2 SHB 2262 - H AMD 0084 ADOPTED 2-17-92

3 By Representative Appelwick

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- 5 On page 5, beginning on line 24, strike all of sections 4 and 5 and
- 6 insert the following:
- 7 "Sec. 4. RCW 71.09.030 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 12 s 3 are each
- 8 amended to read as follows:
- 9 When it appears that: (1) The ((sentence)) term of total
- 10 confinement of a person who has been convicted of a sexually violent
- 11 offense is about to expire, or has expired on, before, or after July 1,
- 12 1990; (2) the term of total confinement of a person found to have
- 13 committed a sexually violent offense as a juvenile is about to expire,
- 14 or has expired on, before, or after July 1, 1990; (3) a person who has
- 15 been charged with a sexually violent offense and who has been
- 16 determined to be incompetent to stand trial is about to be released, or
- 17 has been released on, before, or after July 1, 1990, pursuant to RCW
- 18 10.77.090(3); or (4) a person who has been found not guilty by reason
- 19 of insanity of a sexually violent offense is about to be released, or
- 20 has been released on, before, or after July 1, 1990, pursuant to RCW
- 21 10.77.020(3); and it appears that the person may be a sexually violent
- 22 predator, the prosecuting attorney of the county where the person was
- 23 convicted or charged or the attorney general if requested by the
- 24 prosecuting attorney may file a petition alleging that the person is a
- 25 "sexually violent predator" and stating sufficient facts to support
- 26 such allegation."

- 1 "Sec. 5. RCW 9.94A.120 and 1991 c 221 s 2, 1991 c 181 s 3, and
- 2 1991 c 104 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 3 When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose
- 4 punishment as provided in this section.
- 5 (1) Except as authorized in subsections (2), (5), and (7) of this
- 6 section, the court shall impose a sentence within the sentence range
- 7 for the offense.
- 8 (2) The court may impose a sentence outside the standard sentence
- 9 range for that offense if it finds, considering the purpose of this
- 10 chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying
- 11 an exceptional sentence.
- 12 (3) Whenever a sentence outside the standard range is imposed, the
- 13 court shall set forth the reasons for its decision in written findings
- 14 of fact and conclusions of law. A sentence outside the standard range
- 15 shall be a determinate sentence.
- 16 (4) An offender convicted of the crime of murder in the first
- 17 degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than
- 18 twenty years. An offender convicted of the crime of assault in the
- 19 first degree where the offender used force or means likely to result in
- 20 death or intended to kill the victim shall be sentenced to a term of
- 21 total confinement not less than five years. An offender convicted of
- 22 the crime of rape in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of
- 23 total confinement not less than five years, and shall not be eligible
- 24 for furlough, work release or other authorized leave of absence from
- 25 the correctional facility during such minimum five-year term except for
- 26 the purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility. The
- 27 foregoing minimum terms of total confinement are mandatory and shall
- 28 not be varied or modified as provided in subsection (2) of this
- 29 section.

- 1 (5) In sentencing a first-time offender the court may waive the
- 2 imposition of a sentence within the sentence range and impose a
- 3 sentence which may include up to ninety days of confinement in a
- 4 facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a
- 5 requirement that the offender refrain from committing new offenses.
- 6 The sentence may also include up to two years of community supervision,
- 7 which, in addition to crime-related prohibitions, may include
- 8 requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the
- 9 following:
- 10 (a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- 11 (b) Undergo available outpatient treatment for up to two years, or
- 12 inpatient treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for
- 13 that offense;
- 14 (c) Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocational
- 15 training;
- 16 (d) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the
- 17 court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the
- 18 offender's address or employment;
- 19 (e) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections
- 20 officer; or
- 21 (f) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided
- 22 in RCW 9.94A.030 and/or perform community service work.
- 23 (6) If a sentence range has not been established for the
- 24 defendant's crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which
- 25 may include not more than one year of confinement, community service
- 26 work, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year, and/or
- 27 other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence
- 28 which provides more than one year of confinement if the court finds,
- 29 considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and
- 30 compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.

