## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5739

State of Washington 52nd Legislature 1991 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Anderson, Talmadge, von Reichbauer, McMullen, Amondson, Johnson, Oke, L. Smith and Sutherland).

Read first time March 11, 1991.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to juvenile serious habitual offenders; amending
- 2 RCW 13.50.050; adding a new chapter to Title 13 RCW; and creating a new
- 3 section.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that a substantial
- 6 and disproportionate amount of serious crime is committed by a
- 7 relatively small number of chronic juvenile offenders commonly known as
- 8 serious habitual offenders. In enacting this chapter the legislature
- 9 intends to support increased efforts by the juvenile justice system
- 10 comprised of law enforcement, prosecuting attorneys, probation
- 11 departments, juvenile courts, schools, and the division of juvenile
- 12 rehabilitation to identify these offenders early in their careers, and
- 13 to work cooperatively to investigate and record their activities,
- 14 prosecute them aggressively, sentence them appropriately, and to
- 15 supervise them intensively in institutions and in the community. The

- 1 legislature further supports increased interagency efforts to gather
- 2 comprehensive data and actively disseminate it to the agencies in the
- 3 juvenile justice system, to produce more informed decisions by all
- 4 agencies in that system through organizational and operational
- 5 techniques that have already proven their effectiveness in this and
- 6 other states.
- 7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) There is established within the
- 8 department of community development a program of financial assistance
- 9 for law enforcement, prosecuting attorneys, probation departments, and
- 10 schools, designated the "serious habitual offender program." All funds
- 11 appropriated to the department of community development for the
- 12 purposes of this chapter shall be administered and disbursed by the
- 13 department, and shall, to the greatest extent feasible, be coordinated
- 14 or consolidated with federal funds that may be made available for these
- 15 purposes. Funding for this program shall include the cost to the
- 16 department of community development for administering the grants.
- 17 (2) Allocation and award of funds for the purposes of this chapter
- 18 shall be made upon application by a prosecuting attorney, a local law
- 19 enforcement agency, a probation department, or a school district.
- 20 A policy board shall be established consisting of one
- 21 representative each from prosecuting attorneys, law enforcement
- 22 agencies, probation departments, and school districts, and two
- 23 representatives from the department of social and health services, one
- 24 being from the division of juvenile rehabilitation. The policy board
- 25 shall assist the department of community development in an advisory
- 26 capacity in the selection of applicants to receive grants and oversee
- 27 the serious habitual offender program. The department may allocate and
- 28 award funds to those agencies that establish programs in substantial
- 29 compliance with the policies and criteria set forth in this chapter.

- 1 The applicant agency shall use the funds to create an information
- 2 gathering and analysis unit responsible for the identification of
- 3 serious habitual offenders and for the dissemination of information
- 4 about the activities of those offenders to the criminal justice system.
- 5 This unit shall participate in the planning, support, and assistance of
- 6 activities required in sections 4 through 6 of this act. Funds
- 7 disbursed under this chapter shall not supplant local funds that would,
- 8 in absence of the program established by this chapter, be made
- 9 available to support the juvenile justice system.
- 10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** (1) For a person to be the subject of
- 11 the efforts of programs established pursuant to this chapter, the
- 12 person must have been convicted or entered diversion for a crime and
- 13 have:
- 14 (a) Accumulated five or more total arrests; with at least three
- 15 arrests for crimes chargeable as felonies and at least three of those
- 16 five arrests having occurred within the preceding twelve months;
- 17 (b) Accumulated ten or more total arrests; with at least two
- 18 arrests for crimes chargeable as felonies and at least three arrests
- 19 having occurred within the preceding twelve months;
- 20 (c) Been arrested at least once for three or more burglaries,
- 21 robberies, or sexual assaults within the preceding twelve months; or
- 22 (d) Accumulated ten or more total arrests; with at least eight
- 23 arrests for misdemeanor crimes of theft, assault, battery, narcotics or
- 24 controlled substance possession, substance abuse, or use or possession
- 25 of weapons, and at least three of those arrests having occurred within
- 26 the preceding twelve months.
- 27 (2) Arrests for infractions or conduct described as status offenses
- 28 shall not be utilized in determining whether an individual is described
- 29 in subsection (1) of this section. All arrests used in determining

