SENATE BILL 5665

State of Washington 52nd Legislature 1991 Regular Session

By Senators L. Smith, Stratton and Craswell.

Read first time February 13, 1991. Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to dependent children; amending RCW 13.34.020,
- 2 13.34.120, 13.34.145, and 13.34.190; reenacting and amending RCW
- 3 13.34.130; and adding a new section to chapter 74.13 RCW.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 13.34.020 and 1990 c 284 s 31 are each amended to read
- 6 as follows:
- 7 The legislature declares that the family unit is a fundamental
- 8 resource of American life which should be nurtured. Toward the
- 9 continuance of this principle, the legislature declares that the family
- 10 unit should remain intact unless a child's right to conditions of basic
- 11 nurture, health, or safety is jeopardized. When the rights of basic
- 12 nurture, physical and mental health, and safety of the child and the
- 13 legal rights of the parents are in conflict, the rights and safety of
- 14 the child should prevail. The right of a child to basic nurturing

- 1 includes the right to a safe, stable, and permanent home and a speedy 2 resolution of any proceeding under this chapter.
- 3 Permanent placement with the biological or adoptive family should
- 4 be achieved as soon as possible for every child in foster care and no
- 5 child should remain in foster care longer than one year from the date
- 6 of disposition. It is the intent of the legislature that a child be
- 7 reunited with the child's natural family whenever possible and, when
- 8 not possible, that the child be permanently placed for adoption or,
- 9 when neither option is achievable, that the child be prepared for
- 10 alternative permanency goals or placements to include, but not limited
- 11 to, long-term foster care, independent living, custody to a relative on
- 12 a permanent basis with or without legal guardianship, or custody to a
- 13 foster parent on a permanent basis with or without legal guardianship.
- 14 **Sec. 2.** RCW 13.34.120 and 1987 c 524 s 5 are each amended to read
- 15 as follows:
- 16 (1) To aid the court in its decision on disposition, a social
- 17 study, consisting of a written evaluation of matters relevant to the
- 18 disposition of the case, shall be made by the person or agency filing
- 19 the petition. The study shall include all social records and may also
- 20 include facts relating to the child's cultural heritage, and shall be
- 21 made available to the court. The court shall consider the social file
- 22 and social study at the disposition hearing in addition to evidence
- 23 produced at the fact-finding hearing. At least ten working days before
- 24 the disposition hearing, the department shall mail to the parent and
- 25 his or her attorney a copy of the agency's social study and proposed
- 26 service plan, which shall be in writing or in a form understandable to
- 27 the parents or custodians. In addition, the department shall provide
- 28 an opportunity for parents to review and comment on the plan at the
- 29 community service office. If possible, the department shall make a

- 1 documented effort to have a face-to-face conference with the parties
- 2 regarding the plan. If the parents disagree with the agency's plan or
- 3 any part thereof, the parents shall submit to the court at least
- 4 twenty-four hours before the hearing, in writing, or signed oral
- 5 statement, an alternative plan to correct the problems which led to the
- 6 finding of dependency. This section shall not interfere with the right
- 7 of the parents or custodians to submit oral arguments regarding the
- 8 disposition plan at the hearing.
- 9 (2) In addition to the requirements set forth in subsection (1) of
- 10 this section, a predisposition study to the court in cases of
- 11 dependency alleged pursuant to RCW 13.34.030(2) (b) or (c) shall
- 12 contain the following information:
- 13 (a) A statement of the specific harm or harms to the child that
- 14 intervention is designed to alleviate;
- 15 (b) A description of the specific programs, for both the parents
- 16 and child, that are needed in order to prevent serious harm to the
- 17 child; the reasons why such programs are likely to be useful; the
- 18 availability of any proposed services; and the agency's overall plan
- 19 for ensuring that the services will be delivered;
- 20 (c) If removal is recommended, a full description of the reasons
- 21 why the child cannot be protected adequately in the home, including a
- 22 description of any previous efforts to work with the parents and the
- 23 child in the home; the in-home treatment programs which have been
- 24 considered and rejected; and the parents' attitude toward placement of
- 25 the child;
- 26 (d) A statement of the likely harms the child will suffer as a
- 27 result of removal. This section should include an exploration of the
- 28 nature of the parent-child attachment and the meaning of separation and
- 29 loss to both the parents and the child;