- 1 (7)(a)(i) When an offender is convicted of a sex offense other than
- 2 a violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious
- 3 violent offense and has no prior convictions for a sex offense or any
- 4 other felony sex offenses in this or any other state, the sentencing
- 5 court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the defendant,
- 6 may order an examination to determine whether the defendant is amenable
- 7 to treatment.
- 8 The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the
- 9 following: The defendant's version of the facts and the official
- 10 version of the facts, the defendant's offense history, an assessment of
- 11 problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the offender's
- 12 social and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used.
- 13 The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information.
- 14 The examiner shall assess and report regarding the defendant's
- 15 amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A
- 16 proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a
- 17 minimum:
- 18 (A) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;
- 19 (B) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and
- 20 description of planned treatment modalities;
- 21 (C) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living
- 22 conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members
- 23 and others;
- 24 (D) Anticipated length of treatment; and
- 25 (E) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.
- The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state
- 27 shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability
- 28 to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the
- 29 motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination

- $1\,$ ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which
- 2 case the state shall pay the cost.
- 3 (ii) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider whether
- 4 the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special
- 5 sexual offender sentencing alternative and consider the victim's
- 6 opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition
- 7 under this subsection. If the court determines that this special sex
- 8 offender sentencing alternative is appropriate, the court shall then
- 9 impose a sentence within the sentence range. If this sentence is less
- 10 than eight years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution of
- 11 the sentence and impose the following conditions of suspension:
- 12 (A) The court shall place the defendant on community supervision
- 13 for the length of the suspended sentence or three years, whichever is
- 14 greater; and
- 15 (B) The court shall order treatment for any period up to three
- 16 years in duration. The court in its discretion shall order outpatient
- 17 sex offender treatment or inpatient sex offender treatment, if
- 18 available. A community mental health center may not be used for such
- 19 treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex
- 20 offender treatment. The offender shall not change sex offender
- 21 treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the
- 22 prosecutor, the community corrections officer, and the court, and shall
- 23 not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the
- 24 prosecutor or community corrections officer object to the change. In
- 25 addition, as conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose
- 26 other sentence conditions including up to six months of confinement,
- 27 not to exceed the sentence range of confinement for that offense,
- 28 crime-related prohibitions, and requirements that the offender perform
- 29 any one or more of the following:
- 30 (I) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

- 1 (II) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify
- 2 the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in
- 3 the offender's address or employment;
- 4 (III) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections
- 5 officer;
- 6 (IV) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided
- 7 in RCW 9.94A.030, perform community service work, or any combination
- 8 thereof; or
- 9 (V) Make recoupment to the victim for the cost of any counseling
- 10 required as a result of the offender's crime.
- 11 (iii) The sex offender therapist shall submit quarterly reports on
- 12 the defendant's progress in treatment to the court and the parties.
- 13 The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum
- 14 the following: Dates of attendance, defendant's compliance with
- 15 requirements, treatment activities, the defendant's relative progress
- 16 in treatment, and any other material as specified by the court at
- 17 sentencing.
- 18 (iv) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment
- 19 termination hearing for three months prior to the anticipated date for
- 20 completion of treatment. Prior to the treatment termination hearing,
- 21 the treatment professional and community corrections officer shall
- 22 submit written reports to the court and parties regarding the
- 23 defendant's compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements, and
- 24 recommendations regarding termination from treatment, including
- 25 proposed community supervision conditions. Either party may request
- 26 and the court may order another evaluation regarding the advisability
- 27 of termination from treatment. The defendant shall pay the cost of any
- 28 additional evaluation ordered unless the court finds the defendant to
- 29 be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost. At the
- 30 treatment termination hearing the court may: (A) Modify conditions of

- 1 community supervision, and either (B) terminate treatment, or (C)
- 2 extend treatment for up to the remaining period of community
- 3 supervision.
- 4 (v) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time during
- 5 the period of community supervision and order execution of the sentence
- 6 if: (A) The defendant violates the conditions of the suspended
- 7 sentence, or (B) the court finds that the defendant is failing to make
- 8 satisfactory progress in treatment. All confinement time served during
- 9 the period of community supervision shall be credited to the offender
- 10 if the suspended sentence is revoked.
- 11 (vi) Except as provided in (a)(vii) of this subsection, after July
- 12 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection
- 13 shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified
- 14 by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW.
- 15 <u>(vii) A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a sex</u>
- 16 offender pursuant to this subsection (7) does not have to be certified
- 17 by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court
- 18 finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or
- 19 plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the
- 20 <u>certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available</u>
- 21 for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the
- 22 offender's home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with
- 23 this subsection (7) and the rules adopted by the department of health.
- 24 For purposes of this subsection, "victim" means any person who has
- 25 sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to
- 26 person or property as a result of the crime charged. "Victim" also
- 27 means a parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the
- 28 parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.
- 29 (b) When an offender is convicted of any felony sex offense
- 30 committed before July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of

