

# HOUSE BILL REPORT

## SSB 6701

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### As Reported By House Committee On:

Law & Justice

**Title:** An act relating to actions for injuries resulting from health care.

**Brief Description:** Clarifying statute of limitations on actions for professional negligence against health care providers.

**Sponsors:** Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Fairley, Long, Kline and Thibaudeau).

### Brief History:

#### Committee Activity:

Law & Justice: 2/20/98, 2/26/98 [DP].

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### HOUSE COMMITTEE ON LAW & JUSTICE

**Majority Report:** Do pass. Signed by 10 members: Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Cody; Lambert; Lantz; Mulliken; Robertson and Sherstad.

**Minority Report:** Do not pass. Signed by 3 members: Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Kenney.

**Staff:** Bill Perry (786-7123).

**Background:** The statute of limitations for bringing most health care-related lawsuits has three time periods. Generally, an action must be brought within the later of *three* years after the act that caused the harm, or *one* year after discovering the cause of the harm, but never more than *eight* years after the act. This eight-year period is referred to as the period of "repose." However, the statute is "tolled" (*i.e.*, the period of limitation does not run) while the claimant is a minor, is incompetent, or is imprisoned before sentencing on a criminal charge. These tolling provisions apply to most kinds of civil lawsuits.

The statute of limitations applicable to health care also contains a provision that tolls the running of the statute "upon proof of fraud, intentional concealment, or the presence of a foreign body not intended to have a therapeutic or diagnostic purpose or effect." This tolling period is open-ended.

**Summary of Bill:** The statute of limitations is tolled for one year from when a patient has actual knowledge of fraud, concealment, or presence of a foreign object.

This change in the statute of limitations applies only to cases filed after the effective date of the act.

**Appropriation:** None.

**Fiscal Note:** Not requested.

**Effective Date:** Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.

**Testimony For:** None.

**Testimony Against:** None.

**Testified:** None.