- 1 eligibility for selection for program participation that did not result
- 2 in a filing of charges by the prosecutor's office shall be certified by
- 3 the prosecutor as having been substantiated by probable cause.
- 4 (3) In applying the selection criteria of this section, a program
- 5 may elect to limit its efforts to persons described in one or more of
- 6 the categories listed in subsection (1) of this section, or specified
- 7 felonies, if crime statistics demonstrate that the persons so
- 8 identified present a particularly serious problem in the county, or
- 9 that the incidence of the felonies so specified present a particularly
- 10 serious problem in the county. The above definitions are minimum
- 11 standards for identifying serious habitual offenders and do not
- 12 preclude program agencies from establishing stricter criteria in
- 13 identifying serious habitual offenders.
- 14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** Programs funded under this chapter shall
- 15 adopt and pursue the following policies:
- 16 (1) Each participating law enforcement agency shall do all of the
- 17 following:
- 18 (a) Gather data on identified serious habitual offenders.
- 19 (b) Compile data into a format usable state-wide by law
- 20 enforcement, prosecutors, probation officers, schools, and courts
- 21 pursuant to interagency agreement.
- (c) Regularly update data and disseminate data to criminal justice
- 23 system agencies as needed.
- 24 (d) Establish local policies in cooperation with the prosecutor,
- 25 the probation officer, schools, the department of social and health
- 26 services, and the juvenile court regarding data collection, arrest, and
- 27 detention of serious habitual offenders.
- 28 (e) Provide support and assistance to other agencies engaged in the
- 29 program.

- 1 (2) Each participating prosecuting attorney's office shall do all
- 2 of the following:
- 3 (a) File charges based on the most serious provable offenses of
- 4 each arrest of a serious habitual offender.
- 5 (b) Use all reasonable prosecutorial efforts to resist the release,
- 6 where appropriate, of the serious habitual offender at all stages of
- 7 the prosecution.
- 8 (c) Seek an admission of guilt on all offenses charged in the
- 9 informations against the offender. The only cases in which the
- 10 prosecutor may request the court to reduce or dismiss the charges are
- 11 cases in which the prosecutor decides there is insufficient evidence to
- 12 prove the state's case, the testimony of a material witness cannot be
- 13 obtained, or a reduction or dismissal will not result in a substantial
- 14 change in sentence, or prosecution will not serve the public interest.
- 15 In those cases, the prosecutor shall inform the program agencies
- 16 stating the specific factual and legal basis for such a disposition.
- 17 (d) Prosecute aggressively all cases involving serious habitual
- 18 offenders, whereby the prosecutor who makes the initial filing decision
- 19 or appearance on such a case shall perform all subsequent court
- 20 appearances on that case through its conclusion, including the
- 21 disposition phase.
- (e) Make all reasonable prosecutorial efforts to persuade the court
- 23 to impose the most appropriate sentence upon such an offender at the
- 24 time of disposition.
- 25 (f) Make all reasonable prosecutorial efforts to reduce the time
- 26 between arrest and disposition of the charge.
- 27 (g) Act as a liaison with the court and other criminal justice
- 28 agencies to establish local policies regarding the program and to
- 29 ensure interagency cooperation in the planning and implementation of
- 30 the program.

- 1 (h) Provide support and assistance to other agencies engaged in the
- 2 program.
- 3 (3) Each participating juvenile probation department shall do all
- 4 of the following:
- 5 (a) Cooperate in gathering data for use by all participating
- 6 agencies pursuant to interagency agreement.
- 7 (b) Give priority to detaining serious habitual offenders in
- 8 custody who lack proper and effective parental care and control and who
- 9 have no one willing to assume or capable of assuming the parental role
- 10 and the serious habitual offender is serving a sentence, on bail, or in
- 11 violation of a court order.
- 12 (c) Consider the data relating to serious habitual offenders when
- 13 making all decisions regarding the identified individual and include
- 14 relevant data in written reports to the court.
- 15 (d) File information on violations of probation with the court
- 16 immediately.
- 17 (e) Establish local policies in cooperation with law enforcement
- 18 and the prosecuting attorney, schools, and the juvenile court regarding
- 19 the program and provide support and assistance to other agencies
- 20 engaged in the program.
- 21 (4) For the purposes of this chapter, school districts shall be
- 22 juvenile care agencies as defined in RCW 13.50.010 and shall do all of
- 23 the following:
- 24 (a) Cooperate in providing data on students identified by
- 25 definition of this chapter as serious habitual offenders, for profiling
- 26 by participating agencies pursuant to interagency agreement. Such data
- 27 shall include but not be limited to past and current accounts of
- 28 truancy, disruptive behavior, disciplinary actions, and suspension or
- 29 expulsion history.