- 1 confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the
- 2 sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the
- 3 offender or the state, order the offender committed for up to thirty
- 4 days to the custody of the secretary of social and health services for
- 5 evaluation and report to the court on the offender's amenability to
- 6 treatment at these facilities. If the secretary of social and health
- 7 services cannot begin the evaluation within thirty days of the court's
- 8 order of commitment, the offender shall be transferred to the state for
- 9 confinement pending an opportunity to be evaluated at the appropriate
- 10 facility. The court shall review the reports and may order that the
- 11 term of confinement imposed be served in the sexual offender treatment
- 12 program at the location determined by the secretary of social and
- 13 health services or the secretary's designee, only if the report
- 14 indicates that the offender is amenable to the treatment program
- 15 provided at these facilities. The offender shall be transferred to the
- 16 state pending placement in the treatment program. Any offender who has
- 17 escaped from the treatment program shall be referred back to the
- 18 sentencing court.
- 19 If the offender does not comply with the conditions of the
- 20 treatment program, the secretary of social and health services may
- 21 refer the matter to the sentencing court. The sentencing court shall
- 22 commit the offender to the department of corrections to serve the
- 23 balance of the term of confinement.
- 24 If the offender successfully completes the treatment program before
- 25 the expiration of the term of confinement, the court may convert the
- 26 balance of confinement to community supervision and may place
- 27 conditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions and
- 28 requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the
- 29 following:
- 30 (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

- 1 (ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify
- 2 the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in
- 3 the offender's address or employment;
- 4 (iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections
- 5 officer;
- 6 (iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.
- 7 If the offender violates any of the terms of community supervision,
- 8 the court may order the offender to serve out the balance of the
- 9 community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the
- 10 department of corrections.
- 11 After June 30, 1993, this subsection (b) shall cease to have
- 12 effect.
- 13 (c) When an offender commits any felony sex offense on or after
- 14 July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of confinement of more than
- 15 one year but less than six years, the sentencing court may, on its own
- 16 motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, request the
- 17 department of corrections to evaluate whether the offender is amenable
- 18 to treatment and the department may place the offender in a treatment
- 19 program within a correctional facility operated by the department.
- 20 Except for an offender who has been convicted of a violation of RCW
- 21 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050, if the offender completes the treatment program
- 22 before the expiration of his term of confinement, the department of
- 23 corrections may request the court to convert the balance of confinement
- 24 to community supervision and to place conditions on the offender
- 25 including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the offender
- 26 perform any one or more of the following:
- (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- 28 (ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify
- 29 the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in
- 30 the offender's address or employment;

- 1 (iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections
- 2 officer;
- 3 (iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.
- 4 If the offender violates any of the terms of his community
- 5 supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance
- 6 of his community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the
- 7 department of corrections.
- 8 Nothing in (c) of this subsection shall confer eligibility for such
- 9 programs for offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense
- 10 committed prior to July 1, 1987. This subsection (c) does not apply to
- 11 any crime committed after July 1, 1990.
- 12 (d) Offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed
- 13 prior to July 1, 1987, may, subject to available funds, request an
- 14 evaluation by the department of corrections to determine whether they
- 15 are amenable to treatment. If the offender is determined to be
- 16 amenable to treatment, the offender may request placement in a
- 17 treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the
- 18 department. Placement in such treatment program is subject to
- 19 available funds.
- 20 (8)(a) When a court sentences a person to a term of total
- 21 confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an
- 22 offense categorized as a sex offense or a serious violent offense
- 23 committed after July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990, assault in the
- 24 second degree, any crime against a person where it is determined in
- 25 accordance with RCW 9.94A.125 that the defendant or an accomplice was
- 26 armed with a deadly weapon at the time of commission, or any felony
- 27 offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, committed on or after July 1,
- 28 1988, the court shall in addition to the other terms of the sentence,
- 29 sentence the offender to a one-year term of community placement
- 30 beginning either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such

