child can be returned to the parent in the near future; and
- 5 (6) A guardianship, rather than termination of the parent-child 6 relationship or continuation of ((the child's current dependent
- 7 status)) efforts to return the child to the custody of the parent,
- 8 would be in the best interest of the ((family)) child.
- 9 **Sec. 7.** RCW 13.34.232 and 1993 c 412 s 4 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
- 11 (1) If the court has made a finding under RCW 13.34.231, it shall
- 12 enter an order establishing a <u>dependency</u> guardianship for the child.
- 13 The order shall:
- 14 $((\frac{1}{1}))$ (a) Appoint a person or agency to serve as dependency
- 15 guardian for the limited purpose of assisting the court to supervise
- 16 <u>the dependency</u>;
- 17 $((\frac{2}{2}))$ Specify the <u>dependency</u> guardian's rights and
- 18 responsibilities concerning the care, custody, and control of the
- 19 child. A dependency guardian shall not have the authority to consent
- 20 to the child's adoption;
- 21 (((3))) <u>(c) Specify the dependency guardian's authority, if any,</u>
- 22 to receive, invest, and expend funds, benefits, or property belonging
- 23 to the child;
- 24 (d) Specify an appropriate frequency of visitation between the
- 25 parent and the child; and
- 26 (((4))) (e) Specify the need for any continued involvement of the
- 27 supervising agency and the nature of that involvement, if any.
- 28 ((The order shall not affect the child's status as a dependent
- 29 child, and the child shall remain dependent for the duration of the
- 30 guardianship.))
- 31 (2) Unless the court specifies otherwise in the guardianship order,
- 32 the dependency quardian shall maintain the physical custody of the
- 33 <u>child and have the following rights and duties:</u>
- 34 (a) Protect, discipline, and educate the child;
- 35 (b) Provide food, clothing, shelter, education as required by law,
- 36 and routine health care for the child;

- 1 (c) Consent to necessary health and surgical care and sign a 2 release of health care information to appropriate authorities, pursuant 3 to law;
 - (d) Consent to social and school activities of the child; and
- 5 (e) Provide an annual written accounting to the court regarding
- 6 receipt by the dependency guardian of any funds, benefits, or property
 7 belonging to the child and expenditures made therefrom.
- 8 (3) As used in this section, the term "health care" includes, but
- 9 is not limited to, medical, dental, psychological, and psychiatric care
- 10 and treatment.

- 11 (4) The child shall remain dependent for the duration of the
- 12 guardianship. While the guardianship remains in effect, the dependency
- 13 guardian shall be a party to any dependency proceedings pertaining to
- 14 the child.
- 15 (5) The quardianship shall remain in effect only until the child is
- 16 eighteen years of age or until the court terminates the guardianship
- 17 <u>order, whichever occurs sooner.</u>
- 18 **Sec. 8.** RCW 13.34.233 and 1981 c 195 s 4 are each amended to read 19 as follows:
- 20 (1) Any party may ((seek a modification of the)) request the court
- 21 to modify or terminate a dependency guardianship order under RCW
- 22 13.34.150. Notice of any motion to modify or terminate the
- 23 guardianship shall be served on all other parties, including any agency
- 24 that was responsible for supervising the child's placement at the time
- 25 the quardianship petition was filed. Notice shall in all cases be
- 26 served upon the department of social and health services. If the
- 27 department was not previously a party to the quardianship proceeding,
- 28 the department shall nevertheless have the right to initiate a
- 29 proceeding to modify or terminate a quardianship and the right to
- 30 intervene at any stage of such a proceeding.
- 31 (2) The quardianship may be modified or terminated upon the motion
- 32 of any party or the department if the court finds by a preponderance of
- 33 the evidence that there has been a change of circumstances subsequent
- 34 to the establishment of the quardianship and that it is in the child's
- 35 best interest to modify or terminate the quardianship. Unless all
- 36 parties agree to entry of an order modifying or terminating the
- 37 guardianship, the court shall hold a hearing on the motion.

- 1 (3) Upon entry of an order terminating the guardianship, the
 2 dependency guardian shall not have any rights or responsibilities with
 3 respect to the child and shall not have legal standing to participate
 4 as a party in further dependency proceedings pertaining to the child.
 5 The court may allow the child's dependency guardian to attend
 6 dependency review proceedings pertaining to the child for the sole
 7 purpose of providing information about the child to the court.
- 8 (4) Upon entry of an order terminating the quardianship, the child 9 shall remain dependent and the court shall either return the child to the child's parent or order the child into the custody, control, and 10 care of the department of social and health services or a licensed 11 child- placing agency for placement in a foster home or group care 12 facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or in a home not 13 14 required to be licensed pursuant to such chapter. The court shall not place a child in the custody of the child's parent unless the court 15 finds that a reason for removal as set forth in RCW 13.34.130 no longer 16 exists and that such placement is in the child's best interest. The 17 18 court shall thereafter conduct reviews as provided in RCW 13.34.130(5) and, where applicable, shall hold a permanency planning hearing in 19 accordance with RCW 13.34.145. 20
- 21 **Sec. 9.** RCW 13.34.234 and 1981 c 195 s 5 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
- Establishment of a <u>dependency</u> guardianship under RCW 13.34.231 and 13.34.232 does not preclude ((a)) the <u>dependency</u> guardian from receiving foster care payments.
- 26 **Sec. 10.** RCW 13.34.236 and 1981 c 195 s 7 are each amended to read 27 as follows:
- 28 (1) Any person over the age of twenty-one years who is not otherwise disqualified by this section, any nonprofit corporation, or 29 any Indian tribe may be appointed the dependency quardian of a child 30 under RCW 13.34.232. No person is qualified to serve as a <u>dependency</u> 31 32 guardian ((who: (1) Is of unsound mind; (2) has been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude; or (3) is a person 33 34 whom the court finds unsuitable)) unless the person meets the minimum 35 requirements to care for children as provided in RCW 74.15.030.
- 36 (2) If the preferences of a child's parent were not considered 37 under RCW 13.34.260 as they relate to the proposed dependency quardian,

- 1 the court shall consider such preferences before appointing the
- 2 <u>dependency guardian</u>."

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