- 1 (e) A description of the steps that will be taken to minimize harm
- 2 to the child that may result if separation occurs; and
- 3 (f) Behavior that will be expected before determination that
- 4 supervision of the family or placement is no longer necessary.
- 5 Sec. 3. RCW 13.34.130 and 1990 c 284 s 32 and 1990 c 246 s 5 are
- 6 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 7 If, after a fact-finding hearing pursuant to RCW 13.34.110, as now
- 8 or hereafter amended, it has been proven by a preponderance of the
- 9 evidence that the child is dependent within the meaning of RCW
- 10 13.34.030(2); after consideration of the predisposition report prepared
- 11 pursuant to RCW 13.34.110 and after a disposition hearing has been held
- 12 pursuant to RCW 13.34.110, the court shall enter an order of
- 13 disposition pursuant to this section.
- 14 (1) The court shall order one of the following dispositions of the
- 15 case:
- 16 (a) Order a disposition other than removal of the child from his or
- 17 her home, which shall provide a program designed to alleviate the
- 18 immediate danger to the child, to mitigate or cure any damage the child
- 19 has already suffered, and to aid the parents so that the child will not
- 20 be endangered in the future. In selecting a program, the court should
- 21 choose those services that least interfere with family autonomy,
- 22 provided that the services are adequate to protect the child.
- 23 (b) Order that the child be removed from his or her home and
- 24 ordered into the custody, control, and care of a relative or the
- 25 department of social and health services or a licensed child placing
- 26 agency for placement in a foster family home or group care facility
- 27 licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or in a home not required to be
- 28 licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW. Unless there is reasonable
- 29 cause to believe that the safety or welfare of the child would be

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- 1 jeopardized or that efforts to reunite the parent and child will be
- 2 hindered, such child shall be placed with a grandparent, brother,
- 3 sister, stepbrother, stepsister, uncle, aunt, or first cousin with whom
- 4 the child has a relationship and is comfortable, and who is willing and
- 5 available to care for the child. An order for out-of-home placement
- 6 may be made only if the court finds that reasonable efforts have been
- 7 made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the
- 8 child's home and to make it possible for the child to return home,
- 9 specifying the services that have been provided to the child and the
- 10 child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian, and that:
- 11 (i) There is no parent or guardian available to care for such
- 12 child;
- 13 (ii) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian is not willing to
- 14 take custody of the child;
- 15 (iii) A manifest danger exists that the child will suffer serious
- 16 abuse or neglect if the child is not removed from the home and an order
- 17 under RCW 26.44.063 would not protect the child from danger; or
- 18 (iv) The extent of the child's disability is such that the parent,
- 19 quardian, or legal custodian is unable to provide the necessary care
- 20 for the child and the parent, guardian, or legal custodian has
- 21 determined that the child would benefit from placement outside of the
- 22 home.
- 23 (2) If the court has ordered a child removed from his or her home
- 24 pursuant to RCW 13.34.130(1)(b), the court may order that a petition
- 25 seeking termination of the parent and child relationship be filed if
- 26 the court finds it is recommended by the supervising agency, that it is
- 27 in the best interests of the child and that it is not reasonable to
- 28 provide further services to reunify the family because the existence of
- 29 aggravated circumstances make it unlikely that services will effectuate
- 30 the return of the child to the child's parents in the near future. In