- 1 time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of
- 2 earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2).
- 3 When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the
- 4 statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement
- 5 portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of such community
- 6 custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with
- 7 RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually
- 8 served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the
- 9 sentence.
- 10 (b) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement
- 11 to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense
- 12 categorized as a sex offense or serious violent offense committed on or
- 13 after July 1, 1990, the court shall in addition to other terms of the
- 14 sentence, sentence the offender to community placement for two years or
- 15 up to the period of earned early release awarded pursuant to RCW
- 16 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community placement
- 17 shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at
- 18 such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu
- 19 of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2).
- 20 When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the
- 21 statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement
- 22 portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of the community custody
- 23 to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW
- 24 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served
- 25 shall be credited against the community placement portion of the
- 26 sentence. Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of
- 27 community placement for offenders sentenced pursuant to this section
- 28 shall include the following conditions:
- 29 (i) The offender shall report to and be available for contact with
- 30 the assigned community corrections officer as directed;

- 1 (ii) The offender shall work at department of corrections-approved
- 2 education, employment, and/or community service;
- 3 (iii) The offender shall not consume controlled substances except
- 4 pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;
- 5 (iv) An offender in community custody shall not unlawfully possess
- 6 controlled substances; and
- 7 (v) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by the
- 8 department of corrections.
- 9 (c) The court may also order any of the following special
- 10 conditions:
- 11 (i) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specified
- 12 geographical boundary;
- 13 (ii) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact with
- 14 the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;
- 15 (iii) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or
- 16 counseling services;
- 17 (iv) The offender shall not consume alcohol;
- 18 (v) The residence location and living arrangements of a sex
- 19 offender shall be subject to the prior approval of the department of
- 20 corrections; or
- 21 (vi) The offender shall comply with any crime-related prohibitions.
- 22 (d) Prior to transfer to, or during, community placement, any
- 23 conditions of community placement may be removed or modified so as not
- 24 to be more restrictive by the sentencing court, upon recommendation of
- 25 the department of corrections.
- 26 (9) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of thirty
- 27 days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the
- 28 sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence
- 29 requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on

- 1 consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered
- 2 intermittent sentences as space permits.
- 3 (10) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal financial
- 4 obligation, the sentence shall specify the total amount of the legal
- 5 financial obligation owed, and shall require the offender to pay a
- 6 specified monthly sum toward that legal financial obligation.
- 7 Restitution to victims shall be paid prior to any other payments of
- 8 monetary obligations. Any legal financial obligation that is imposed
- 9 by the court may be collected by the department, which shall deliver
- 10 the amount paid to the county clerk for credit. The offender's
- 11 compliance with payment of legal financial obligations shall be
- 12 supervised by the department. All monetary payments ordered shall be
- 13 paid no later than ten years after the last date of release from
- 14 confinement pursuant to a felony conviction or the date the sentence
- 15 was entered. Independent of the department, the party or entity to
- 16 whom the legal financial obligation is owed shall have the authority to
- 17 utilize any other remedies available to the party or entity to collect
- 18 the legal financial obligation. Nothing in this section makes the
- 19 department, the state, or any of its employees, agents, or other
- 20 persons acting on their behalf liable under any circumstances for the
- 21 payment of these legal financial obligations. If an order includes
- 22 restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall
- 23 make disbursements to victims named in the order.
- 24 (11) Except as provided under RCW 9.94A.140(1) and 9.94A.142(1), a
- 25 court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or
- 26 community supervision or community placement which exceeds the
- 27 statutory maximum for the crime as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- 28 (12) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community
- 29 supervision, community service, community placement, or legal financial
- 30 obligation shall be under the supervision of the secretary of the

- 1 department of corrections or such person as the secretary may designate
- 2 and shall follow explicitly the instructions of the secretary including
- 3 reporting as directed to a community corrections officer, remaining
- 4 within prescribed geographical boundaries, notifying the community
- 5 corrections officer of any change in the offender's address or
- 6 employment, and paying the supervision fee assessment.
- 7 (13) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community
- 8 supervision, community service, or community placement under the
- 9 supervision of the department of corrections shall not own, use, or
- 10 possess firearms or ammunition. Offenders who own, use, or are found
- 11 to be in actual or constructive possession of firearms or ammunition
- 12 shall be subject to the appropriate violation process and sanctions.
- 13 "Constructive possession" as used in this subsection means the power
- 14 and intent to control the firearm or ammunition. "Firearm" as used in
- 15 this subsection means a weapon or device from which a projectile may be
- 16 fired by an explosive such as gunpowder.
- 17 (14) The sentencing court shall give the offender credit for all
- 18 confinement time served before the sentencing if that confinement was
- 19 solely in regard to the offense for which the offender is being
- 20 sentenced.
- 21 (15) A departure from the standards in RCW 9.94A.400 (1) and (2)
- 22 governing whether sentences are to be served consecutively or
- 23 concurrently is an exceptional sentence subject to the limitations in
- 24 subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and may be appealed by the
- 25 defendant or the state as set forth in RCW 9.94A.210 (2) through (6).
- 26 (16) The court shall order restitution whenever the offender is
- 27 convicted of a felony that results in injury to any person or damage to
- 28 or loss of property, whether the offender is sentenced to confinement
- 29 or placed under community supervision, unless extraordinary
- 30 circumstances exist that make restitution inappropriate in the court's