- 1 (b) Report all crimes that are committed on campus by serious
- 2 habitual offenders to law enforcement.
- 3 (c) Report all violations of probation committed on campus by
- 4 serious habitual offenders to the probation officer or program
- 5 coordinator.
- 6 (d) Provide educational supervision and social or educational
- 7 services appropriate to serious habitual offenders attending schools.
- 8 (e) Establish local policies in cooperation with law enforcement,
- 9 the prosecuting attorney, the probation department, and the juvenile
- 10 court regarding the program and provide support and assistance to other
- 11 agencies engaged in the program.
- 12 (f) Special services units of participating school districts shall
- 13 have the option of notifying participating agencies under this chapter,
- 14 individually or collectively, about students of concern which have come
- 15 to their attention as being potentially at risk of becoming serious
- 16 habitual offenders, the purpose of which shall be to utilize the
- 17 combined agencies' resources for deterring juveniles from acquiring
- 18 serious habitual offender status.
- 19 (5) The department of social and health services shall do all of
- 20 the following:
- 21 (a) Coordinate with participating agencies under this chapter per
- 22 interagency agreement to identify serious habitual offenders.
- 23 (b) Cooperate in providing data on juveniles identified by this
- 24 chapter as serious habitual offenders for profiling by participating
- 25 agencies pursuant to interagency agreement. Such data shall include,
- 26 but not be limited to, child protective services reports involving the
- 27 serious habitual offender, contacts, state or county-funded
- 28 intelligence and psychological evaluations, and group home placement
- 29 behavior reports.

- 1 (6) By January 1, 1993, the participating funded programs shall
- 2 submit to the department of community development a written report
- 3 regarding achievement of program goals. The department of community
- 4 development will then submit to the legislature a written summary of
- 5 the reports. The reports, individually and collectively shall do all
- 6 of the following:
- 7 (a) Document the amount of serious crime committed by a relatively
- 8 small number of serious habitual offenders.
- 9 (b) Provide statistical documentation regarding the total number of
- 10 juveniles in the program, the types of offenses committed, the manner
- 11 in which cases are disposed, and a statistical profile of the average
- 12 juvenile who qualifies for the program.
- 13 (c) Evaluate program costs.
- 14 (d) Review new operational and organizational techniques used in
- 15 gathering and disseminating information, and in prosecution and in
- 16 monitoring and supervising serious habitual offenders.
- 17 (e) Compare this program and its effectiveness with the techniques
- 18 and methods used prior to the implementation of the program.
- 19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** The division of juvenile rehabilitation
- 20 shall give priority to institutional placement of convicted offenders
- 21 sentenced to sixteen weeks or more and identified as serious habitual
- 22 offenders. Serious habitual offenders sentenced to thirteen weeks or
- 23 more shall not be placed in community-based group homes or other
- 24 nonsecure facilities.
- 25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** The administrator for the courts shall
- 26 provide participating agencies providing juvenile court services with
- 27 monthly print-outs identifying juveniles by name and date of birth who
- 28 have three or more arrests for the calendar year within the county, the

- 1 number of arrests for the calendar year, and the total lifetime arrest
- 2 violations of the identified juveniles; the purpose of which will be to
- 3 assist the program agencies in identifying the juveniles who are
- 4 serious habitual offenders.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** This chapter authorizes the inspection
- 6 of juvenile court records, probation, and division of juvenile
- 7 rehabilitation records, prosecuting attorney records, school records,
- 8 and law enforcement records by the participating law enforcement agency
- 9 charged with the compilation of the data relating to serious habitual
- 10 offenders into the format used by all participating agencies.
- 11 Confidentiality of records information shall not apply to serious
- 12 habitual offenders within the scope of information exchange between law
- 13 enforcement, juvenile justice, and juvenile care agencies. Neither
- 14 these records provided to the program agencies, nor the records
- 15 developed from the information shall be available for public disclosure
- 16 or inspection.
- 17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** Within one month of implementation of
- 18 the program, all participating agencies in a county shall execute a
- 19 written interagency agreement outlining their role in the program,
- 20 including the duties they will perform, the duties other agencies will
- 21 perform for and with them, and the categories of information to be
- 22 collected and the plan for its distribution and use. All participating
- 23 agencies will meet no less than once each month to plan, implement, and
- 24 refine the operation of the program and to exchange information about
- 25 individuals subject to the program or other related topics.
- 26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** Law enforcement agencies and prosecuting
- 27 attorneys participating in programs pursuant to this chapter shall