- 1 determining whether aggravated circumstances exist, the court shall
- 2 consider one or more of the following:
- 3 (a) Conviction of the parent of rape of the child in the first,
- 4 second, or third degree as defined in RCW 9A.44.073, 9A.44.076, and
- 5 9A.44.079;
- 6 (b) Conviction of the parent of criminal mistreatment of the child
- 7 in the first or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.42.020 and
- 8 9A.42.030;
- 9 (c) Conviction of the parent of assault of the child in the first
- 10 or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.011 and 9A.36.021;
- 11 (d) Conviction of the parent of murder, manslaughter, or homicide
- 12 by abuse of the child's other parent, sibling, or another child;
- 13 (e) A finding by a court that a parent is a sexually violent
- 14 predator as defined in RCW ((9A.88.010)) 71.09.020;
- 15 (f) ((Failure of the parent to complete available treatment ordered
- 16 under this chapter or the equivalent laws of another state, where such
- 17 failure has resulted in a prior termination of parental rights to
- 18 another child and the parent has failed to effect significant change in
- 19 the interim)) Prior termination of parental rights to another child and
- 20 <u>failure of the parent to effect significant change in the interim;</u>
- 21 (q) Use of intoxicating liquors or controlled substances so as to
- 22 render the parent incapable of providing proper care for the child for
- 23 <u>extended periods of time and documented unwillingness of the parent to</u>
- 24 receive and complete treatment or documented multiple failed treatment
- 25 <u>attempts;</u>
- 26 (h) Psychological incapacity or mental deficiency of the parent
- 27 that is so severe and chronic as to render the parent incapable of
- 28 providing proper care for the child for extended periods of time, and
- 29 there are no reasonably available services that are capable of
- 30 correcting the parental deficiencies in the near future;

- 1 (i) Failure of the parent to participate regularly in any court-
- 2 <u>ordered treatment programs; or</u>
- 3 (j) Failure of the parent to maintain regular visitation or other
- 4 contact with the child contained in a plan designed to reunite the
- 5 child with the parent.
- 6 (3) Whenever a child is ordered removed from the child's home, the
- 7 agency charged with his or her care shall provide the court with:
- 8 (a) A permanent plan of care that may include one of the following:
- 9 Return of the child to the home of the child's parent, adoption,
- 10 guardianship, or long-term placement with a relative or in foster care
- 11 with a written agreement.
- 12 (b) Unless the court has ordered, pursuant to RCW 13.34.130(2),
- 13 that a termination petition be filed, a specific plan as to where the
- 14 child will be placed, what steps will be taken to return the child
- 15 home, and what actions the agency will take to maintain parent-child
- 16 ties. All aspects of the plan shall include the goal of achieving
- 17 permanence for the child.
- 18 (i) The agency plan shall specify what services the parents will be
- 19 offered in order to enable them to resume custody, what requirements
- 20 the parents must meet in order to resume custody, and a time limit for
- 21 each service plan and parental requirement.
- 22 (ii) The agency shall be required to encourage the maximum parent-
- 23 child contact possible, including regular visitation and participation
- 24 by the parents in the care of the child while the child is in
- 25 placement. Visitation may be limited or denied only if the court
- 26 determines that such limitation or denial is necessary to protect the
- 27 child's health, safety, or welfare.
- 28 (iii) A child shall be placed as close to the child's home as
- 29 possible, preferably in the child's own neighborhood, unless the court

- finds that placement at a greater distance is necessary to promote the child's or parents' well-being.
- 3 (iv) The agency charged with supervising a child in placement shall
- 4 provide all reasonable services that are available within the agency,
- 5 or within the community, or those services which the department of
- 6 social and health services has existing contracts to purchase. It
- 7 shall report to the court if it is unable to provide such services.
- 8 (c) If the court has ordered, pursuant to RCW 13.34.130(2), that a
- 9 termination petition be filed, a specific plan as to where the child
- 10 will be placed, what steps will be taken to achieve permanency for the
- 11 child, services to be offered or provided to the child, and, if
- 12 visitation would be in the best interests of the child, a
- 13 recommendation to the court regarding visitation between parent and
- 14 child pending a fact-finding hearing on the termination petition. The
- 15 agency shall not be required to develop a plan of services for the
- 16 parents or provide services to the parents.
- 17 (4) If there is insufficient information at the time of the
- 18 disposition hearing upon which to base a determination regarding the
- 19 suitability of a proposed placement with a relative, the child shall
- 20 remain in foster care and the court shall direct the supervising agency
- 21 to conduct necessary background investigations as provided in chapter
- 22 74.15 RCW and report the results of such investigation to the court
- 23 within thirty days. However, if such relative appears otherwise
- 24 suitable and competent to provide care and treatment, the criminal
- 25 history background check need not be completed before placement, but as
- 26 soon as possible after placement. Any placements with relatives,
- 27 pursuant to this section, shall be contingent upon cooperation by the
- 28 relative with the agency case plan and compliance with court orders
- 29 related to the care and supervision of the child including, but not
- 30 limited to, court orders regarding parent-child contacts and any other