- 1 judgment. The court shall set forth the extraordinary circumstances in
- 2 the record if it does not order restitution.
- 3 (17) As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and enforce an
- 4 order that relates directly to the circumstances of the crime for which
- 5 the offender has been convicted, prohibiting the offender from having
- 6 any contact with other specified individuals or a specific class of
- 7 individuals for a period not to exceed the maximum allowable sentence
- 8 for the crime, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of
- 9 community supervision or community placement.
- 10 (18) In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may require
- 11 the defendant to serve the partial confinement in work release, in a
- 12 program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program of
- 13 work crew and home detention.
- 14 (19) All court-ordered legal financial obligations collected by the
- 15 department and remitted to the county clerk shall be credited and paid
- 16 where restitution is ordered. Restitution shall be paid prior to any
- 17 other payments of monetary obligations."
- 18 "Sec. 6. RCW 13.40.160 and 1990 c 3 s 302 are each amended to read
- 19 as follows:
- 20 (1) When the respondent is found to be a serious offender, the
- 21 court shall commit the offender to the department for the standard
- 22 range of disposition for the offense, as indicated in option A of
- 23 schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsection (5) of
- 24 this section.
- 25 If the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusion, that
- 26 disposition within the standard range would effectuate a manifest
- 27 injustice the court shall impose a disposition outside the standard
- 28 range, as indicated in option B of schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357. The

- 1 court's finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and 2 convincing evidence.
- A disposition outside the standard range shall be determinate and 3 shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision, or a 4 combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and 5 6 imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of 7 RCW 13.40.030(2), as now or hereafter amended, shall be used to 8 9 determine the range. A disposition outside the standard range is 10 appealable under RCW 13.40.230, as now or hereafter amended, by the state or the respondent. A disposition within the standard range is 11 not appealable under RCW 13.40.230 as now or hereafter amended. 12
- 13 (2) Where the respondent is found to be a minor or first offender, 14 the court shall order that the respondent serve a term of community 15 supervision as indicated in option A or option B of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsection (5) of this section. If 16 17 the court determines that a disposition of community supervision would 18 effectuate a manifest injustice the court may impose another 19 disposition under option C of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357. Except as 20 provided in subsection (5) of this section, a disposition other than a community supervision may be imposed only after the court enters 21 reasons upon which it bases its conclusions that imposition of 22 community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice. 23 24 judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a 25 maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2), as now or 26 hereafter amended, shall be used to determine the range. 27 The court's 28 finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and 29 convincing evidence.

- 1 Except for disposition of community supervision or a disposition
- 2 imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section, a disposition may
- 3 be appealed as provided in RCW 13.40.230, as now or hereafter amended,
- 4 by the state or the respondent. A disposition of community supervision
- 5 or a disposition imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section may
- 6 not be appealed under RCW 13.40.230 as now or hereafter amended.
- 7 (3) Where a respondent is found to have committed an offense for
- 8 which the respondent declined to enter into a diversion agreement, the
- 9 court shall impose a term of community supervision limited to the
- 10 conditions allowed in a diversion agreement as provided in RCW
- 11 13.40.080(2) as now or hereafter amended.
- 12 (4) If a respondent is found to be a middle offender:
- 13 (a) The court shall impose a determinate disposition within the
- 14 standard range(s) for such offense, as indicated in option A of
- 15 schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsection (5) of
- 16 this section: PROVIDED, That if the standard range includes a term of
- 17 confinement exceeding thirty days, commitment shall be to the
- 18 department for the standard range of confinement; or
- 19 (b) The court shall impose a determinate disposition of community
- 20 supervision and/or up to thirty days confinement, as indicated in
- 21 option B of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 in which case, if confinement
- 22 has been imposed, the court shall state either aggravating or
- 23 mitigating factors as set forth in RCW 13.40.150 as now or hereafter
- 24 amended.
- 25 (c) Only if the court concludes, and enters reasons for its
- 26 conclusions, that disposition as provided in subsection (4) (a) or (b)
- 27 of this section would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall
- 28 sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW
- 29 13.40.030(2), as now or hereafter amended, shall be used to determine