- 1 adopt procedures to require a check of juvenile criminal history of all
- 2 adults whose cases are presented to the prosecuting attorney's office
- 3 for filing. The juvenile criminal history shall be considered by the
- 4 prosecuting attorney in the charging decision and establishing the
- 5 prosecuting attorney's position on the appropriate plea and sentence.
- 6 **Sec. 10.** RCW 13.50.050 and 1990 c 3 s 125 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
- 8 (1) This section governs records relating to the commission of
- 9 juvenile offenses, including records relating to diversions.
- 10 (2) The official juvenile court file of any alleged or proven
- 11 juvenile offender shall be open to public inspection, unless sealed
- 12 pursuant to subsection (11) of this section.
- 13 (3) All records other than the official juvenile court file are
- 14 confidential and may be released only as provided in this section,
- 15 <u>section 7 of this act,</u> RCW 13.50.010, 13.40.215, and 4.24.550.
- 16 (4) Except as otherwise provided in this section, section 7 of this
- 17 act, and RCW 13.50.010, records retained or produced by any juvenile
- 18 justice or care agency may be released to other participants in the
- 19 juvenile justice or care system only when an investigation or case
- 20 involving the juvenile in question is being pursued by the other
- 21 participant or when that other participant is assigned the
- 22 responsibility for supervising the juvenile.
- 23 (5) Except as provided in RCW 4.24.550, information not in an
- 24 official juvenile court file concerning a juvenile or a juvenile's
- 25 family may be released to the public only when that information could
- 26 not reasonably be expected to identify the juvenile or the juvenile's
- 27 family.
- 28 (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the
- 29 release, to the juvenile or his or her attorney, of law enforcement and

- 1 prosecuting attorneys' records pertaining to investigation, diversion,
- 2 and prosecution of juvenile offenses shall be governed by the rules of
- 3 discovery and other rules of law applicable in adult criminal
- 4 investigations and prosecutions.
- 5 (7) The juvenile court and the prosecutor may set up and maintain
- 6 a central record-keeping system which may receive information on all
- 7 alleged juvenile offenders against whom a complaint has been filed
- 8 pursuant to RCW 13.40.070 whether or not their cases are currently
- 9 pending before the court. The central record-keeping system may be
- 10 computerized. If a complaint has been referred to a diversion unit,
- 11 the diversion unit shall promptly report to the juvenile court or the
- 12 prosecuting attorney when the juvenile has agreed to diversion. An
- 13 offense shall not be reported as criminal history in any central
- 14 record-keeping system without notification by the diversion unit of the
- 15 date on which the offender agreed to diversion.
- 16 (8) Upon request of the victim of a crime or the victim's immediate
- 17 family, the identity of an alleged or proven juvenile offender alleged
- 18 or found to have committed a crime against the victim and the identity
- 19 of the alleged or proven juvenile offender's parent, guardian, or
- 20 custodian and the circumstance of the alleged or proven crime shall be
- 21 released to the victim of the crime or the victim's immediate family.
- 22 (9) Subject to the rules of discovery applicable in adult criminal
- 23 prosecutions, the juvenile offense records of an adult criminal
- 24 defendant or witness in an adult criminal proceeding shall be released
- 25 upon request to prosecution and defense counsel after a charge has
- 26 actually been filed. The juvenile offense records of any adult
- 27 convicted of a crime and placed under the supervision of the adult
- 28 corrections system shall be released upon request to the adult
- 29 corrections system.

- 1 (10) In any case in which an information has been filed pursuant to
- 2 RCW 13.40.100 or a complaint has been filed with the prosecutor and
- 3 referred for diversion pursuant to RCW 13.40.070, the person the
- 4 subject of the information or complaint may file a motion with the
- 5 court to have the court vacate its order and findings, if any, and,
- 6 subject to subsection (24) of this section, order the sealing of the
- 7 official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of the court
- 8 and of any other agency in the case.
- 9 (11) The court shall grant the motion to seal records made pursuant
- 10 to subsection (10) of this section if it finds that:
- 11 (a) Two years have elapsed from the later of: (i) Final discharge
- 12 of the person from the supervision of any agency charged with
- 13 supervising juvenile offenders; or (ii) from the entry of a court order
- 14 relating to the commission of a juvenile offense or a criminal offense;
- 15 (b) No proceeding is pending against the moving party seeking the
- 16 conviction of a juvenile offense or a criminal offense; and
- 17 (c) No proceeding is pending seeking the formation of a diversion
- 18 agreement with that person.
- 19 (12) The person making a motion pursuant to subsection (10) of this
- 20 section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to the prosecution
- 21 and to any person or agency whose files are sought to be sealed.
- 22 (13) If the court grants the motion to seal made pursuant to
- 23 subsection (10) of this section, it shall, subject to subsection (24)
- 24 of this section, order sealed the official juvenile court file, the
- 25 social file, and other records relating to the case as are named in the
- 26 order. Thereafter, the proceedings in the case shall be treated as if
- 27 they never occurred, and the subject of the records may reply
- 28 accordingly to any inquiry about the events, records of which are
- 29 sealed. Any agency shall reply to any inquiry concerning confidential
- 30 or sealed records that records are confidential, and no information can