- 1 conditions imposed by the court. Noncompliance with the case plan or
- 2 court order shall be grounds for removal of the child from the
- 3 relative's home, subject to review by the court.
- 4 (5) The status of all children found to be dependent shall be
- 5 reviewed by the court at least every six months from the beginning date
- 6 of the placement episode or the date dependency is established,
- 7 whichever is first, at a hearing in which it shall be determined
- 8 whether court supervision should continue. The review shall include
- 9 findings regarding the agency and parental completion of disposition
- 10 plan requirements, and if necessary, revised permanency time limits.
- 11 (a) A child shall not be returned home at the review hearing unless
- 12 the court finds that a reason for removal as set forth in this section
- 13 no longer exists. The parents, guardian, or legal custodian shall
- 14 report to the court the efforts they have made to correct the
- 15 conditions which led to removal. If a child is returned, casework
- 16 supervision shall continue for a period of six months, at which time
- 17 there shall be a hearing on the need for continued intervention.
- 18 (b) If the child is not returned home, the court shall establish in
- 19 writing:
- 20 (i) Whether reasonable services have been provided to or offered to
- 21 the parties to facilitate reunion, specifying the services provided or
- 22 offered;
- 23 (ii) Whether the child has been placed in the least-restrictive
- 24 setting appropriate to the child's needs, including whether
- 25 consideration has been given to placement with the child's relatives;
- 26 (iii) Whether there is a continuing need for placement and whether
- 27 the placement is appropriate;
- 28 (iv) Whether there has been compliance with the case plan by the
- 29 child, the child's parents, and the agency supervising the placement;

- 1 (v) Whether progress has been made toward correcting the problems
- 2 that necessitated the child's placement in out-of-home care;
- 3 (vi) Whether the parents have visited the child and any reasons why
- 4 visitation has not occurred or has been infrequent;
- 5 (vii) Whether additional services are needed to facilitate the
- 6 return of the child to the child's parents; if so, the court shall
- 7 order that reasonable services be offered specifying such services; and
- 8 (viii) The projected date by which the child will be returned home
- 9 or other permanent plan of care will be implemented.
- 10 (c) The court at the review hearing may order that a petition
- 11 seeking termination of the parent and child relationship be filed.
- 12 **Sec. 4.** RCW 13.34.145 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 17 s 18 are each
- 13 amended to read as follows:
- 14 (1) In all cases where a child has been placed in substitute care
- 15 for at least fifteen months, a permanency planning hearing shall be
- 16 held before the court no later than eighteen months following
- 17 commencement of the placement episode.
- 18 (2) At the permanency planning hearing, the court shall enter
- 19 findings as required by RCW $((\frac{13.34.130(4)}{13.34.130(5)})$. In addition
- 20 the court shall: (a) Approve a permanent plan of care which can
- 21 include one of the following: Adoption, guardianship, or placement of
- 22 the child in the home of the child's parent; (b) require filing of a
- 23 petition for termination of parental rights; or (c) dismiss the
- 24 dependency, unless the court finds, based on clear, cogent, and
- 25 convincing evidence, that it is in the best interest of the child to
- 26 continue the dependency beyond eighteen months, based on a permanent
- 27 plan of care. Extensions may only be granted in increments of twelve
- 28 months or less.