- 1 the range. The court's finding of manifest injustice shall be
- 2 supported by clear and convincing evidence.
- 3 (d) A disposition pursuant to subsection (4)(c) of this section is
- 4 appealable under RCW 13.40.230, as now or hereafter amended, by the
- 5 state or the respondent. A disposition pursuant to subsection (4) (a)
- 6 or (b) of this section is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230 as now or
- 7 hereafter amended.
- 8 (5) When a serious, middle, or minor first offender is found to
- 9 have committed a sex offense, other than a sex offense that is also a
- 10 serious violent offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, and has no history
- 11 of a prior sex offense, the court, on its own motion or the motion of
- 12 the state or the respondent, may order an examination to determine
- 13 whether the respondent is amenable to treatment.
- 14 The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the
- 15 following: The respondent's version of the facts and the official
- 16 version of the facts, the respondent's offense history, an assessment
- 17 of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the respondent's
- 18 social, educational, and employment situation, and other evaluation
- 19 measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the
- 20 evaluator's information.
- 21 The examiner shall assess and report regarding the respondent's
- 22 amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A
- 23 proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a
- 24 minimum:
- 25 (a)(i) Frequency and type of contact between the offender and
- 26 therapist;
- 27 (ii) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and
- 28 description of planned treatment modalities;

- 1 (iii) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living
- 2 conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members,
- 3 legal guardians, or others;
- 4 (iv) Anticipated length of treatment; and
- 5 (v) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.
- 6 The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state
- 7 shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability
- 8 to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the
- 9 motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination
- 10 ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which
- 11 case the state shall pay the cost.
- 12 After receipt of reports of the examination, the court shall then
- 13 consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use
- 14 of this special sex offender disposition alternative and consider the
- 15 victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment
- 16 disposition under this section. If the court determines that this
- 17 special sex offender disposition alternative is appropriate, then the
- 18 court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range
- 19 for the offense, and the court may suspend the execution of the
- 20 disposition and place the offender on community supervision for up to
- 21 two years. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court may
- 22 impose the conditions of community supervision and other conditions,
- 23 including up to thirty days of confinement and requirements that the
- 24 offender do any one or more of the following:
- 25 (b)(i) Devote time to a specific education, employment, or
- 26 occupation;
- 27 (ii) Undergo available outpatient sex offender treatment for up to
- 28 two years, or inpatient sex offender treatment not to exceed the
- 29 standard range of confinement for that offense. A community mental
- 30 health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an

- 1 appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The
- 2 respondent shall not change sex offender treatment providers or
- 3 treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the
- 4 probation counselor, and the court, and shall not change providers
- 5 without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or probation
- 6 counselor object to the change;
- 7 (iii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify
- 8 the court or the probation counselor prior to any change in the
- 9 offender's address, educational program, or employment;
- 10 (iv) Report to the prosecutor and the probation counselor prior to
- 11 any change in a sex offender treatment provider. This change shall
- 12 have prior approval by the court;
- 13 (v) Report as directed to the court and a probation counselor;
- 14 (vi) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations, perform
- 15 community service, or any combination thereof; or
- 16 (vii) Make restitution to the victim for the cost of any counseling
- 17 reasonably related to the offense.
- 18 The sex offender treatment provider shall submit quarterly reports
- 19 on the respondent's progress in treatment to the court and the parties.
- 20 The reports shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum
- 21 the following: Dates of attendance, respondent's compliance with
- 22 requirements, treatment activities, the respondent's relative progress
- 23 in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at the time
- 24 of the disposition.
- 25 At the time of the disposition, the court may set treatment review
- 26 hearings as the court considers appropriate.
- 27 <u>Except as provided in this subsection (5), after July 1, 1991,</u>
- 28 examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall
- 29 only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the
- 30 department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW. A sex offender