- 1 be given about the existence or nonexistence of records concerning an
- 2 individual.
- 3 (14) Inspection of the files and records included in the order to
- 4 seal may thereafter be permitted only by order of the court upon motion
- 5 made by the person who is the subject of the information or complaint,
- 6 except as otherwise provided in RCW 13.50.010(8) and subsection (24) of
- 7 this section.
- 8 (15) Any adjudication of a juvenile offense or a crime subsequent
- 9 to sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order. Any
- 10 conviction for any adult felony subsequent to the sealing has the
- 11 effect of nullifying the sealing order for the purposes of chapter
- 12 9.94A RCW for any juvenile adjudication of guilt for a class A offense
- 13 or a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.
- 14 (16) In any case in which an information has been filed pursuant to
- 15 RCW 13.40.100 or a complaint has been filed with the prosecutor and
- 16 referred for diversion pursuant to RCW 13.40.070, the person who is the
- 17 subject of the information or complaint may file a motion with the
- 18 court to have the court vacate its order and findings, if any, and,
- 19 subject to subsection (24) of this section, order the destruction of
- 20 the official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of the
- 21 court and of any other agency in the case.
- 22 (17) The court may grant the motion to destroy records made
- 23 pursuant to subsection (16) of this section if it finds:
- 24 (a) The person making the motion is at least twenty-three years of
- 25 age;
- 26 (b) The person has not subsequently been convicted of a felony;
- 27 (c) No proceeding is pending against that person seeking the
- 28 conviction of a criminal offense; and
- 29 (d) The person has never been found guilty of a serious offense.

- 1 (18) A person eighteen years of age or older whose criminal history
- 2 consists of only one referral for diversion may request that the court
- 3 order the records in that case destroyed. The request shall be
- 4 granted, subject to subsection (24) of this section, if the court finds
- 5 that two years have elapsed since completion of the diversion
- 6 agreement.
- 7 (19) If the court grants the motion to destroy records made
- 8 pursuant to subsection (16) or (18) of this section, it shall, subject
- 9 to subsection (24) of this section, order the official juvenile court
- 10 file, the social file, and any other records named in the order to be
- 11 destroyed.
- 12 (20) The person making the motion pursuant to subsection (16) or
- 13 (18) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to the
- 14 prosecuting attorney and to any agency whose records are sought to be
- 15 destroyed.
- 16 (21) Any juvenile to whom the provisions of this section may apply
- 17 shall be given written notice of his or her rights under this section
- 18 at the time of his or her disposition hearing or during the diversion
- 19 process.
- 20 (22) Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent a crime
- 21 victim or a member of the victim's family from divulging the identity
- 22 of the alleged or proven juvenile offender or his or her family when
- 23 necessary in a civil proceeding.
- 24 (23) Any juvenile justice or care agency may, subject to the
- 25 limitations in subsection (24) of this section and subparagraphs (a)
- 26 and (b) of this subsection, develop procedures for the routine
- 27 destruction of records relating to juvenile offenses and diversions.
- 28 (a) Records may be routinely destroyed only when the person the
- 29 subject of the information or complaint has attained twenty-three years
- 30 of age or older, or is eighteen years of age or older and his or her

- 1 criminal history consists entirely of one diversion agreement and two
- 2 years have passed since completion of the agreement.
- 3 (b) The court may not routinely destroy the official juvenile court
- 4 file or recordings or transcripts of any proceedings.
- 5 (24) No identifying information held by the Washington state patrol
- 6 in accordance with chapter 43.43 RCW is subject to destruction or
- 7 sealing under this section. For the purposes of this subsection,
- 8 identifying information includes photographs, fingerprints, palmprints,
- 9 soleprints, toeprints and any other data that identifies a person by
- 10 physical characteristics, name, birthdate or address, but does not
- 11 include information regarding criminal activity, arrest, charging,
- 12 diversion, conviction or other information about a person's treatment
- 13 by the criminal justice system or about the person's behavior.
- 14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** If specific funding for the purposes of
- 15 this act, referencing this act by bill number, is not provided by June
- 16 30, 1991, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act shall be null and
- 17 void.
- 18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** Sections 1 through 9 of this act shall
- 19 constitute a new chapter in Title 13 RCW.