- 1 (3) The failure of a parent to participate in the court-ordered
- 2 services or caseplan, to demonstrate substantial improvements in the
- 3 circumstances that led to the child's removal, or to participate on a
- 4 regular basis in court-ordered visitation with the child shall give
- 5 rise to a presumption that there is little likelihood that conditions
- 6 will be remedied so that the child can be returned to the parent in the
- 7 near future. Unless the presumption is rebutted by persuasive
- 8 evidence, the court shall direct the supervising agency to pursue a
- 9 permanency plan that includes filing a petition for termination of
- 10 parental rights.
- 11 **Sec. 5.** RCW 13.34.190 and 1990 c 284 s 33 are each amended to read
- 12 as follows:
- 13 After hearings pursuant to RCW 13.34.110, the court may enter an
- 14 order terminating all parental rights to a child if the court finds
- 15 that:
- 16 (1) The allegations contained in the petition as provided in RCW
- 17 13.34.180 (1) through (6) are established by clear, cogent, and
- 18 convincing evidence; or
- 19 (2) RCW 13.34.180 (3) and (4) may be waived because the allegations
- 20 under RCW 13.34.180 (1), (2), (5), and (6) are established beyond a
- 21 reasonable doubt; or
- (((c) (3))) The allegation under RCW 13.34.180(7) is
- 23 established beyond a reasonable doubt. In determining whether RCW
- 24 13.34.180 (5) and (6) are established beyond a reasonable doubt, the
- 25 court shall consider one or more of the following:
- 26 (a) Conviction of the parent of rape of the child in the first,
- 27 second, or third degree as defined in RCW 9A.44.073, 9A.44.076, and
- 28 9A.44.079;

- 1 (b) Conviction of the parent of criminal mistreatment of the child
- 2 in the first or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.42.020 or 9A.42.030;
- 3 (c) Conviction of the parent of assault of the child in the first
- 4 or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.011 and 9A.36.021;
- 5 (d) Conviction of the parent of murder, manslaughter, or homicide
- 6 by abuse of the child's other parent, sibling, or another child;
- 7 (e) A finding by a court that a parent is a sexually violent
- 8 predator as defined in RCW ((9A.88.010)) 71.09.020;
- 9 (f) ((Failure of the parent to complete available treatment ordered
- 10 under this chapter or the equivalent laws of another state, where such
- 11 failure has resulted in a prior termination of parental rights to
- 12 another child and the parent has failed to effect significant change in
- 13 the interim)) Prior termination of parental rights to another child and
- 14 <u>failure of the parent to effect significant change in the interim;</u>
- 15 (q) Use of intoxicating liquors or controlled substances so as to
- 16 render the parent incapable of providing proper care for the child for
- 17 <u>extended periods of time and documented unwillingness of the parent to</u>
- 18 receive and complete treatment or documented multiple failed treatment
- 19 <u>attempts;</u>
- 20 (h) Psychological incapacity or mental deficiency of the parent
- 21 that is so severe and chronic as to render the parent incapable of
- 22 providing proper care for the child for extended periods of time, and
- 23 there are no reasonably available services that are capable of
- 24 correcting the parental deficiencies in the near future;
- 25 (i) Failure of the parent to participate regularly in any court-
- 26 <u>ordered treatment programs; or</u>
- 27 (j) Failure of the parent to maintain regular visitation or other
- 28 contact with the child contained in a plan designed to reunite the
- 29 <u>child with the parent;</u> and

- 1 (((3) [(4)])) (4) Such an order is in the best interests of the 2 child.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW
- 4 to read as follows:
- 5 Foster parents have the right to notice of the dispositional
- 6 hearing concerning the child in their foster family home and subsequent
- 7 dependency hearings for that child. Foster parents also have the right
- 8 to attend the dependency hearings and present testimony. The
- 9 department shall give reasonable notice to the foster parents of the
- 10 dispositional hearing date and subsequent dependency hearing dates.
- 11 After a child has been in the home of a foster parent for six months,
- 12 the foster parent may file a document with the court indicating the
- 13 foster parent's desire to adopt the child and the document shall become
- 14 part of the court record.