- 1 therapist who examines or treats a juvenile sex offender pursuant to
- 2 this subsection does not have to be certified by the department of
- 3 health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The
- 4 <u>offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another</u>
- 5 state for reasons other than circumventing the certification
- 6 requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment
- 7 within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender's home; and
- 8 (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (5)
- 9 and the rules adopted by the department of health.
- 10 If the offender violates any condition of the disposition or the
- 11 court finds that the respondent is failing to make satisfactory
- 12 progress in treatment, the court may revoke the suspension and order
- 13 execution of the sentence. The court shall give credit for any
- 14 confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the
- 15 offense for which the suspension is being revoked.
- 16 For purposes of this section, "victim" means any person who has
- 17 sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to
- 18 person or property as a direct result of the crime charged. "Victim"
- 19 may also include a known parent or quardian of a victim who is a minor
- 20 child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.
- 21 (6) Whenever a juvenile offender is entitled to credit for time
- 22 spent in detention prior to a dispositional order, the dispositional
- 23 order shall specifically state the number of days of credit for time
- 24 served.
- 25 (7) Except as provided for in subsection (5) of this section, the
- 26 court shall not suspend or defer the imposition or the execution of the
- 27 disposition.
- 28 (8) In no case shall the term of confinement imposed by the court
- 29 at disposition exceed that to which an adult could be subjected for the
- 30 same offense."

- 1 "Sec. 7. RCW 71.09.090 and 1990 c 3 s 1009 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- (1) If the secretary of the department of social and health 3 4 services determines that the person's mental abnormality or personality disorder has so changed that the person is not likely to ((commit)) 5 6 engage in predatory acts of sexual violence if released, the secretary shall authorize the person to petition the court for release. 7 petition shall be served upon the court and the prosecuting attorney. 8 9 The court, upon receipt of the petition for release, shall within forty-five days order a hearing. The prosecuting attorney or the 10 attorney general, if requested by the county, shall represent the 11 state, and shall have the right to have the petitioner examined by an 12 expert or professional person of his or her choice. The hearing shall 13 14 be before a jury if demanded by either the petitioner or the prosecuting attorney or attorney general. The burden of proof shall be 15 16 upon the prosecuting attorney or attorney general to show beyond a 17 reasonable doubt that the petitioner's mental abnormality or personality disorder remains such that the petitioner is not safe to be 18 19 at large and that if discharged is likely to ((commit)) engage in
- (2) Nothing contained in this chapter shall prohibit the person 21 from otherwise petitioning the court for discharge without the 22 secretary's approval. The secretary shall provide the committed person 23 24 with an annual written notice of the person's right to petition the 25 court for release over the secretary's objection. The notice shall contain a waiver of rights. The secretary shall forward the notice and 26 27 waiver form to the court with the annual report. If the person does not affirmatively waive the right to petition, the court shall set a 28 29 show cause hearing to determine whether facts exist that warrant a hearing on whether the person's condition has so changed that he or she 30

predatory acts of sexual violence.

20

is safe to be at large. The committed person shall have a right to 1 have an attorney represent him or her at the show cause hearing but the 2 3 person is not entitled to be present at the show cause hearing. If the 4 court at the show cause hearing determines that probable cause exists 5 to believe that the person's mental abnormality or personality disorder 6 has so changed that the person is safe to be at large and ((will)) is not <u>likely to</u> engage in <u>predatory</u> acts of sexual violence if 7 discharged, then the court shall set a hearing on the issue. At the 8 9 hearing, the committed person shall be entitled to be present and to 10 the benefit of all constitutional protections that were afforded to the person at the initial commitment proceeding. The prosecuting attorney 11 12 or the attorney general if requested by the county shall represent the state and shall have a right to a jury trial and to have the committed 13 14 person evaluated by experts chosen by the state. The committed person shall also have the right to have experts evaluate him or her on his or 15 16 her behalf and the court shall appoint an expert if the person is 17 indigent and requests an appointment. The burden of proof at the hearing shall be upon the state to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that 18 19 the committed person's mental abnormality or personality disorder 20 remains such that the person is not safe to be at large and if released ((will)) is likely to engage in predatory acts of sexual violence." 21

- "NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."
- 26 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. This act is necessary for the immediate 27 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the

- 1 state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take
- 2 effect immediately."
- 3 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. This act applies to sex offenses
- 4 committed on, before, or after the effective date of this act."
- 5 **SHB 2262** H AMD
- 6 By Representative Appelwick

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- 8 On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "9.94A.155," strike the
- 9 remainder of the title and insert "71.09.030, 13.40.160, and 71.09.090;
- 10 reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.120; adding a new section to chapter
- 11 71.09 RCW; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency."